

Local showers; slightly cooler to night. Wednesday local showers; cooler during the evening and night; light variable winds becoming westerly.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 7 1908

PRICE ONE CENT

HIGHLAND SCHOOL CONVENTION HALL

The Work Goes on But Payment Can Accommodate 12,000 Persons if Necessary

Hearing Held in Boston Today — Harry A. Brown Chosen Master to Hear the Case

Albert S. Howard, representing contractors Dennis Connors, William H. Fuller and fourteen others, appeared before Judge Richardson in the equity session of the superior court at the court house in Pemberton square, in Boston, this forenoon and made application for a temporary injunction restraining the city from paying money to Contractor James H. Walker, who is engaged in building the foundation of the new Highland school, pending a hearing on the merits of the case.

James H. Walker appeared for Mr. Walker and City Solicitor Hill for the city.

The bill alleges in brief that the contract is an illegal one, that the inspector of buildings, Walter W. Smith, had no authority to make the contract, that there was collusion between the contractor and inspector of buildings and that certain modifications have been made that are detrimental to the city and not in accordance with the contract.

Mr. Howard announced that the counsel for plaintiff and defendant had been in conversation and had agreed upon a master to hear the case on its merits, Harry A. Brown of Lowell being the master agreed upon.

Lawyer Kerwin, representing Mr. Walker, did not want the work stopped on the foundation as that would be obviously unfair to his client. He wanted the restraining order to apply only to the payment of money, the amount involved being \$500.

Mr. Kerwin said that his client was willing to furnish a bond if necessary that would be satisfactory to the city.

City Solicitor Hill stated that the contract in question was the first of a series of contracts on the new school house and that the foundation work all other work upon the building would necessarily depend upon it. He emphasized the fact that it was of great importance to the city that the work on the foundation should be completed. He said that if the order restraining work be issued the city would be seriously handicapped.

"I have instructed the city treasurer," said Mr. Hill, "not to pay any money on the contract until he hears from me. If the restraining order is to be granted a speedy hearing should be given."

Mr. Hill stated that the petition was brought by two disappointed bidders, Messrs. Fuller and Connors, whose names were first on the list.

"There is nothing to it," said Mr. Hill. After having stated the case in brief Messrs. Kerwin, Howard and Hill went in for conference and at 11:30 o'clock a hearing was held in November. This was agreeable to the court and the case will be heard in the court in November.

But for the fact that the city solicitor had filed a stipulation in the case that no money should be paid Contractor Walker it was stated that Judge Richardson would have granted a temporary injunction.

POLICE COURT

Many Offenders Were Before Judge Hadley Today

Michael Finnegan, who is better known to the public as "Mike Finnegan," occupied a seat in the dock in police court this morning just because he failed to carry out a promise which he made to Judge Hadley a week ago yesterday.

It will be remembered that the week before last "Mike" was arrested by Patrolman Palmer and in court was charged with the larceny of 300 pinks. Despite the fact that Mike denied that he stole the flowers, the court found him guilty and a fine of \$10 was imposed. He said if he was given a week to pay the money he would appreciate the kindness and Judge Hadley after a conference with Lawyer Hennessy agreed to give Finnegan time to pay it.

Finnegan was scheduled to appear in police court yesterday morning with the ten spot, but when his name was called he was among the missing and the court ordered the clerk to issue a capias and as a result Finnegan slept in a cell last night.

In court this morning the original fine of \$10 was imposed.

Mike, who has appeared before the court on numerous occasions, is noted for his oratory and his manner of explaining things, and generally has a great deal to say. After the sentence was passed Mike arose and said: "I would like to speak a few words, Your Honor." But the court decided that Mike had spoken his little piece and he was hustled below.

MUST SERVE SENTENCE.

Fred L. McLaughlin was in court a short time ago and was given a suspended sentence of five months in the house of correction provided that he abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors and behave himself, and just because he did not carry out the order of the court he will have to go to the house of correction now to serve out his five months.

Last night Mrs. McLaughlin, wife of the prisoner, called Patrolman Rourke into the house, claiming that her husband was drunk and abusing her. The officer gave McLaughlin some good advice and told him to behave himself.

About half an hour later Mrs. McLaughlin called the officer again, stating that her husband was trying to kill her, so McLaughlin was placed under arrest.

In court this morning the suspension of his sentence was revoked and he was committed to the house of correction.

WAS FINED \$5.

Witchek Rish pleaded guilty to the larceny of a pocketbook and \$2.40, the property of Eva B. Olson. The Olson woman was down town yesterday and dropped her pocketbook on the sidewalk. Rish was directly behind her when she dropped the pocketbook and picked it up. She accused him of taking the money, but he denied it. Patrolman Ryan received a complaint from the woman and he placed Rish under arrest.

At the police station Rish denied he had the pocketbook, but a search of his clothing brought the missing pocketbook to light. Inasmuch as the man has a family dependent upon him, the court imposed a fine of \$5, but Rish was unable to pay it.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

Cornelius O'Hearn was in court yesterday morning on a charge of drunkenness and the case continued till this morning. He was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail.

INTEREST BEGINS JULY 1

Saving Dept. Traders Nat'l Bank

Hours—8:30 a. m. to 2 p. m. Saturdays 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

WITHDREW APPEAL.

John E. Bulmer, a 30th degree man, was sentenced to four months in jail yesterday and appealed. This morning he withdrew his appeal.

DENVER, July 7.—Practical test was applied to the great convention hall, which the people of Denver have erected especially for the democratic national committee. Let no one entertain the idea as did many of the delegates before their arrival here that the convention is to meet in a great barn-like temporary structure hastily flung together with frail and inflammable materials to serve somehow for one occasion; of doubtful acoustic properties and scant fitness for even a temporary purpose. The first impression of the stranger gets from a view of the building is that of permanency. Granite and steel, brick and concrete have been used without stint. The building of pale gray brick and granite occupies the block on the east side of Fourteenth street between Curtis and Champa streets on the western edge of the business section of the city and within easy walk of the hotels and railroads. It is a massive structure effective in design and with a beauty of its own. There is an entire absence of tawdry, "gingerbread" effects and the lines are simple and stately yet graceful and pleasing.

FINE ARRANGEMENTS.

Within the arrangement of the auditorium appears to be especially well planned to secure the utmost of capacity and the greatest convenience of the delegates and others with a view of seeing and hearing. The arrangement of the platform and seating differs from that of the Chicago Coliseum in that there the platform was at one end of the auditorium. Here it is at the side so that no auditor is more than half the length of the hall from the speaker. The reservation for the delegates and alternates is in the center, extending clear across the hall; the spaces for spectators are at the ends and in the ample gallery.

The arrangement of entrances and exits is more than ordinarily effective and it is said that in case of emergency the auditorium could be emptied and every person be on the street within two minutes. Fire apparatus is located within convenient points and fifteen streams of water are immediately available. As a matter of fact the building is practically fire proof, the floors are of concrete and the only material of an inflammable sort is the temporary platforms and stairways erected for this convention and the immense amount of bunting used in the elaborate decorations.

These decorations are more profuse than at Chicago, in a harmonious scheme of national flags and red, white and blue streamers. Masses of flags

are placed at appropriate points while the ceiling is covered with red, white and blue stars, each bearing the name of a state.

Over the rostrum is an immense portrait of Washington with Jefferson on one side and Jackson on the other, while in the middle of the opposite wall facing the speakers is another large portrait of the late ex-president, Grover Cleveland. The exact number of seats in the auditorium under present arrangements is 11,335, but in a pinch more than 12,000 people can be accommodated.

SEATS FOR GUESTS.

Upon the platform there are 445 seats reserved for members of the national committee and guests of honor. The number of seats on the rostrum is 101. Directly in front of the rostrum are six tables for noisless "telephone" instruments of the Associated Press and other press associations and the telephone and telephone companies and all these have additional space in the basement.

Desks and seats for newspaper correspondents and special writers are arranged in a half circle about the rostrum in such a manner as to give each writer an unobstructed view of speakers and within easy hearing distance. There are 303 seats in this section but arrangements are made to add from 75 to 100 more seats if necessary.

The exact number of delegates is 1,002, but in the section reserved for the delegates which is in front of the rostrum there are 1072 seats. This is accounted for by the fact that several states have selected twice their allotted number of delegates, giving each a half vote. The section for alternates has 1002 seats, no additions having been made by states that doubled their delegations.

To the right and left of the rostrum a flight of stairs leads down to the basement where telephone instruments and private telephone booths are located. Beneath the rostrum is a tunnel connecting the two divisions of the press section.

Admission to the auditorium can be had only by ticket. Seats for the public are not reserved but the seating space is divided into sections numbered consecutively and the holder of a ticket is entitled to occupy a vacant seat in the section numbered on the ticket.

In the location of the delegations Nebraska, the state of W. J. Bryan, is squarely in front of the rostrum with Indiana and Texas in front at the left and Alabama at the right. New York is right behind Nebraska and Illinois behind Indiana and Texas.

TOOK A TUMBLE CITY ENGINEER

Herb Webster, Jr. Blown Into Street By Explosion On Electric Car

Had Narrow Escape From Injury

Herb Webster, Jr., the well known millitiaman, had an exciting experience and a narrow escape from injury last evening while returning from Lakeview on a crowded car.

Herb was sitting on the front seat just behind the big controller box and was enjoying the breeze lightly until the car turned the corner of Bridge and Lakeview avenues when suddenly the fuse on the rear truck of the car burned out and a display of pyrotechnics followed in a instant later by some kind of an explosion in the controller box which momentarily enveloped the forward part of the car. Women screamed and started to jump but the conductor with fine presence of mind rushed to the front of the car and cried out: "Don't move, it's nothing but a fuse, and nobody moved but Herb."

When the smoke had cleared away Herb was found sprawling in the street having been literally blown out of the car by the force of the shock. Herb picked himself up and shook himself a couple of times and then declared that it didn't appear that he had broken anything. His clothing was covered with mud and some what torn while his Panama was a complete wreck.

DEATHS

CRITTENDEN—Preston H. Crittenden died yesterday morning at the Lowell hospital aged 12 years. 10 months and 16 days. He leaves to mourn his loss a father and mother, five brothers and four sisters. The body was sent to Nova Scotia for burial by Undertaker C. M. Young.

GAGE—Mrs. Daniel Gage, a resident of this city for over 50 years, died at her home Saturday night, about midnight, after an illness of six weeks. She is survived by one daughter, Miss Martina Gage.

DAVIS—William Davis, aged 28 years, 5 months, died last night at his home, 444 Stevens street. Deceased leaves a father and mother, one sister, Agnes Davis, and a brother, Alexander.

CROWD FOOLED

By Report of Fire at Lakeview

A small brush fire in the rear of the Lakeside Inn, formerly Metzer's hotel at Lakeview, last evening, caused an excited individual at the lake to telephone in that the hotel and skating rink were on fire. The news spread through the city like wildfire and the street railway company put on an extra electric to accommodate the crowd that wanted to see the blaze.

The Pawtucketville fire company heard the news and made all preparations to go out should the Dracut fire company demand its service. But it was only a midsummer night's dream and the crowd that went out consoling themselves with the knowledge of the fact that they had had a cool ride.

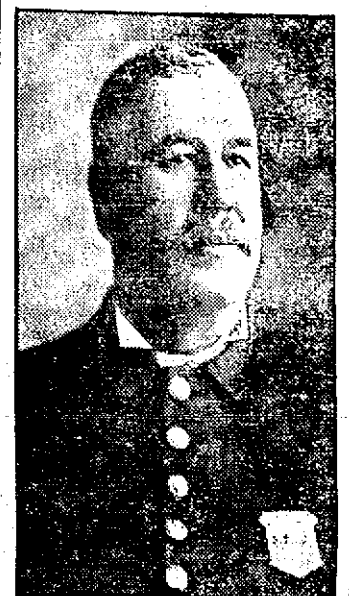
OFFICER SANBORN

Completes Fifty Years of Service HIS FRIENDS TENDER HIM A BANQUET

Sketch of His Long and Honorable Career

Patrolman Thomas J. Sanborn, who has been stationed at city hall for a number of years, will have completed fifty years in the service today, and this evening will retire from duty. Tomorrow night about fifty friends of the officer will gather at the New American hotel and give him a royal send-off. Besides the supper and speaking Mr. Sanborn will be presented a gold service badge.

Among those who will gather around the festive board will be Frank K. Stearns, Judge Samuel P. Hadley, Charles H. Hanson, Thomas P. Boulger, Supt. William B. Moffatt, Deputy Superintendent Redmond



OFFICER-THOMAS J. SANBORN.

Welch, John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H. force; J. S. Lyman, of Wilmington, Mass.; A. J. Mooney, a conductor of the Boston & Maine, from Salem, Mass.; Rev. James M. Craig, City Treasurer Andrew P. Stiles, City Clerk Glard P. Dacanin, James P. Ramsey, probation officer of Middlesex county and Officers Frank Goodwin, William O'Brien, Horace Clements and others.

John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H. department, informed the secretary of the banquet committee that he would be present. Mr. Cassidy is an old friend of Mr. Sanborn, having known him for over quarter of a century.

Mr. Sanborn was born in Sanborn, N. H., May 12, 1858, and is therefore slightly over 50 years of age. He came to Lowell in 1880 and was employed for a time in the mills of the Tremont & Suffolk company, at the munificent wage of 37½ cents per diem. He was first appointed a special official for the Belvidere mill in 1885 and was appointed a supernumerary officer April 13, 1888. His first duty was on the South common, with the work ahead of him of preventing any injury to the young trees there. There was no police uniform worn at that time, and the custom of the officers to make all use of regular route was in Centralville and he then patrolled the post office beat for 10 years, at night.

In those days the guardians of the peace carried large rattles and, when the custom of the officers to make all use of regular route was in Centralville and he then patrolled the post office beat for 10 years, at night.

In those days it was not an uncommon occurrence to change officers when the administration changed and in 1895 Mr. Sanborn was removed from the department because of the change of administration. He went to work in the freight house of the Boston & Lowell company and later became a fireman on a locomotive running between Lowell and Ayer.

He was reappointed to the police department in 1897.

Mr. Sanborn is a member of Ancient York lodge, F. and A. M., and a charter member of Passaconaway tribe, I. O. O. F., and of Columbia council, O. U. A. M.

It is the intention of Mr. Sanborn to go to California and Oregon for a trip within the next month. He has relatives in both states.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nugent of Pleasant street.

Examine Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Opticians' Orders Filled. Broken lenses duplicated. Best service. Lowest prices. Optical company 11 Bridge street.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

STRANG BEATEN

American Driver Made a Poor Showing

DIEPPE, July 7.—Strang, the American driver, was hopelessly beaten for the Grand Prix, an hour before the race started this morning. As he was driving into the enclosure before the start of the race the transmission and the car crossed the starting line with the first and second speed and the reversing gear out of commission. The latter would probably have disqualified the car had it had a chance of winning as the rules specifically require a reverse worked by a motor. Neither Strang nor his mechanic expected to finish the first round but managed to negotiate it in 53:41 and after more re-

THE HOTTEST YET

Thermometer Reaches 94 Degrees in Shade

People of the Tenements Slept on Roofs and Fire Escapes Last Night — Fire Dept. Should Wet Down Streets

Today is the hottest yet. At 10 o'clock the thermometer at Lang's pharmacy opposite City Hall registered 92 in the shade while at noon in Merrimack square the mercury stood at 94 in the shade.

Last night was a tough one on the people in the tenements and many slept on the roofs, fire escapes, doorways and back yards. As early as four o'clock this morning a procession of children with every old kind of a child's wagon or vehicle could be seen winding its way along Pawtucket street to the ice houses to pick up all the broken pieces of ice available which through the kindness of the Gage company they are permitted to take. This procession may be seen every morning in the week during the hot weather but within the past few days its numbers have increased enormously.

Mr. James J. Brown of the board of charities, who is also a pharmacist, in conversation with a reporter of The Sun this morning said: "It should think that the fire department should be asked to wet down the streets in the congested districts these warm days in the interest of the public health. While the city has been very fortunate thus far in regard to sickness, if this weather continues we will certainly have much sickness to treat, especially among children. The wetting down of the streets in the congested tenement districts would go a long way toward alleviating the distress of the poor people during these unbearably hot days and nights."

The reporter called at the mayor's office in regard to the matter but His Honor is at Bennington, N. H., and could not be seen.

At the office of the street and sewer departments Supt. Morse stated that while it had not been necessary to suspend work on account of the heat, up to noon, he was of the opinion that if the intense heat continues he will be obliged to shut down some of the work. As for the health department, he said: "The city is remarkably free from illness for this time of year. We have only seven diphtheria cases and three of scarlet fever, while there has been practically no cholera infantum. This weather will undoubtedly bring on a run of cholera infantum."

At the city dispensary, Mr. Mason stated that the rush hadn't started though he was of the opinion that it would soon be on.

FUNERALS

ACHIN—The funeral of Mrs. Honore Achin took place yesterday morning from her home, 358 Fletcher street, and was largely attended by friends and relatives. A solemn funeral mass was sung at St. Jean Baptiste church. Rev. Fr. Dubreuil, O. M. I., officiated, with Rev. Frs. Campeau and Vland, O. M. I., as deacon and sub-deacon. The choir sang Perreault's mass. Dr. George E. Chaise directing and Oscar Nadeau playing the organ. At the cemetery, Dr. Chaise sang "O Meritum Passionis" and at the elevation the choir sang "Pie Jesu." The bearers were Napoleon Brautigan, J. Giroux, J. N. Tarte, Alphonse Mayotte, M. S. Rousseau, Louis Gaudreau, Francis Fontaine and M. Duhalme. There were numerous floral tributes. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, and Rev. Fr. Amiel, O. M. I., officiated at the grave. Undertaker Amodee Archambault had charge.

MORRIS—The funeral of the late Miss Catherine Morris took place this morning at 8:30 from the home of her sister, Mrs. James O'Brien, 74 Chapel street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was celebrated. Rev. Fr. McDermott officiated. The choir under the direction of Mr. P. P. Haggerty sang Schmidt's mass. At the cemetery, Mr. Haggerty sang "Pie Jesu" and at the conclusion Mr. James E. Donnelly rendered "No Cross, No Crown." As the remains were borne from the church the choir sang "De Profundis." Mrs. McKennedy presiding at the organ. The bearers were John Morris, John Morris, 21, Owen Morris and John Morris. At the grave, Rev. Fr. McDermott read the communal prayers and the burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

MASS OF REQUIEM.

At St. Peter's church at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning a high mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of the late J. Henry Carroll. The mass is offered up at the request of the members of St. Peter's church choir.

In Every Manufacturing City

the newspaper with the largest circulation is always an evening paper. Why is it so? Because the masses in such a community have no opportunity to read in the morning. They read in the evening, and when evening comes, they do not want a morning paper containing the news of yesterday; they prefer an evening paper with the news of TO-DAY.

Advertisers who want to reach the masses who earn their money in Lowell and spend it in Lowell should bear this fact in mind. The people who trade in Boston read morning papers. The people who trade in Lowell read evening papers, and the leader of all the local papers, morning or evening, is The Sun.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of Loyal Excelsior
Lodge, M. U.GOLD EMBLEM FOR
P. C. METCALFThe New Officers Were
Installed

The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., was held last night in Post 126, G. A. R., hall and the members turned out in large numbers. Among those present were Past Provincial Grand Master J. Smith and suite, who installed the newly elected officers for the ensuing term.

The feature of the evening, however, was the presentation of a beautiful gold framed emblem to the retiring grand master, P. C. Albert B. Metcalf, P. G. M. Smith, who made the presentation, spoke of the excellent work of Odd Fellowship done by the retiring grand master and of the high esteem in which he was held, not only by the Excelsior lodge, but by every Odd Fellow in and around Lowell. P. C. Metcalf in a well delivered speech thanked the members for their beautiful present and trusted the same good feeling and the kind consideration

which had always existed between the members and himself would continue in the future as it had done in the past. A social good time then followed.

The officers installed are as follows: G. M. Ernest Nelson; N. G. William Walker; V. G. Jesse Whitworth; E. S. Edward Hanson; P. S. H. Cowdell; treasurer, A. W. Mowatt; trustees, R. J. Houston, R. W. Hollingsworth; supporters to N. G., R. W. Hollingsworth, D. Robertson; supporters to V. G., J. McHaskell, E. J. Rothwell; warden, G. P. Foss.

FELL FROM POLE

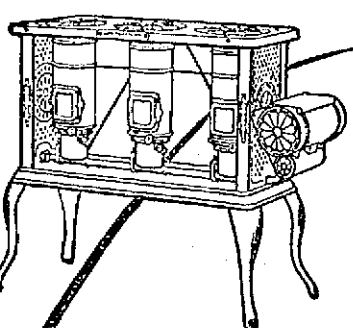
PETER HARLIN HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Peter Harlin, an employee of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Co., fell from a pole Sunday afternoon while repairing some wires, and had a narrow escape from being killed. He fell 20 feet to the ground. The accident happened at the corner of High and East Merrimack streets. He struck on his head on the pavement and although badly stunned was able to go home after treatment in St. John's hospital.

CHILDREN'S HOME.

The home acknowledges the following gifts: Commers Bros. Co., food of sand; D. L. Page Co. and Friend Bros., bread and rolls; Mrs. E. J. Mack, bread, milk and high chair; Home Bakery, beans and brown bread; E. R. Blood, doughnuts; L. B. & P. Co., salt pork; Henry J. Farrell, soup; Jones, James A. Thompson, wood; Mrs. E. J. Thurber, baby carriage; Boston & Northern St. Ry. Co., free car tickets; Mr. D. L. Page sent ice cream for Sunday. All gifts, large or small, are gratefully received and promptly acknowledged. Telephone 655-4. Ellen O'Leary, Matron.

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire? You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room. Therefore, when working with the

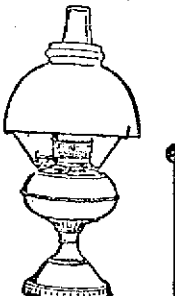
NEW PERFECTION
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

the kitchen actually seems as comfortable as you could wish it to be.

This, in itself, is wonderful, but, more than that, the "New Perfection" Oil Stove does perfectly everything that any stove can do. It is an ideal all-round cook-stove. Made in three sizes, and fully warranted. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp

a substantial, strongly made and handsome lamp. Burns for hours with a strong, mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

A.G. POLLARD CO.
"The Store for Thrifty People"

MEN'S SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 Grades

ONLY 69c EACH

Our Usual Summer Selling Begins Tomorrow

For this sale we are able to offer 175 dozen including many of the celebrated Monarch Shirts as well as other well known brands. Made from the newest patterns of the most popular fabrics. Made full sizes—with every sort of a wrinkle that goes towards "shirt-comfort." Cuffs attached or detachable. Collars on or off. Light, medium or dark patterns. Shirts for Every-day or Dress-up Wear. Clean, fresh and well laundered.

Some are the Dollar Grade—Others worth One Dollar and a Quarter—One Price Tomorrow

Only 69c Each

See Merrimack Street Window

EAST SECTION

HUSTLERS KICK DERRICK FELL 1000 KOREANS

Over Award of South Fireman Johnson Was
End Prizes Killed Instantly

INDIAN CLUB RECEIVED 1st MONEY

And Hustlers Object to
Second Prize

The prizes for the features in the South End Fourth of July parade were awarded yesterday, and the Indian club won the first prize, \$150, and the Hustlers club, the second of \$50. The judges were Capt. Colby T. Kittredge, Capt. James N. Greig and Lieut. Geo. W. Peterson.

Bright and early this morning a committee from the Hustlers called at the Sun office with the following protest: Lowell, Mass., July 7th, 1908. Editor of The Sun:—Kindly allow us space. We, the undersigned press committee, by vote of our organization known as the Hustlers, in the Slam-bang feature in the South End parade the night before the 4th, do openly protest and express our dissatisfaction with the general announcements and decision of the judges in giving the Hustlers only second prize. We will allow the public to be our judges.

(Signed) Benjie Fielding, Chairman. Andrew Dwyer, John B. Clancy, Secretary.

WAKEFIELD FIRE MOUNTAIN ROCK

Miss Donovan Probably
Fatally Burned

WAKEFIELD, July 7.—Miss Josephine Donovan was probably fatally burned in a fire which broke out in the house of her brother, Dennis Donovan, at 11 Emerson street, this town, today. Miss Donovan was on the second floor when the fire started on the floor above. She rushed up stairs to try to extinguish the flames but when she reached the third floor the flames hemmed her in and she was unable to escape. She jumped from the third story window, her clothing in flames, struck on the roof of the piazza and then bounded onto an iron fence and from there to the ground. She was terribly burned about the face and body and was internally injured as a result of her leap.

John Donovan was badly burned about the face and hands in his attempt to rescue his sister. The damage to the house is estimated at \$300.

FIVE LIVES LOST

UNADILLA, Neb., July 7.—Five persons were drowned in the Nemahah river here yesterday. They were John Doyle, his wife and their three children. A flood of water fell from a cloudburst, lifted their house from its foundation and carried it to the swollen river.

CAPT. PILLSBURY

To Be Made a Rear
Admiral

WASHINGTON, July 7.—During the remaining days of July the American navy is to have six new rear-admirals. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas and the retirement on July 11 of Rear-Admiral R. C. Clover make the large number of accessions to the high rank possible. The retirement of Clover promotes Capt. Ingersoll. Schroeder and Wolcott. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas promotes Capt. Pillsbury, who is an acting admiral because of his chieftaincy of the bureau of navigation, and Capt. R. P. Rodgers and Capt. Adolph Marx.

WAKEFIELD FIRE MOUNTAIN ROCK

To Be Made Into Beautiful Park

Rumor has it that the Boston & Northern-street railway company will turn Mountain Rock into a beautiful park and install numerous attractions for next season. The woods at Mountain Rock, which, by the way, is one of the most delightful spots in this section of the country, have been cleaned out and present a very neat appearance. The pines have been trimmed and the sight is most delightful to the eye and in striking contrast to the barren and bedraggled look of the clearance across the way where lumber is piled high and tree tops and brush abound in dangerous confusion in case of fire.

LABOR MATTERS

PRESIDENT GOLDEN ANSWERS A THREAT.

President John Golden and Secretary Albert Hubbard of the United Textile Workers of America issued a statement Thursday relative to the criticism by the delegates to the convention of the National Federation of Cotton Weavers affiliated with the United Textile Workers warning them not to send delegates to the convention.

The statement concludes with the following: "All we desire to add is the fact that the United Textile Workers of America is too firmly established now to worry itself about any five per quarter federations or alliances. There are over 20 cotton weavers' unions affiliated with this body. There is no danger of any of them joining a federation that is isolated and cut off from any affiliation with the American labor movement. There will be no more temporizing with seceding labor unions. The instructions of the American Federation of Labor will be followed out to the letter, namely, that a new union must be formed wherever a local union has succeeded. This has been already done in the Fall River situation. A charter has been issued to Weavers' union, Local No. 24 of Fall River, with a good list of members. The same policy will be pursued in New Bedford in the necessary. In this movement we have the solid backing of the American Federation of Labor and all those who believe in the true principles of trade unionism. Our duty in this matter is perfectly clear. We shall not hesitate to do it."

Save Sickness

The prompt and sure relief given in acute stomach, bowel and liver complaints, has created an annual sale of over six million boxes of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Babbitt's Spectacles and Eye Glasses

For over fifty years The Babbitt Co. has stood for the "best" in the optical line. Everyone wants the best when it comes to glasses and to have this one needs a plentiful stock to choose from: assistance in the selection; and an expert to do the fitting.

These advantages you can have at our new up-to-date office.

THE BABBITT CO.

81 Merrimack St.

ATTACKED GIRL

Posse Searching for
Alleged Assailant

NEW BOSTON, N. H., July 7.—Between 200 and 300 citizens of New Boston, Wear and Riverdale, together with High Sheriff E. K. Ramsey of Manchester, Deputy Sheriff Robert Dunton of Goffstown, several officers from that place and the selectmen of New Boston, are today searching the woods in the vicinity of New Boston for Wm. McElduff of Providence, R. I., who is wanted in connection with an attack upon Miss Edith Strong as she was returning from the Presbyterian church Sunday.

McElduff was employed in the lumber mill of Lincoln Varnham at Wear until last Friday. He was to have accepted a position at Goffstown, but did not appear, and is supposed to be hiding in the woods. He is well tattooed on the arms, wears a tiger stone ring, and had a Knights of Pythias pin in his cap. His description corresponds with the one given by Miss Strong of her assailant.

WILD WEST SHOW

HAS BEEN REINFORCED IN FEATURES NEW AND STRANGE.

This motley array of hardy men from many nations and varied races, will soon revisit our city after so long an absence as to be almost new. The Indians, cowboys, Arabs, Cossacks and representatives of the regular armies of this and other countries, together with the recruits from far off civilized and uncivilized nations, form a not inconsiderable and certainly formidable army. The organization, complete in every detail, will be the same in every respect as during the successful engagement just concluded at Madison Square Garden, New York, as a guarantee of the increased attractiveness of performances. Here there will be the usual all, with less restriction and more of nature itself, than is possible in an inclosed building. Many new features have been added since its return from Europe and all the old and familiar ones are retained.

One of the new features, the battle of Summit Springs, made a sensation in New York, and is a reproduction of the battle that occurred in 1863. The famous old general, Eugene A. Carr, was command of the United States soldiers when Colonel Cody ("Buffalo Bill") slew "Tell Bull," the leading hostile chief. General Carr, General "Sam" Sumner and General "Jack" Hayes, who were in the fight, bore witness to the gallantry of "Buffalo Bill." They attended the exhibition at the Garden and have vouched for the accuracy of the stirring scenes of the old days on the frontier, as far as a reproduction of them is possible.

The held-up of a railroad train on the frontier is another new feature, founded upon the occurrence at Wilcox, on the Union Pacific railroad, a few years ago. Another entertaining new feature is a ranch scene, depicting the lighter shades of pioneer life and introducing Ray Thompson's shely trained horse, "Joe Bailey," and other noted Texas range horses, a train hold-up and football game on horseback. Every feature known to horse-mania, from the Indian back-bow riding to that of the cowboy and cowboy in the saddle, together with the Cossack riding, is comprised in the exhibit which is recognized as occupying a broader field than the ordinary amusement enterprise.

The performance is a living illustration of a period of American life and history that is rapidly passing into oblivion. Buffalo Bill's Wild West presents a series of realistic pictures of life in the now old far west as it existed during the middle of the nineteenth century. These scenes are replete with life and reality combined with simplicity and wonderful picturesqueness. It is this realism, simplicity and actuality that gives the Wild West its historic value and importance. Colonel William F. Cody has spent five years in Europe, giving the people of the old world a conception of the life and manners of the far west in the past, and has returned to America with the prestige of success.

HEIRS CUT OFF

Wills of Two Lowell People Filed in Cambridge

George S. O'Malley of Lowell, by his will, just filed at East Cambridge, gives to his daughters, Vivian I. and Laura I., and his son, Carl W. O'Malley, "the sum of \$1 each and no more."

To his son Albert he gives a chest of steamer's tools.

To his wife, Georgia A. O'Malley, he leaves the remainder of his estate, and he appoints her executrix. The will is dated June 5, 1908. Testator died June 23, 1908.

Esther Lundberg of Lowell, by her will gives \$1 to her son, Franz D. Lundberg of Lowell. The remainder of the estate is left in trust to Thomas W. Johnson of Lowell, to be held for the "sole use and benefit" of Herbert Sidney Lundberg of Lowell, now of Palmer, Mass. Testator directs that the income of the estate and such part of the principal as in the judgment of the trustee may be required be used for the benefit of Herbert Sidney Lundberg. At his death whatever remains of the trust estate unexpended shall be given to the Worthen Street Methodist Episcopal church of Lowell. Thomas W. Johnson is named as executor. The will is dated July 18, 1907.

BRYAN WILLING

To Modify Views in Injunction Plank

DENVER, July 7.—Evidence is multiplying that probably the only difficult plank to prepare for the democratic platform will be that relating to the use of injunctions in industrial disputes. Mr. Bryan has let it be known through a number of reliable sources that his position on this plank is not rigid. Perhaps the most important conference with reference to the injunction plank was that held at Fairview, Mr. Bryan's home, during the dinner given by the Nebraskan to a number of prominent democrats on July 4. At this dinner Mr. Bryan stated clearly that he realized that there might arise situations where the issuance of an injunction without notice to those enjoined would be the only remedy against loss of life or irreparable damage to property. To meet such cases, Mr. Bryan further indicated that if the resolutions committee could draw a plank which would provide for such emergencies, with the safeguard that this class of injunctions should be self-dissolving after a period of three or five days, the plank would meet his approval. Work on the platform continued through the medium of an informal sub-committee consisting of Governor Haskell, who is to be chairman of the resolutions committee, and a number of prominent members of the party, who will have places on that committee.

The plan contemplates telephoning each plank to Mr. Bryan at Lincoln, as soon as it is agreed upon by the sub-committee. In this manner it will be possible for the sub-committee to present to the full resolutions committee a perfected platform which already has received the approval of the prospective candidates.

Planks of many varieties were submitted to Governor Haskell and by him to his conferring colleagues yesterday. The tariff plank came in for considerable discussion yesterday with the result that this language was put forward tentatively as embodying the position the party should take:

"The democratic party believes in tariff for revenue only, but inasmuch as the expense of the government is great, and we are depending largely upon imports for the revenues for running the government, which means the imposition of a tariff, we favor the laying of the tariff duties in such a manner that there shall be no discrimination."

SEN. BEVERIDGE

HAD A CONFERENCE WITH CANDIDATE TAFT.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—Senator Beveridge of Indiana, Rep. McKinley of Illinois and Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania arrived here yesterday. Senator Beveridge and Rep. Burke were delayed by the breaking of an axle on the engine and they devoted a couple of hours to a study of the wild scenery of the region. When they got here they found that Mr. Taft had disposed of a large amount of correspondence and had gone on the golf links with Frank B. Kellogg. After his return he was closeted with Sen. Beveridge for a couple of hours and they went over conditions in Indiana and elsewhere with great detail. Mr. Beveridge told Mr. Taft that he did not consider that the affairs of the party in Indiana were in any condition to endanger the state next fall.

JUDGE POLLOCK

DECIDES AGAINST GREAT WESTERN LIFE INS. CO.

KANSAS CITY, July 7.—Judge John C. Pollock in the federal court here last night ordered that the property of the great Western Life Insurance company be disposed of and that the policies amounting to \$2,000,000 be reinsured in some reliable company.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. H. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. H. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 11 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

21 ARE DEAD GET A NEW TRIAL

Thousands Overcome by Heat in New York

NEW YORK, July 7.—After a breathless, sweltering night during which many of New York's millions, tossed on sleepless couches or lay in parks or on fire escapes, or even in the open streets, the sun came up this morning with promise of even greater discomfort and distress in store. As early as six o'clock not a breath of air was moving and thermometers on the street level registered 82 degrees. It was not until two hours later that the weather bureau thermometer reached the eighty mark, but from that time on the movement was more rapid. At 9 o'clock the weather man reported 84 degrees but in the meantime the humidity had fallen from 78 to 73.

As always, the greatest suffering was felt in the crowded tenement districts. All through the night came calls to the hospitals to go to the aid of unfortunates who had found the abnormal conditions too severe a strain upon them.

When the early morning list of victims of the heat wave was made up to-day it was found that 21 persons in the greater city had died as a direct result of weather conditions during the last twenty-four hours. Reported prostrations numbered hundreds and thousands not so seriously affected were treated at their homes or by private physicians.

THOS. J. GARGAN TAFT PLAYS BALL

May Have to Be Operated Upon Statesmen Defeated the Newspapermen

BERLIN, July 7.—Thomas J. Gargan, a transit commissioner of Boston, arrived here yesterday. He has been suffering from a stomach affection for the past six weeks, but his condition has improved of late. Mr. Gargan will undergo an examination today and he is of the opinion that a surgical operation probably will be necessary before he recovers his health.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—Mr. Taft, republican candidate for the presidency, yesterday distinguished himself on the diamond when a game of baseball was played between the statesmen sojourning here to confer with him on sundry matters relating to the coming campaign, and the newspapermen. The game was the result of the activity of Sen. Murray Crane, who has had long conferences with the republican candidates, while here. Mr. Crane had no sooner finished his breakfast yesterday than he began planning for a contest of skill between the statesmen and the correspondents.

The statesmen's nine was made up of Sen. Crane, pitcher; Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania, catcher; John C. Eversman, first base; Rep. Burton of Ohio, second base; Rep. Lawrence of Massachusetts, third base; Rep. McKinley, centerfield; Sen. Beveridge, left field, and Wan. H. Taft, right field.

The game was hotly contested, but the correspondents lost out after eight innings by a score of 14 to 11.

The correspondents went outside of their own numbers for a second baseman, placing Charles Taft in that responsible position. Charles distinguished himself when his father went to the bat and struck the second ball delivered to him. The ball went whizzing toward second base and it looked as if it would give Mr. Taft a home run but the alert Charles nipped his father's hopes by catching him out.

The game was played on the local ball grounds just after a heavy rain and as the party sprawled in the mud by their frantic efforts to run the bases, the entire party was rather the worse for wear when the eighth inning had been played. Mrs. Taft came out to see the game which was witnessed by a large number of spectators from the hotel.

LOSS IS \$50,000

Minister Prayed That Park Be Burned

CHICAGO, July 7.—Twelve hours after the Rev. George Edward Lewis in a public prayer asked that the amusement resorts of Irving park where liquor is served might be burned to the ground, Excelsior park was consumed by fire yesterday.

Proprietors of other parks in the neighborhood admitted last night that they are both puzzled and frightened. They also declared that they have taken precautions to protect their properties.

A. J. Smith, proprietor of the burned park, said his loss would be about \$50,000. He thought that crossed electric wires was probably the cause of the fire.

An investigation is to be made. The police are looking for two men who were seen near the park early in the day.

HOSPITAL BAZAAR.

The St. John's hospital bazaar committee which has in charge the grand charity fair to be given in aid of the hospital table of the bazaar next fall, at Washington park on July 11th, met last night on the hospital lawn and transacted considerable business. Reports from the various committees were heard and a program of the sporting schedule was drawn up. The committee adjourned at ten o'clock to meet Friday night.

The list of sports promises an excellent entertainment in the athletic field. First there will be a 100 yards dash, then relay races, an obstacle race, a sack race, a three-legged race, the high jump, and the hop, skip and jump, in the order named.

The teams which have entered for the relay races are the Malheur's, the C. Y. M. L., the C. M. A. C., the St. John's, the Burkes, the Holy Names of the Sacred Heart, and the Y. M. C. L. As yet, the teams which will run against each other have not been chosen, the committee waiting in the hopes that there will be further entries.

GET INSIDE

Your Friends and Neighbors in Lowell Will Show You How.

Rubbing the back won't cure backache. Liment may relieve but can't cure. Backache comes from the inside from the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills get inside—They cure sick kidneys.

Here is Lowell proof that this is so: Mrs. Wm. A. Buckley, of 2 Chestnut st., Lowell, Mass., says: "Both my husband and myself are very strong advocates of Doan's Kidney Pills. Mr. Buckley took these six years ago and was completely cured of kidney complaint and backache. He doctored and wore bandages and used liniments and other remedies but nothing did him any good until he got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's drug store. The use of these boxes cured him and he regards it a pleasure to tell others of the great value of this medicine. Some time after he was cured I was taken with backache and other noticeable symptoms of kidney complaint. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and they soon banished the backache and corrected all other difficulties. I take a few of them when I feel that the kidneys are sluggish and they always tone me up and make me feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE BLACK HAND

Is Accused of Kidnapping a Girl

NEW YORK, July 7.—Every policeman in the large city was searching yesterday for 3-year-old Frances Alligano, who, they believe, has been spirited away by Black Hand agents, and is being held for ransom. The child has not been seen since last Saturday. Yesterday the parents of the little girl received a letter informing them that Frances would be restored to them upon payment of \$100. The letter was a typical Black Hand missive, and its receipt spread terror throughout the whole neighborhood in which the Alligano family lives.

About a year ago 11-year-old Kate Trietschler, who lived directly across First avenue from the Alligano home, was spirited to the cellar of her home by an unknown man and murdered after she had been maltreated in a shocking manner. The murderer was never captured.

PRESTON TALKS

Of His Candidacy for Presidency

CARSON, Nev., July 7.—A. R. Preston, who is serving 25 years' sentence in the Nevada state prison for murder and who was nominated by the socialist labor party as New York for president of the United States, gave out the following interview from his cell today:

"I am not greatly surprised at the action taken in the matter by my party," he said. "In fact I was aware they would recognize me in some way or another. I am particularly well known to members of my party and I am a socialist from the ground up. While I am not at liberty to make a statement covering my nomination owing to instructions from my counsel, Judge Hilton, at the same time I am willing that my name shall remain at the top of the ticket. I recognize the honor conferred on me and am proud of it. On the other hand, if Mr. Hilton desires that I withdraw from the nomination I will ask that my name be taken from the ticket. I have not yet been officially notified of my nomination."

Chinamen Had Been Convicted of Murder

BOSTON, July 7.—Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung, four of the nine Chinamen convicted on the charge of murder on account of their alleged complicity in the shooting up of Chinatown on the night of Aug. 2, 1907, will have a new trial as a result of the decision made yesterday afternoon by Judges Pierce and Brown, who presided at the trial.

They denied the motion for a new trial as to the other defendants. Judges Pierce and Brown also disallowed the bill of exceptions filed in the case by Gen. Charles W. Bartlett, Harvey H. Pratt and Julian C. Woodman, counsel for the defense.

The defendants were Min Sing, Hom

Woon, Leong Gong, Wong Duck, Wong How, Joe Guey, Dong Bok Ling, Lee Jung and Warry S. Charles, the last named being charged with having been accessory before the fact.

The motion for a new trial was based on two grounds, the first being because the verdict was against the law, and the second because it was against the evidence and the weight of the evidence.

The motion for a new trial was granted to Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung on the second ground.

In the memorandum written upon the lengthy bill of exceptions, the court sets out that they are disallowed because not conforming to truth. The fact was, the court says, that while the witnesses, Michael J. Dougherty, was under examination, a private conference was held between the court, counsel

for the defense and the prosecuting attorneys, during which counsel for the defense orally made an offer of testimony from the witness Dougherty and others, relating to the alleged conduct of Officer Linton and one Yee Wah, tending to show efforts on their part to procure false testimony against some of the defendants.

After some discussion, the memorandum continues, the court directed counsel for the defense to put their offer of proof in writing, so that the presiding justices might consider it. The witness Dougherty was thereupon withdrawn from the stand by the defense and another witness was called on another line of evidence, and examination at length.

The written offer of proof was handed to the justices the following day, and taken under advisement by them, but they were never asked to rule upon it, and it was not referred to again by counsel until after the close of all the evidence and the court's charge to the jury, when counsel for the defense said to the court privately they supposed their rights were saved under it.

To this the court (Mr. Justice Pierce) replied that he did not understand that they had any rights, as the court had been asked to rule upon the written offer, and if asked, were prepared to have admitted so much of it as related to Officer Linton, and to exclude all else contained in said offer of proof.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Cotton futures opened steadily, July, 8.50; August, 8.40; Sept., 8.25; October, 8.14; November, 8.05; Dec., 7.95; Jan., 7.85; Feb., 7.75; March, 7.65.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

GIRL SHOT DEAD

Man Mortally Wounded as Result of Tragedy

CHICAGO, July 7.—A despatch to the Record-Herald from Vincennes says: "Miss Mary Baker, 20 years old, is dead and Charles Ingie, 40 years old, is mortally wounded as the result of a remarkable tragedy in the girl's home yesterday. Mrs. Ollie Ellis, a cousin of the girl killed, admits, it is alleged, that she fired the shots and says she was trying to drive away Ingie, who is a bit of a rascal, had seized Miss Baker, threatening her with bodily harm."

Mystery surrounds the details of the affair and the stories of the wounded man and the woman do not agree. In all probableness he was only attempting to warn the woman, who he says, threatened his sister's husband, to leave town and he claims the shooting was without provocation. The bullets which ended Miss Baker's life were aimed at

Ingie, who, Mrs. Ellis says, at the time had the girl in his grasp.

Ingie was taken to the jail on suspicion that he had killed the girl and his sister's husband, Richard Lovejoy, was locked up pending a full investigation by the police. Lovejoy is alleged to have been in the house when the shooting took place.

NO MORE, NO LESS.

The Sun has all the news. You can't get more than that. The Sun costs but a cent. You can't pay less than that. 214 MERRIMACK STREET

Manufacturers' Outlet Sale

On Wednesday morning we inaugurate the Greatest Sale in our history. Our own Mammoth Stock together with the consignment of three leading manufacturers who are ready to stand the loss. Garments at cost of materials only.

Store Closed All Day Tuesday Marking Goods, Open Wednesday Morning at 9.30 O'Clock

TAILORED CLOTH SUITS

About 150 suits—cancelled order. Get a going-away suit at cost of goods. Here is your choice.

\$10 to \$15 SUITS	\$15 to \$18.75 SUITS	\$20 and \$25 SUITS	\$25 and \$27.50 SUITS	\$30 and \$35 SUITS
\$8.97	\$10.97	\$12.97	\$14.97	\$18.97

TAILORED COATS

About 200 Coats—Long, Loose, Silk, Panama, Linen and Lace Coats. Many are Samples.

\$5 and \$7.50 COATS	\$7.50 to \$10 COATS	\$10 and \$15 COATS	\$15 to \$25 COATS
\$3.97	\$5.97	\$8.97	\$10.00



1.50 White Linen Skirts,

95c

In Flare and Kilted style, full size.

25 Doz. \$1.00 Lawn Waists,

60c

Embroidery and tucks.

20 Doz. Gingham Waists,

40c



Choice of our \$12, \$15 and \$18 Silk Dresses at the ridiculous price of

\$8.95

Be on hand early and get one of these fine Dresses

\$12.50 and \$15.00 Batiste Princess Dresses. Beautiful dresses in light blue, pink, champagne, lavender and white

\$7.95

\$3.00 Jumper Suits in Gingham, Chambray and Percales. Hamburg and lace trimming.

\$1.95



\$3.00 White Linen Skirts,

\$1.95

Fine Quality Linen—6 styles at this sale

WAISTS ARE CHEAP

87c

For Waists selling at \$1.50.

\$1.97

For Waists Selling at \$2.50

\$1.67

For Waists Selling at \$3.98.

1000 SKIRTS Slashed in Price

\$5.00 Panama and Sicilian Skirts, kilted style, also new flare

\$2.95

\$8.00 Voile Skirts, fine heavy voile, taffeta one wide and three narrow bands of silk

\$4.95

\$3.00 Panama Skirts, black and colors

\$1.95

\$15.00 Black Silk Skirts, full kilted, wide fold, fine heavy taffeta silk

\$8.98

Silk Taffeta Coats

For Outing and Street Wear

\$10 and \$12 Coats \$7.97

\$18 and \$20 Coats \$10.97

\$22 and \$25 Coats \$14.97

Coats in Linen, Sicilian, \$5 and \$7.50, were \$10

\$1.00 at this sale goes as far as \$2 elsewhere. Sale continues until garments are sold.

Odd Items That Will Save You Money

\$5.00 Silk Petticoats

\$2.95

\$15.00 Panama Jumper Suits, not one but cost \$12. Sale price

\$8.95

75 Children's Coats, ages 4 to 14, selling at \$3, \$4 and \$5

\$1.97

\$4 Bathing Suits

\$2.95

3 styles just received, you save \$1.00 on your bathing suits.

50 Zebra Striped Nuns Veiling at \$7.50, sale

\$3.95

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET

FOR IRISH CAUSE CONTESTS ENDED

Humphrey O'Sullivan Wants Democrats at Denver to Adopt Plank

DENVER, July 7.—The Boston democracy got scant recognition from the George F. Williams democrats today when the delegates met to distribute the convention honors. Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield, who was a candidate against Williams' man for national committee, but withdrew while en route for the convention city, also failed badly at the hands of Mr. Williams and his friends, who had their own way about every matter that came up at the meeting.

Even Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell, who has been one of Mr. Williams' hardest workers in the fight to put none but loyal Bryan men on guard, didn't get what he wanted and had to content himself with the small honor of seeing his name appear in a day or two as one of the vice presidents of the national convention. Mr. O'Sullivan's friends consider this scant consideration after what he has done in the preparatory work for Bryan's nomination.

They assert that he has paid out no small amount of money on the trip for badges, railroad fares and other expenses for the sergeant-at-arms department, besides guaranteeing other expenses on the trip and hiring headquarters for the delegation at Denver.

MR. O'SULLIVAN DISSATISFIED.
Mr. O'Sullivan is not satisfied with his treatment and has plainly told Mr. Williams so. When it was apparent that Boston was to be left off of the convention honors, Alderman Timilty and Leo McCullough, president of the common council, delegates from the 10th district, arose and said that in their opinion Boston had not been given the share of the convention honors she was entitled to.

The Williams men said that Boston has been treated as fairly as she deserved and pointed out that the democrats of the capital city of the state didn't take interest enough in the convention to send but three of her six delegates to Denver. The appeal of the Boston men fell upon deaf ears, and

the following state prepared by the Williams men was adopted:
Committee on resolutions, George F. Williams of Boston; member democratic national committee, John W. Coughlin, Fall River; vice president of the convention, Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell; committee to notify presidential nominee, A. C. Drinkwater, Braintree; committee to notify vice presidential nominee, John O. Gara, Spencer; committee on rules, Patrick J. Mitchell, Springfield; committee on credentials, Christopher T. Callahan, Hilyoke; committee on permanent organization, Walter A. Creamer, Lynn.

WOULD FINE IRELAND.
With the exception of Dr. Coughlin, every one on the state is of the "pink ticket" faction of the Massachusetts democracy. Daniel F. Doherty had no fault to find with his treatment by the Williams men, he said. He declared that he was not a candidate for any of the convention honors and is satisfied with what the delegation did in distributing the convention honors.

Humphrey O'Sullivan brought up his resolution of sympathy with the Irish people in their struggle for legislative independence, and after a running discussion lasting for 15 minutes it was unanimously voted to ask George F. Williams to advocate its adoption in the resolutions of the convention.

Mr. O'Sullivan let it be known that he is dreadfully in earnest in this matter and stated that he didn't want any half-hearted support or advocacy of the plank, but desired that it be put up to the platform committee good and hard.

Humphrey O'Sullivan's resolution on Irish independence was as follows:
"We view with regret the unsuccessful efforts of the people of Ireland to obtain from the English government the blessing of legislative independence. For many reasons America's sympathy is with the Irish people in their aspirations for home rule in the fullest meaning of the term and we wish to express this sympathy practically."

"We hope to respectfully represent to the government of His Imperial Majesty King Edward the seventh of England our deep interest in the matter in the hope that His Imperial Majesty will recommend to parliament such an amicable adjustment of the relations between England and Ireland as will remove all obstacles to the friendly cooperation of the English people; to bring about closer relations between the English speaking nations in the interest of progress, universal peace and human good."

FORGE VILLAGE

John Sullivan, aged six years, and son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan met with a painful accident yesterday when he and a companion were firing off fire crackers.

He picked up one that did not go off and started to blow it, when it exploded in his face, severely injuring his eye and burning his face.

The spinning department of Abbott & Co. will run 50 hours per week and commenced yesterday, after being on a 40 hour schedule several months.

Steamship Tickets

To and from England, Ireland and Scotland on the Cunard White Star and all the first class lines.

MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY, 18 Appleton St., opp. Postoffice. Checks and money orders issued on all parts of Europe. Lowest rates, any amount.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry, Galway, \$10; third class, \$7.50, to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 12 to 15 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST.

H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

\$ SAVED IS \$ MADE

Your can experience same at Louis Price's JEWELRY STORE, 14 PRESCOTT STREET. I guarantee a saving on all work and purchases.

Polar Star ICE CREAM Freezers

1 QUART 75c
2 QUART \$1.00

W. T. S. BARTLETT

653 and 659 Merrimack St. The Up-town Hardware Store.

When You Want to GET

the very best work you should go to the BAY STATE DYE WORKS with your suits, dresses or gloves, ribbons or almost anything in the wearing apparel. Our prices are always the lowest, consistent with first class work. We know the business in all its branches and for several years we have been in the same old place, 51 Prescott St. P. S.—We have satisfied thousands of customers. We know we can please you. Remember the place.

Bay State Dye Works

54 PRESCOTT STREET



H. D. CLAYTON,

SOUTHERN CONGRESSMAN WHO WILL BE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION.

Delegates With Credentials Win Out Over Contestants

DENVER, July 7.—In record time yesterday the democratic national committee disposed of all contests before it with the exception of Pennsylvania and Idaho, which went over until today. The general result was to sustain the delegates who came with credentials from their state and district. A total of 78 seats was involved in the contests from Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, Idaho, Ohio, and the District of Columbia. The work was done by six sub-committees, four of which reported yesterday to the full body.

Roger C. Sullivan, of Chicago, was an easy winner of the twenty contested seats from Cook county, which were disputed by Robert E. Burke and his associates.

Senator Fred T. Dubois was sustained by the sub-committee, which heard the Mormon contests from Idaho, but the committee was not ready to make its report to the full committee before that body adjourned.

Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, was a winner in the 19th Ohio district, where he triumphed over the sub-committee, winning out by the vote of 25 to 21 before the national committee. The victory of Johnson was won only after the Cleveland man delivered an extended and eloquent argument before the committee. In the 9th Ohio district, the Barber faction retained the two contested seats over the protest of Johnson.

Patrick McGarren, of Brooklyn, was ignored in his contest against Charles F. Murphy for the 12 seats in Kings county, New York. Before the sub-committee he became so abusive of the Murphy and Coler men that he was not



THEODORE BELL,

Temporary Chairman of Convention.

permitted to proceed and the meeting was adjourned without action in the contests. The full committee sustained this decision without debate.

Joseph Howley of the 3rd Pennsylvania district, whose right to his seat was disputed by Guffey, was sustained by the sub-committee. It was contended that Howley was not a democrat, but had organized a party of his own called "The Bryan party."

The Pennsylvania contests that involved eight seats in the city of Philadelphia, and three in Allegheny county, proved probably the most bitter discussion that was placed before any of the sub-committees. Charles Daly of Philadelphia, appeared for the contestants and arraigned Charles P. Donnelly and Thomas J. Ryan, the leaders of the Guffey faction in these districts, in the bitterest manner. He urged that the eight Guffey delegates were elected by the aid of republicans and that the ranked friends were penetrated. Both Donnelly and Ryan, who spoke in support of the regular delegation, replied in kind to the charges. After listening to the arraignments and re-arraignments for an hour and a half, the sub-committee took these contests under advisement, and will report tomorrow morning.

The Illinois contests were also fraught with personalities and bitter

denunciations of opposing sides. Roger Sullivan addressed the sub-committee in defense of the regular Cook county delegation, asserting the entire regularity of proceedings in connection with their selection. Sullivan's chief contention was that the illegality charged by the Burke faction did not apply to the election of delegates to the national convention, but under the law had reference only to state conventions. In this, he was sustained by the sub-committee.

James C. Dahlman of Omaha, Bryan's close adviser, was one of the members of the sub-committee who decided the Illinois contest in Sullivan's favor.

Mayor Dahlman stated, after the sub-committee adjourned, that the contesting Burke delegates were unable to establish the charges of illegality as far as they applied to a national convention.

After the decision the Burke men declared that they would carry their case to the committee on credentials and if defeated there, to the floor of the convention.

THE "ANTIS" MET

ARE ORGANIZING TO OPPOSE BRYAN'S NOMINATION.

DENVER, July 7.—Last night the anti-Bryan men made another effort to concentrate opposition against the nomination of the Nebraska man, and asserted that they were now encouraged for the first time since the delegations began to arrive. The movement, is not, however, taken with deep seriousness by any of the men who are leading the Bryan forces.

The greatest effort was made yesterday to keep the meeting secret, those who were present being summoned by small cards which was quietly passed around. The names of the men who were present were also kept secret to a large extent, but it is known that among them were Daniel F. Cohan and Win. F. Sheehan of New York; Col. James M. Guffey of Pennsylvania, former Sen. James J. Smith of New Jersey; A. H. Cox of Georgia; I. L. Straus of Maryland; Josiah Marvel of Delaware, and Frederick B. Lynch of Minnesota.

Other men were there, who, up until last night have not been mentioned as opponents of Mr. Bryan.

The meeting was largely directed by Mr. Sheehan, who declared that he only way to focus the opposition to Mr. Bryan was to give it a standard around which it could rally. The consensus among those present was that if New York will declare against Bryan and stand firmly by its declaration, there exists a chance of defeating him.

OFF TO THE WEIRS

LOWELL BOYS GO TO Y. M. C. A. CAMP.

A number of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city left Lowell yesterday morning for the New Hampshire State Y. M. C. A. at Camp Belknap, Lake Umbagog. The following boys were in the party: Walter Clement, Jerome Field, Reinhold Gurn, Russell Swan, Warren Howe, Irving Gumb, Albert Ball, Hubert Senior, Eric Scatling, William Liddell, Alden Sherman, Donald Spaulding, Ralph Taylor, Herbert Edgar, Ralph Coburn, Austin Platon, Earl Leadbetter, Donald Fletcher, Charles Coburn, Carl Moore, Preston Grover, Rossiter Garity.

Next week seven other boys expect to go, and others the following week. The party was in charge of Mr. C. Seafie, the physical director, and three other young men.

CHELMESFORD

Mark W. Reed, valedictorian of class of 1908, C. H. E., who recently took the entrance examinations at Dartmouth college, has received notification that he has passed every one with honors, and in consequence will receive a \$600 scholarship.

BOY DROWNED TWO MORE DEAD

While Trying to Save His Chum

Heat Claims More Victims in Boston

MIDDLEBORO, July 7.—In vain attempt to rescue his little chum, Kenneth Sturtevant, aged 7 years, from drowning in the Nemasket river into which he had fallen while fishing from a rock, Albert Kelley, 8 years old, lost his own life yesterday afternoon. This is the conclusion the police and medical examiners reached when the two bodies were pulled out of the river last night with grappling irons. Both bodies were found in the same place.

The lads, who were inseparable companions, started off to fish yesterday, after dinner, the last time they were seen alive. When supper time came the fathers of both boys becoming anxious over their long absence from home, organized a searching party. When it was learned that the lads had been seen fishing from the rock a general alarm was sent out, and about 200 people gathered to assist in the search, and just at sundown the body of Albert Kelley was found, but the body of the other victim, although very near the spot where Kelley's body was found, was not recovered until 10 o'clock last night.

Kenneth Sturtevant was the son of Edgar Sturtevant and Albert Kelley was the son of John Kelley, both of this town. At the point where the bodies were recovered, the water is only about six feet deep.

FINE MEMORIAL

Presented to First Universalist Church

As a memorial of their appreciation of the generosity of Rev. C. E. Fisher and the members of the First Universalist church in offering them the use of their church as a place of worship, during the rebuilding of their church, the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, the St. Paul's of thanks which was written on a large sheet of parchment and was read from the pulpit of the First Universalist church on Sunday.

It is engrossed on parchment and framed in ebony and reads as follows:
"To the pastor and the members of the First Universalist church, dear neighbors, friends and fellow workers in the Master's vineyard:

"Just one year ago this morning the flames were rapidly destroying the church home of the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal people. Before the work of destruction was half completed you had offered us, through our pastor, the Rev. George B. Dean, your beautiful and commodious church as a place of worship."

"This magnificent offer was only too gladly accepted by our people. As a result we have worshipped in your church every Sunday afternoon, and every other Sunday evening for nearly all the past year. We have also mingled freely with you in your own service on the alternate Sunday evenings, and have greatly enjoyed the meetings."

"In addition to all this, we have had the privilege of your church for devotional meetings during the week; also for socials, for committee, and for all other gatherings as frequently and as freely as the occasion demanded."

"The officials, the members and the attendants of St. Paul's desire to extend to you their very deep obligation and heartfelt gratitude for these magnificent favors so generously given. The memory of this brotherly deed will ever be precious to all those who in the years to come will enjoy our new edifice, and will listen from time to time to the story of the great fire."

"How sweet, how heavenly is the sight, When each can feel his brother's sign, And with him hears a part; When sorrow flows from eye to eye And joy from heart to heart."

Committee:
(Signed) Charles H. Stowell, William D. Brown, James F. Savage.

June 22, 1908.

ROBBED MAN

WHO HAD SAVED HIM FROM DROWNING.

NAHANT, July 7.—The most grateful man in the world was discovered here yesterday. Also the most honest.

The former is James Rawley, of Wamsocet, R. I., who was rescued from drowning by two Lynn girls.

The latter is an unknown man who was pulled from the water by Frederick Elwell of Salem and who then ran away with \$175 belonging to his rescuer.

Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES \$1 BOX FREE

A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the most powerful and reliable remedy for all nervous and muscular diseases, and for all cases of general debility, indigestion, and all other ailments of the system. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor. They are the only pills that will cure all these ailments, and will restore the system to its normal state of health and vigor.

BOSTON, July 7.—Two deaths and a score of prostrations was the tribute Boston got yesterday for its rank among the four hottest cities of the country.

The day was the hottest of the year and while the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

The day was the hottest of the year and while the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

While the official thermometer in the comparatively cool heights on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths:
Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 59 years, of the South End.

Mrs. Alice Coffoden, aged 32 years, of the South End.

Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.

BY FINE BATTING

Lowell Pounded Victory Out of New Bedford

Local Players Descended on Henry Labelle for 13 Hits—“Fatty” Lord Tickles the Fans

The New Bedford team with “Hi Henry” Labelle, who figured in many a contest between Lowell and Nashua a few years ago, on the slab and “Fatty” Lord, the cleverest fat man in the league, covering second base, was the attraction at Washington park yesterday afternoon. There were about 600 fans in attendance.

Rivard, who was suspended, was in uniform this afternoon and put in some work on the coach line. The Lowell players showed up well in practice and the fans were of the opinion that the team is getting down to something like playing form.

Frederick Andrew Cummings of the Lynn team was a guest in the press box. Umpire Michael O'Brien, he of the big voice, was the decision maker and called the game at 3:15 o'clock.

FIRST INNING.
The visitors opened the first inning with one tally, it being a home run over the right field fence by O'Brien. Barrows, the first man up, struck out.

Larkin followed with a single to second, but Greenwell caught him napping at first and he was nailed between first and second. O'Brien then sent the ball into Middlesex street for a home run. Lord hit to Wolfe and died at first.

In the latter half of the inning Vandergrift made a single and went to second on Zinsar's sacrifice. Labelle threw to third to get Zinsar, but Vandy hit to Moorehead. Vandergrift tried to score, but was thrown out. Howard fled to Barrows.

SECOND INNING.
In the second inning Adler hit to Wolfe and was out at first. Harrison singled to left field, but Greenwell caught him off the base and threw him out. Moorehead closed the inning by flying out to Connors.

The home team scored two runs in the latter half of the second inning. Connors drew a base on balls. Duff hit to Adler and was out at first. Connors going to second on the put out. Wolfe hit to Moorehead who threw him out at first. Connors went to third. Wolfe made second.

THIRD INNING.
In the third inning Weeden struck out. Labelle fled out to Howard. Barrows got hit by a pitched ball and walked to first while Larkin struck out.

The home team scored another run in the third. Zinsar opened with a single. Labelle threw to first to get Zinsar, but Larkin fumbled and Zinsar went to second. He went to third on Magee's sacrifice and scored on Howard's single. Connors fouled off to Weeden and the latter threw the ball to first getting Howard for a double play.

FOURTH INNING.
Greenwell got right down to business in the fourth inning and retired O'Brien, Lord and Adler on strikes.

Duff fled out to Adler and Wolfe hit to Adler and was retired at first. Lennie hit to Moorehead who threw badly to first making his third error. Greenwell fled to Harrison.

FIFTH INNING.
Lowell scored two more runs in the fifth inning. Harrison fled out to Howard and Moorehead struck out. Weeden then came to bat but for some reason or other he left the game and Shea took his place. Shea made a single. Labelle hit to Wolfe who threw badly to first and the runner got on. Barrows fled to Wolfe.

In the latter half of the inning Vandergrift drew a base on balls. Zinsar bunted to Labelle forcing Vandergrift at second. Magee drew a two bagger and Zinsar went to third. Howard singled.

DIAMOND NOTES
New Bedford again today.
“Bunny” Larkin, New Bedford's clever first baseman, is an M. D. with sheepskins from Cornell and Georgetown Medical school. Like Uncle he enters upon hospital service after the season closes.

Uniac's brother was electrocuted by coming in contact with a live wire.

Lowell will swap dates with Lynn tomorrow and will play in Lynn while Lynn will play here on Thursday.

Yesterday was the date on which the Red Sox were to play Lowell but they played in Worcester and defeated Burket's team 1 to 6.

Fatty Felix Lord is one of the attractions of the league. His one-hand catch in the air was worth going miles.

Ladies and gentlemen, get your clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired at the Merrimack Steam Dye House, 477 Merrimack street.

Gents' suits cleaned, \$1.25; pants cleaned, 50c.

Telephone 1963-3.

F. P. LEW, Prop.

DO IT NOW

EUGENE G. RUSSELL

407 MIDDLESEX ST.

Look this list of homes over, and then call at our office, where teams are waiting to show you these places.

Five rooms, for \$10 per month. Good location.

Seven rooms with bath, hot and cold water in fine repair. Choice of upstairs or downstairs; fine neighborhood, \$15 per month.

First class flat of seven rooms, hard wood floors, bath, open plumbing, furnace heat, electric lights, near Foster street. \$20 per month.

Elegant house of eight rooms, in Centralville near Tenth street, hardwood floors, bath, open plumbing, electric lights, electric appliances, only \$25 per month; large lot and lawn house.

APPLY TODAY TO

EUGENE G. RUSSELL

407 MIDDLESEX ST.

to see. He resembled a Glidden airship making an ascent.

The “kidders” in the grandstand were handing it to New Bedford when Delave, who likes to talk back, cried out: “What did I do here three weeks ago?”

“You got drunk, you lobster,” was the quick response and Delave subsided while even Jimmie Canavan gave him a smile.

Billy Connors had a run-in with Manager Eason of Lawrence and taxed him \$25, and ordered him off the grounds.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

Won Lost P.C.

St. Louis 41 29 58.5

Cleveland 39 30 56.5

Detroit 38 30 56.5

Chicago 38 32 54.5

Philadelphia 35 32 52.3

Boston 31 39 44.3

New York 27 42 39.1

Washington 26 42 38.2

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Philadelphia: Philadelphia 6; New York 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Won Lost P.C.

Pittsburgh 41 27 60.3

Chicago 41 27 60.3

New York 40 28 59.0

Cincinnati 38 35 50.7

Boston 31 39 44.3

Philadelphia 27 35 43.5

St. Louis 27 42 39.1

Brooklyn 26 41 38.5

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

At St. Louis—St. Louis-Boston game postponed, wet grounds.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 2; Philadelphia 1.

Cincinnati-New York 2; Cincinnati 1.

At Chicago—Brooklyn 5; Chicago 4.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING.

Won Lost P.C.

Worcester 41 18 69.4

Brookline 31 23 62.4

Lawrence 32 21 60.4

Haverhill 28 29 49.2

Fall River 24 30 44.4

New Bedford 21 31 40.6

Lynn 23 30 43.4

Lowell 22 33 40.0

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Lowell: Lowell 9; New Bedford 4.

At Brockton: Brockton 7; Haverhill 4.

At Lawrence: Fall River 7; Lawrence 4.

GAMES TODAY.

American League.

Cleveland at Boston.

Detroit at New York.

St. Louis at Philadelphia.

Chicago at Washington.

National League.

Boston at St. Louis.

New York at Cincinnati.

Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.

Brooklyn at Chicago.

New England League.

Haverhill at Brockton.

Lynn at Worcester.

Fall River at Lawrence.

New Bedford at Lowell.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The manager of the Ketchup Club wishes to announce that Manager Queenan of the St. Patrick's baseball team can readily fill the open date for next Saturday with the Ketchup Club just as soon as he sees fit, game to be played for \$100 a side. If not next Saturday the first open date.

The Balladville baseball team has an open date for July 11, and would like to arrange games with any of the strongest amateur teams of Lowell, on Sunday, the Ketchup Club or St. Patrick's suburban club team preferred. J. T. Lynch, Balladville manager. Telephone 5013, Lowell Junction, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 5:30 p. m.

CRICKET GAMES.

The annual game of cricket between Lowell and Massachusetts was played on yesterday, and resulted in a magnificent victory for the Rhode Island team. The Rhode Island team was chosen from Providence, Pawtucket, Willow Park and Londsdale. The Massachusetts eleven was selected from Lowell Mohawks, Everett, Lynn Wanderers, Boston, Lawrence, East Boston and Methuen, all connected with the Massachusetts Cricket League. Marshall Macdonald, the home captain, won the toss and decided to bat, and at 11:20 a. m. the captain and J. A. Rothery went to the wickets to face the bowling of Murray and Bennett. The score had reached 23 when Rothery was stumped by Priestley off Murray's bowling, and the latter played a ball from Bennett on to his wicket. Three runs later J. Smith and Hyde carried the score to 67, when the latter player was bowled by Keene, who had replaced Bennett. Bramham followed, but was bowled by Keene without scoring. Taylor scored eight runs. When he hit his wicket trying to play a ball from Murray, W. Smith came in and after scoring eight runs was stumped by Priestley, off Murray's bowling. J. Smith was the next batsman to strike, the retiring batsman having scored 23 runs, seven wickets being down at this stage for 55 runs. Alex Meiklejohn and Felton became associated and carried the score to 140, when the former was bowled by Keene, having scored 23 runs. Armstrong and Burrows assisted Felton to carry the score to 172, the latter player carrying out his bat for 22 runs. J. Keene had the best bowling analysis for his side, with four wickets for 41 runs.

The Massachusetts eleven went to bat at 3:15 p. m. and they made a disastrous start, four good wickets being down for 11 runs. Pace and Priestley carried the score to 34, when the former was caught by J. Smith off Meiklejohn's bowling. Three more wickets fell with the score at 15, a player, who all out for 45 runs, a very small score for such a good batting team. Page, 13, and Priestley, 14, were the only batsmen to reach double figures on their side. Alex Meiklejohn and W. Smith bowled unchanged and they each had a splendid bowling analysis, being almost unplayable. They received great assistance from the fielders. Meiklejohn had seven wickets for 25 runs and W. Smith three for 15. The Massachusetts eleven went to bat for second time and scored 133 runs for five wickets down, when stumps were drawn at 5 o'clock. Murray hit gloriously for 55 and Priestley was not out. Mr. The game was decided by the first inning. Mr. Pearson, president, and Mr. Bennett, secretary of the Massachusetts Cricket League, were present at the game, the former as a player, the latter as scorer, and they desire to express their appreciation of the hospital-

ity of the Rhode Island cricketers and of the splendid wicket that was prepared for them to play on, stating that it was one of the finest wickets in New England.

BASEBALL

Washington Park, Tomorrow Afternoon

LOWELL vs. LYNN

Reserved seats for all Saturdays and holidays on sale at Carter & Sherburne's and Willson's stores.

SITUATIONS WANTED

REFINED LADY would like place as housekeeper, small family; no objection to country. Write H. Sun Office.

EXPERIENCED NURSE would like a few cases in confinement or other nursing. Apply Mrs. E. V. N., 9 Saratoga st.

AN ELDERLY LADY would mind children. Call at 5 Madison st., off Thorne-dike.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, and all other persons interested in the estate of John G. Hewson, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas Katherine Hewson, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court her petition for license to sell at private sale, in accordance with the order made in said probate, or upon such terms as may be adjudged best, the whole of two certain parcels of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of debts, and charges of administration, and for other reasons set forth in said petition.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested in the estate fourteen days, at least, before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least, before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this sixth day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of John J. Meagher, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Michael J. Meagher, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor, therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the twelfth day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, twenty-eight days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, twenty-eight days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITERS

All kinds bought and sold, rented and exchanged. Typewriter repairing a specialty, by expert repair men. Supplies for all machines. Clarence I. Drayton, 4 Howe Bldg., Lowell, Mass., Tel. 426.

IT DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Every one admits it to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Don't Be Deceived

If you have tried other papers of doubtful circulation and failed to get results, that is no reason why you should condemn all newspapers. There are some honest newspapers with actual bona fide circulations. THE SUN, for instance, now prints over 16,000 copies daily. Is it any wonder SUN advertisers get quick results?

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE or rent, 8 room cottage, steam heat, force pump in house, 1 dog, fruit trees, henery, \$2,500. 12,000 goes with house or can be bought separate, 2 minutes' walk from Westford st. var line. Inquire on premises, 71 Staples st.

FOR SALE—Nice building lot on Moody st. 4 tenement block in Navy Yard. Inquire of John McMenamin, 212 Merrimack st.

FOR SALE—Three choice house lots, good titles. Cheap for cash. Apply to Mrs. Reade, 51 Lakeview ave., stone house.

FOR SALE—We've got a store for sale at a nearby beach that is a big investment for some hustling man and wife. Last year the store did a cash business of \$500 in the summer. It was open. Fine stock of post cards, shells, woodwork. The store is 35 ft. long by 12 feet wide and is a little gold mine. Price \$125. Apply at once to Eugene G. Russell, 47 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—8-room house in fine location in Highlands. Bath, set tubs, pantry, laundry, etc. 600 feet of land. Out of town owner says sell quick. 3 min. to cars. \$300. Eugene G. Russell, 47 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—2-ten. house near Crowley st. 5 rooms in each ten. Baths. 700 feet of land. Price \$300. Eugene G. Russell, 47 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—7-room cottage near Abbott st. 180 feet of land. Fine corner. Must sell within 10 days. \$125. Eugene G. Russell, 47 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—Small house in Tewksbury with one-third of an acre of land. Nice well water. All planted with vegetables. 50 fare. Owner leaves city right away. Price for quick sale \$300. Eugene G. Russell, 47 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—Two miles from Lowell, 1 acre of land, small house and barn. Price \$100. G. L. Hubbard, 8 Wyman's Exchange.

FOR SALE—Near Bridge st., two-tenement house, large lot of land. Price \$200. G. L. Hubbard, 8 Wyman's Exchange.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, 30-acre farm, large barn, lot of sheds, small house. G. L. Hubbard, 8 Wyman's Exchange, cor. Merrimack and Central sts.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A pair of gold rosary beads between West Forest and Dewey streets. Finder will please return to Sun Office where a suitable reward will be given.

LOST—A gold watch, open face, on Centralville bridge, Friday night, July 3d. Reward. 251 Market street.

LOST—Josephat Roy lost \$35 on Merrimack st. Finder will find \$5 reward at 45 Moody st. for reimbursement.

LOST—Sunday evening, in Merrimack sq. pocketbook containing sum of money. Reward if returned to Sun Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rosary beads between West Forest and Dewey streets. Name of owner is engraved on back of cross. Finder will please return to Sun Office where a suitable reward will be given.

LOST—Small St. Bernard pup, 4 mos. old, yellow and brown with white spots. Reward for return to 5 Quimby st.

FOUND—A lady's shopping bag with articles. The owner can have by calling at 73 Lincoln st. and proving property and paying for this ad.

LOST—About two weeks ago a black tan and white hound. Young dog. No name on collar. Reward, 15 Middle st.

CAMP WHITE

Adjoining Crescent Park, one mile of shaded seashore on Northcamport Bay, 5 miles from Providence by boat or electric; 40 furnished cottages; board and house, 100 rooms; free bath houses; all seaside amusements; board and room \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day. Circulars. Open July 1st. Camp White House, Riverside, R. I.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE

Trains Leave Lowell

In Effect June 22, 1908.

CHICAGO—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

ST. LOUIS—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

MONTEALE—6:41 a.m. 7:03 a.m. 7:10 p.m. 11:20 p.m.

BURLINGTON—6:41 a.m. 7:03 p.m. 11:20 p.m.

DETROIT—6:50 a.m. 6:55 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

CLEVELAND—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

CINCINNATI—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

UTICA—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

TORONTO—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

HALLOWEEN—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

BINGHAMPTON, HORNEELL, ELMIRA—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:45 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 8:10 p.m.

SYRACUSE, ROCHESTER—6:22 a.m. 6:50 a.m. 7:02 a.m. 11:55 a.m. 12:05 p.m. 12:

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908,
JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

TO SAVE LIVES IN THE HOT SPELL

WHAT CONCERNS MOST PEOPLE JUST AT PRESENT IS THE INTENSE HEAT. TO THE OLD AND INFIRM IT IS VERY OPPRESSIVE AND TO THE LITTLE ONES IT IS A TRIAL OF THE MOST SERIOUS KIND.

HOT SPELLS SUCH AS THIS ARE USUALLY FOLLOWED BY MANY DEATHS FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THE POOR MOTHERS WHO LIVE IN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS IN SUCH WEATHER AS THIS SUFFER TERRIBLY.

UNLESS THEY BETAKE THEMSELVES TO THE WOODS WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES THEY CANNOT ESCAPE THE HEAT. MANY OF THEM WOULD GLADLY GO TO THE PARKS AND STAY ALL DAY WITH THEIR BABES IF THEY COULD.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO OUR PARK BOARD THAT IT SHOULD MAKE PROVISION BY WHICH MOTHERS COULD KEEP THEIR LITTLE ONES IN THE SHADE OF SPREADING TREES FROM EARLY MORNING TILL LATE AT NIGHT? THAT IS OFTEN ALL THAT IS NEEDED TO BRING RELIEF TO INFANTS SUFFERING FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THIS WOULD REQUIRE A MOTHERS "REST" WITH A SHELTER, A TOILET AND A WASH ROOM.

THESE CONVENIENCES SHOULD BE PROVIDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BY THE PARK DEPARTMENT AND THEY SHOULD BE PROVIDED WHERE THE BEST AND THE COOLEST SHADE IS AVAILABLE.

IT WAS PITIABLE TO SEE WOMEN HURRYING FROM FORT HILL PARK WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES YESTERDAY FORENOON IN TIME TO GET DINNER FOR THOSE WHO WERE WORKING, AND THEN RETURNING TO THE PARK WITH THE CHILDREN IN THE AFTERNOON. BOTH TRIPS WERE MADE UNDER THE BROILING SUN. IT WAS TOO HOT TO TAKE YOUNG BABES OUT, BUT THE MOTHERS REASONED THAT IT WAS LESS DANGEROUS THAN TO KEEP THEM IN THE UNBEARABLE HEAT AND THE IMPURE AIR OF SMALL ROOMS IN A TENEMENT BLOCK OR IN SOME ALLEY WHERE A BREATH OF FRESH AIR IS A RARITY. THERE IS MUCH TO BE DONE TO SAVE LIFE IN THIS RESPECT, MUCH THAT CAN BE DONE AT A SMALL EXPENSE, AND THAT SHOULD BE DONE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

WET THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS

IT IS SO INTENSELY HOT THAT THE FIRE DEPARTMENT SHOULD COME OUT AND WET DOWN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS. THIS WOULD BE A GREAT RELIEF TO THE RESIDENTS THERE AND ESPECIALLY TO THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

IT WOULD BE WELL, ALSO, WHEN THE FIRE WAGONS COME OUT TO TURN THE HOSE ON THE SWARMS OF BROWN-TAILS THAT HAVE GATHERED ABOUT THE ARC LIGHTS, AROUND THE LIGHT POLES AND COVERING THE SIDES OF MANY BUILDINGS ADJACENT TO THE LIGHTS. IT WAS STATED THAT HEAVY RAIN WOULD KILL THE MOTHS, BUT IT APPEARS THAT THEY WERE BUT LITTLE, IF AT ALL, INJURED BY THE RAIN OF LAST WEEK.

THE QUESTION COMES, WILL THESE MOTHS DIE OR WILL THEY BE SWEEPED OUTWARD TO THE WOODED DISTRICTS, THERE TO MULTIPLY FOR ANOTHER YEAR? IF THE WATER DEPARTMENT CAN HELP IN EXTERMINATING THIS PEST WHEN IT COMES UPON US LIKE A MINIATURE SNOW STORM, THEN ITS SERVICES SHOULD BE DRAWN UPON, ALTHOUGH THE FIRE APPARATUS, MUCH LESS THE WATER, WERE NEVER INTENDED FOR ANY SUCH PURPOSE.

MORE BALL DIAMONDS NEEDED

THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN HAS ARRANGED TO LAY OUT NINE OPEN SPACES FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS. THE ESTIMATED COST WILL NOT EXCEED MORE THAN \$500 AND THE GROUNDS WHEN GRADED WILL DELIGHT THE HEARTS OF THE YOUNGSTERS.

OUR LOCAL PARK DEPARTMENT HAS DONE SOMETHING IN THAT LINE BUT NOT QUITE ENOUGH. THERE IS A DEMAND FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS IN BELVIDERE WHERE AMATEUR BASEBALL TEAMS ARE QUITE NUMEROUS; BUT THEY HAVE NO MEANS OF VENTING THEIR ENTHUSIASM EXCEPT WHEN THEY STEAL A GAME ON THE GROUNDS OF OLDER BOYS; AND FROM THESE THEY ARE OFTEN DRIVEN OFF AS IF THEY WERE TRESPASSERS THERE. THE YOUNG BALL PLAYER WANTS ROOM, HE WANTS TO SHOUT AND TO ROOT AND TO ENJOY ALL THE PRIVILEGES OF THE DIAMOND. THAT HE CANNOT DO EXCEPT ON A DIAMOND THAT HE CAN CALL HIS OWN.

SEEN AND HEARD

Swimming at midnight is quite the rage at Lakeview and Willow Dale. The water is warmer at that hour than at noon day and the top-snapping turtle is wrapped in the arms of Morpheus.

There is no foundation in fact for the statement that a woman 2000 years old, a Mazdaznan, attended the Mazdaznan convention in this city.

Fall from the water wagon, "Ker-smash!"

Fall from the skies above, Fall from a roof and break your neck, But never fall in love.

The fat boy who took great delight during the winter months in saying mean things to his lean brother, such remarks as "sliver, sliver, sliver," is getting his these days.

They say there's a move on to abbreviate bathing costumes. It strikes us that if the ordinary bathing costume should be abbreviated to any great extent, some guy tracing his lineage back to Adam and Eve would be suing for royalty, providing it is true that Adam and Eve had their costumes copyrighted.

It is rumored at city hall that "Billy" Delmage has contracted with the Lowell Electric company for power to run his perpetual motion contrivance.

Dogs are thicker than mosquitoes at Lakeview and that's going some. No reference to the toothsome frankfort tented.

Miss Florence Linnell of Somerville has evolved a unique method of teaching pianoforte which is attracting considerable attention in the musical world. By the method she pursues, boys and girls of 10 or 12 years are enabled in a year to play difficult classical selections with accuracy and feeling. In general, the unique method used by Miss Linnell consists of a preliminary development of the powers of memory of the child and of the poetical sense. The exercises are so arranged and interpreted by the teacher that each piece, even though only a practice exercise, has a poetic meaning to the pupil, and consequently the pupil for his own enjoyment is bent on showing that meaning by his playing. Thus the notes are involuntarily committed to memory, the technique is perfected and the musical sense is stimulated.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

The annual parish picnic of St. John's church, North Chelmsford, will be held at Nabasset grove on Saturday, July 25. Those who wish to spend a pleasant afternoon will do well to bear this date in mind. The various committees named are leaving nothing undone to make this year's picnic a record-breaker. Percy J. Constantino has been selected as general manager, being assisted in his duties by all the hustlers of the north village. A meeting of the various committees will be held in St. John's T. A. S. hall, next Thursday evening, at 7:15. All members of St. John's church are earnestly requested to attend the meeting. Further particulars will be announced later.

OFFERS TO WED

A SALOON KEEPER RECEIVES TWENTY-TWO OF THEM.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—John Delacy, saloon keeper, of Fifty-seventh street, who received the news that his uncle, Cornelius Kennelly, had died in Cape Town, leaving him \$7,000,000, has received any amount of offers, both in the matrimonial side as well as business propositions, among them being:

Seven automobiles, three houses and lots, six epoch-making inventions, one race horse, two trotters, a bull pup, three gold mines, a steam yacht, five motor boats, a trolley line, 15 private secretaries and 22 wives.

VIOLENT DEATHS

A Day of Tragedies in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 7.—This was the unluckiest day of the year for the coroner's office and the patrol service of the police department.

Seven sudden deaths, five suicides, two asphyxiations, three accidents and one killing in the last 24 hours kept the men in both these departments on the jump.

The excitement and nervous strain of the fourth of July combined with the heat is given by the coroner's office as the explanation for the large number of suicides and sudden deaths.



A SHINGLE IN

TIME SAVES NINE.

Many kinds of shingles, but the best roof-covering that any man can top off with is a

FIRE INSURANCE POLICY in a reliable company. So that if the fire-fund lays his home in ashes, he gets dollar for dollar without delay. Can the manufacturers of shingles offer a kind to beat this? If not insured, let us shingle your roof today, for tomorrow may be too late. Lowest premiums in best companies only.

Russell Fox
159 MIDDLESEX STREET

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

PONTIFICAL ORDER

Ends the Rule in America of Propaganda

ROME, July 7.—A pontifical document reforming the organization and working of the Roman congregations was made public yesterday. It removes Great Britain, Holland, Luxemburg, Gibraltar, Canada, Newfoundland and the United States from the jurisdiction of the Propaganda, these countries thus ceasing to be considered missionary lands.

The decree suppresses a number of offices in the consistorial and consistorial offices, its main tendency being in the direction of economy. The document consists of two parts the first being an apostolic constitution reorganizing the congregations through a more suitable division of subjects and eliminating the duplication of authority, and the second is a special law for the regulation of the labors of the ancient Rota and Segnatura tribunals.

The most important part of the reform is that both civil and criminal litigations are removed from the jurisdiction of the tribunals and intrusted to the Segnatura, the congregations only retaining disciplinary powers. A new congregation regulating discipline is created, its duties covering, also, questions regarding marriages and other sacraments, while the dogmatic side of the sacraments remains under the jurisdiction of the congregation of the holy office, which also has full jurisdiction in the matter of mixed marriages. The pope remains prefect of the holy office.

The importance of the congregation of the consistorial, of which the pope also is the prefect, is augmented by it undertaking the creation of bishops and the direction of the rules of discipline and seminaries and also deciding questions of competence between the congregations.

The Tribunal of the Penitentiary remains only as an internal court for questions of conscience, all other questions going to the Rota in the first instance and then to the Segnatura as a supreme court.

BODY OF LAWYERS.

Any one can appeal against the decisions of these courts with or without the assistance of lawyers, and a special body of lawyers has been formed, the members of which pledge themselves to assist the poor gratuitously. The poor are also exempted from paying fees to the court.

GAHANBAR ENDS

And Mazdaznans Will Have Real Peace

DR. HANISH GETS \$4300

And Proposes Several Innovations

The Mazdaznan gahanbar came to a close yesterday. About 70 delegates were in attendance and they were there "with the goods," for in response to the appeal of Dr. Hanish, "The Little Master" for a building fund, they raised \$4300 in less time than it would take a bank clerk to count it out. In his address Dr. Hanish proposed several innovations, among them being free marble fronts and halls for new temples, new schools to take the place of the present system, unsatisfactory to the doctor, and a school in the local temple.

He ended by inviting the members to the next gahanbar in his temple in Chicago, where he stated there is being erected the finest organ in America. The next gahanbar will open on December 23.

HE ASKS \$20,000

For Alienation of Wife's Affections

Angus G. McDonald of Arlington Heights, a builder, has been made the defendant in an action for \$20,000 damages brought against him by John H. Elkins, a prominent resident of North Danville, N. H., for the alleged alienation of the affections of Mrs. Elkins. The papers were filed yesterday in the East Cambridge court.

Mrs. Elkins, before her marriage, was Sadie Cameron and was well known in this state and New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Elkins were divorced last January.

FATALLY BURNED

GIRL USED KEROSENE IN LIGHTING FIRE.

BOSTON, July 7.—While Mary Murnaghan, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Murnaghan of 9 Ballard place, Jamaica Plain, was attempting to light the gas in the kitchen stove about 6 o'clock last evening, she was fatally burned about the body and head.

She was hurried to the city hospital. She died at 10:45.

Miss Murnaghan was alone in the house. It is believed that she used kerosene oil to hurry the fire and that flames from a cover opening ignited her clothing.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

IN GETTING READY FOR VACATION

don't overlook a fresh pair of shoes

Several Hundred Pairs of Fine Tan and Black Low Shoes,

Snappy lasts for young men—conservative shapes that insure comfort—were \$3.50 and \$4.00,

Now **\$2.85**



BAGS to pack things in **\$1.90 to \$16.00**

SUIT CASES sole leather, imitation leather or Japanese fibre, **\$2.00 to \$8.50**

No one need be ashamed to wear the Arrow Collar—every summer style—quarter sizes 2 for 25c

MILL MEN ANGRY FREE TICKETS

Army Khaki Bought in England 1000 Boys Will See Big Show

THEY BLAME TAFT AS GUEST OF UNKNOWN

Letters Sent to the President Will Also Provide Special Cars

NEW YORK, July 7.—Secretary

Taft's candidacy has been subjected recently to a flank fire which, unless it be checked speedily by remedial action in Washington, threatens to cost the republican nominee the presidency. The political support of a large and influential body of American manufacturers and of a still larger body of American industrial workers.

In letters written to President Roosevelt, to Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and to the War Department, representatives of responsible firms in Boston and this city have protested vigorously against the course of that department while yet under the direction of Secretary Taft, in taking steps to have the khaki for the uniforms of the soldiers of the army of occupation in the Philippines as well as for the Philippine constabulary bought from English manufacturers and made up by cheap coolie labor in Manila to the exclusion of American mills and of American wage-workers.

For the past week the president and the various bureaus of the War Department in Washington have been bombarded by angry letters and telegrams from firms representing the large mills, the commission houses and the government contractors.

So serious has been the assault that President Roosevelt himself has taken an acute interest in the subject, fearing the effects of such a tactical blunder in a presidential year upon the popularity of the Taft candidacy, and has given assurances through the War department that steps will be taken immediately to correct any injustice that may have been done to the American manufacturers and workers.

In a condensed form the charges that now menace the Taft candidacy among American industrialists are substantially that ever since General Leonard Wood has been in command in the Philippines he has directed a large proportion of the quartermaster's supplies contracts into foreign, and especially into British, channels and that Taft has permitted him to do so unchallenged.

The unknown philanthropist who is to distribute 1000 free tickets to the Buffalo Bill show tomorrow intends to do even better by them.

Tomorrow at 12 o'clock noon, the boys, with their invitations, will gather in Paige street, and after being placed on cars, the crowd will move to the fair grounds and be assigned to a particular section of the tent, set apart especially for them. After the show the boys will remain in their seats and after the place has been cleared of the other spectators, they will then march to the cars and be taken to Merrimack square. Each boy will be provided with a folder containing a number of poems that it will pay to commit to memory and remember through life.

The man who is responsible for the day's pleasure will be at the performance, but few, if any, will recognize him.

The committee in charge of the distribution of tickets reported yesterday that a large number of the invitations had been given out, and there are still a few hundred to be disposed of.

Starter Walter Hickey received 50 of the tickets yesterday afternoon and distributed them to the newsboys in and about Merrimack square.

DREW REVOLVER

ON MEN SUSPECTED OF PALMING DIAMONDS.

NEW YORK, July 7.—What is declared to have been a bold attempt to rob the firm of Cooper & Forman, diamond brokers in Malden Lane, was frustrated by the watchfulness of the firm's cashier yesterday.

While two men were examining a tray of gems in the show room, William Stenson, the cashier, walked up behind them and covered them with a revolver, directing them to throw up their hands. Stenson claimed that he had seen the men skillfully palm several stones, and that when they made a break for liberty one of them dropped several diamonds. Stenson brought them to a halt and turned them over to the police. The men said they were James D. Shank and Frederick Kenny, both of New York.

ASK FOR
WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL
FLOUR
THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN OF NEBRASKA

Thrice an Aspirant to Presidential Honors, He Has Proved Himself to Be a Citizen of Whom the American Public May be Proud.

WHEN the Democratic national convention of 1896 opened at Chicago it was a fact known to all that party sentiment had changed; that it had drifted into new channels and was undergoing a sort of political regeneration. It was also apparent that most of those who had been directing the policy of the party had become the exponents of the minority and that those who were responsible for the change were men who had never been active supporters of the financial theories which were so characteristic a feature of the existing administration. At that time it was quite evident that the bulk of the party was prepared to break away from the leadership of the only Democrat who had sat in the presidential chair since the days of James Buchanan. At the early sessions of the convention it was made manifest that the breach between the free coinage of silver advocates and the single gold standard people was complete and beyond compromise. From the first it was clear that the "sixteen to one" movement dominated the convention, and it seemed logical that Congressman Richard P. Bland of Missouri, its author and ready sponsor on all occasions, should receive the nomination for president.

Everything pointed that way. Mr. Bland, known popularly and affectionately as "Silver Dick," the warhorse of the free silver coinage movement, was old and in feeble health, but his popularity seemed to be invincible. His genial disposition and stanch character had made him hosts of friends in all parts of the country, and his earnest teaching had resulted in an army of converts. His friends and supporters were in apparent possession of the field, and their enthusiasm and determination to win were a source of great discomfort to the representatives of the gold wing of the party.

The opening preliminaries were conducted in the dignified and rather perfunctory manner of great national conventions. The claims of contesting delegations were looked into, and everything passed off serenely until the adoption of the platform was reached. It was at the attempt of the gold standard men to introduce a plank committed to their doctrine that the premier sensation of the campaign of 1896 took shape. In the thick of the din and confusion which followed the reading of the gold resolution a sturdy figure elbowed its way to the platform, mounted it with a bound and stood revealed to the turbulent assemblage.

"Who is he?" asked a member of the New York delegation of his right hand neighbor.

"Looks like Bill Bryan—Boy Orator of the Platte, you know."

"No; I don't know. Is he any good?"

"Well, yes—rather. Heard him once in Lincoln."

Now the babel ceased, and a voice rose strong and vibrant, a voice that from its first note penetrated to every part of the great hall and was heard distinctly by every one of the 15,000 persons present. The discordant rumble of speech which the gavel of the bewildered chairman was powerless to control was hushed instantly by the

magic of a voice. It was the most telling bit of political oratory heard since the "plumed knight" burst of eloquence from the gifted Robert Ingersoll. It was a brief and impassioned appeal for bimetallism and an exalted plea for the acceptance of the new Democratic financial teaching. There was not a man in the vast throng who did not feel a thrill when the man from Nebraska uttered his oft quoted "cross of gold and crown of thorns" metaphor. There was a wild whirlwind of applause from friend and foe, and the name of William Jennings Bryan was on every tongue.

No further thought of "Silver Dick." No further chance for the insertion of a gold plank in the platform! Bryan and silver! This became at once the motive of the convention, and all else was deemed irrelevant. The jubilant majority hastened to announce him as its candidate, and in an incredibly short time the whole world was clamoring to be told all that was known about William Jennings Bryan.

It was a simple story, but well worth the telling. He was comparatively a young man, but one year older than the constitution of the United States demands that a chief magistrate shall be. Never before had either great political party chosen for its standard bearer so young a man, and never before had a man who lived west of the Mississippi river received the nomination. It was true that some of his speeches in the lower house of congress had given him something of a reputation as an orator, but his fame had been confined to the capitol and to the narrow limits of his own state. He was practically unknown to the great American public, and especially so to the eastern section of it. It was the first case on record of a nominee who had won the distinction by a single oratorical effort, and the entire country was on the qui vive to see how the young man from Nebraska was going to acquit himself.

He was a disappointment only to those who had failed to appreciate his capability. Those who had done so were amazed at the facility he developed. He entered into the campaign with a zest and thoroughness which were a revelation even to the most experienced campaigners. His political foes soon realized that there was pitted against them no tyro in the business of president making and that usual methods must be abandoned and new systems of defense planned. The opposition was compelled to call all its reserves into service at the very beginning of the campaign, so far-reaching had been the influence of the remarkable convention oratory of the Nebraska man.

Nor did Mr. Bryan do anything during the memorable campaign to dim the impression created by his famous speech. He realized acutely that the American public did not know him, and he resolved that he would do his part in bringing about a closer acquaintance. Since manifestly it was not possible for this more intimate relationship to be cultivated as long as he remained in his remote Nebraska home, he went out among the people and showed them what manner of

man he was. He injected into the campaign a personal quality that had lapsed since the days of the early presidents. It was spoken of as a whirlwind campaign, and such it was, but in spite of the velocity with which it was conducted and the immensity of the area covered Mr. Bryan succeeded in making a marvelous impression.

In that unique campaign the Democratic nominee traveled more than 18,000 miles and delivered upward of 2,000 speeches. As a political spellbinder he

was not only a winner in all respects save one. The Bryan who went down to defeat with Arthur Sewall all of Maine and Thomas E. Watson of Georgia was a greater and more competent citizen than the young man who single day while he was making a whirlwind tour of New York state he delivered forty-nine addresses. Thirty-five speeches, big and little, were made by him on several consecutive days, and it was no unusual thing for him to address twenty different audiences, "Pamphlet" and "visionary" are but the

terms of it. His invasion of what he termed jocosely "the enemy's country" was nothing less than a personal triumph for the Nebraska orator. The effort in itself was phenomenal. In a single day while he was making a whirlwind tour of New York state he delivered forty-nine addresses. Thirty-five speeches, big and little, were made by him on several consecutive days, and it was no unusual thing for him to address twenty different audiences, "Pamphlet" and "visionary" are but the

terms of it. His invasion of what he termed jocosely "the enemy's country" was nothing less than a personal triumph for the Nebraska orator. The effort in itself was phenomenal. In a single day while he was making a whirlwind tour of New York state he delivered forty-nine addresses. Thirty-five speeches, big and little, were made by him on several consecutive days, and it was no unusual thing for him to address twenty different audiences, "Pamphlet" and "visionary" are but the

suffered neither political eclipse nor loss of prestige. His leadership was so indisputable that his opponents within the party did not think it worth while to interfere with his prospects at Kansas City. Later, however, a minority representing those who were not in sympathy with his financial views went to Indianapolis and formulated what is known in political history as the "gold ticket."

At the time of his second nomination Mr. Bryan was still an ardent

man that he declined absolutely to do violence to his honest convictions, that he refused to accept the nomination without a plain declaration that his faith in free silver was still unshaken.

Although new issues had appeared and the financial question had become less insistent, Mr. Bryan saw to it that the silver plank was made a prominent feature of the Kansas City platform. The war with Spain and the subsequent acquisition of the Philippines had made the money question less prominent, but Mr. Bryan did not take advantage of that fact to modify his theory. A single intimation, however slight, that he had readjusted his financial views would have united his party and made him its unchallenged leader, but as long as he was convinced of the truth of his contention he was ready to accept the consequences, even the defeat which came at the election.

Four years later Mr. Bryan did not seek the nomination. He made no secret of his intention to permit the disaffected wing of his party to make the ticket. He appeared at the convention as a delegate and had something to say as to the platform, but he was not active in the selection of the ticket.

And now, for the third time, this man who has preserved his fair reputation at all times and in all places is about to conduct a presidential campaign. Personal worth and personal endowment are potent factors, but they are far from being everything that contributes to the making of an American president. If they were, with Bryan and Taft in the field, the problem would be a thousand times more difficult and the result would be even more problematical than it is.

C. B. SANDERSON.

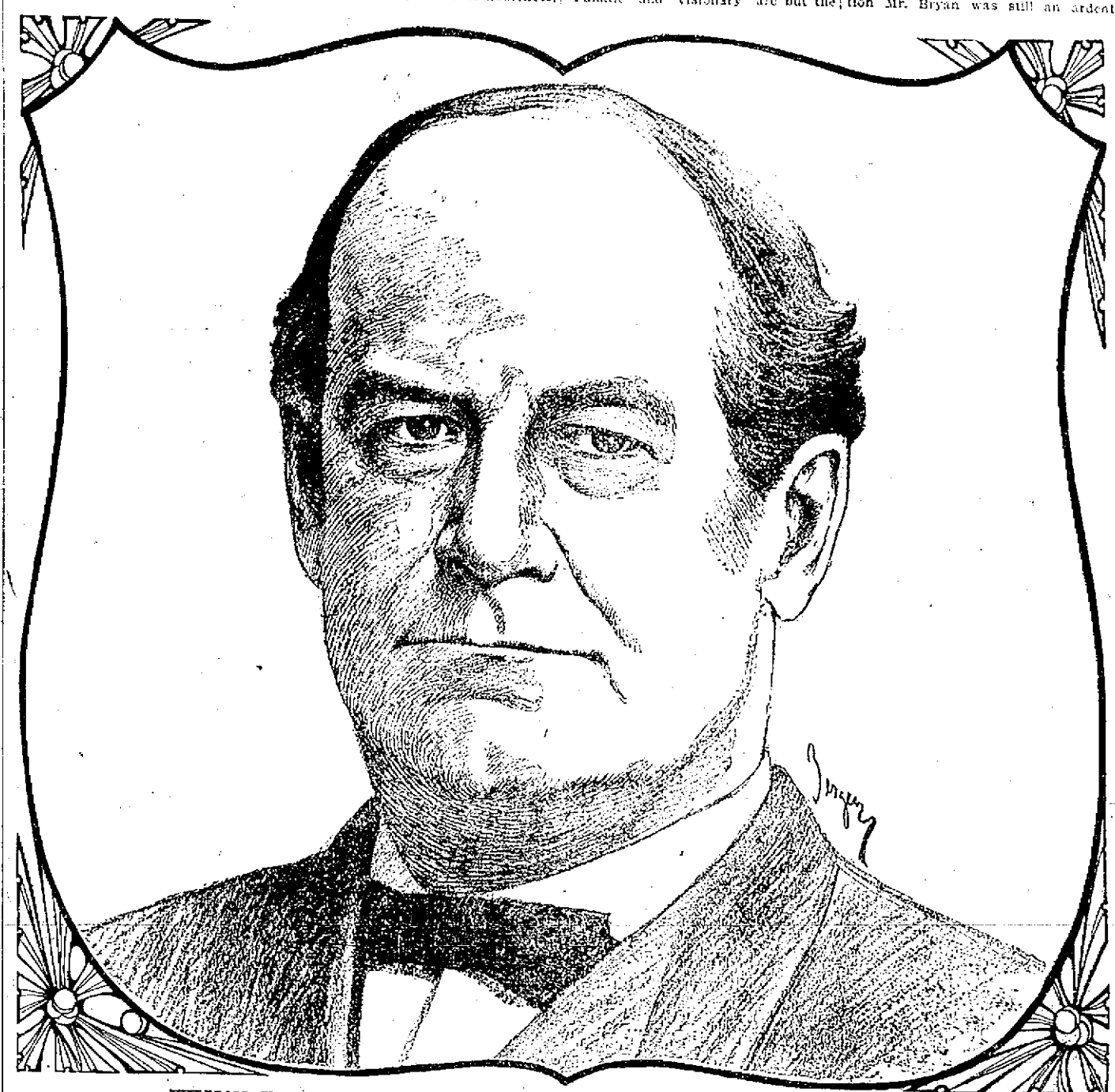
DIPLOMACY IN THE ORIENT.

"To illustrate the unsuitability of European procedure in oriental affairs I will cite an incident in recent political history in Turkey," says a diplomatist. "A certain Kurdish chief had acquired notoriety by his ruthless oppression of the Armenians in his district. The consuls continually complained of his misdeeds to the ambassadors in Constantinople, and these gentlemen in their turn addressed their complaints to the Ottoman government. At last the scandal became so great that the sultan realized that some satisfaction must be given."

"The chief had many friends in the palace, and an ingenious suggestion was made by which he should be saved and the ambassadors at the same time satisfied. The ambassadors were informed that, to give them complete satisfaction, not only should the Kurd be brought to justice, but he should be tried at Constantinople in the presence of the representatives of the embassies."

"The trial was held, and the hostile witnesses, for the most part Armenians, were encouraged to speak with a freedom which they would not have ventured in the provinces, and as a result they witnessed to the criminality of every kind of possible and impossible atrocity, contradicted one another on what purported to be statements of fact and obliged a court proceeding on western principles to discredit all their evidence."

"The chief was acquitted. His friends had known how to protect him. The ambassadors' complaints were silenced. And yet without the intervention of western procedure he could and would, if it had pleased the government, have been justly executed in the province without any further trial than a recitation of well known facts."



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN, DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

has never had an equal. His eloquence in that campaign was so far beyond the oratory of the political spellbinder that even those who were not in sympathy with his financial and economic views were fascinated by his personality and the music of his utterance. Realizing, as he must have done, that his gift of speech was gold-

at twenty different places, within twenty hours. It was the most heroic test of physical and mental endurance ever attempted by a candidate for the presidency.

Mr. Bryan did not win the presidency, but it would be wide of the mark to term him a loser. He was in-

shut out of political controversy. They have served their purpose and may now carefully be put away in lavender.

In 1900 the Democrats convened at Kansas City and once again made Mr. Bryan their candidate, this time by acclamation. In the four years which had passed the Nebraska man had

champion of free silver. Believing that his warm advocacy of that doctrine was the only thing that stood between him and the presidency, many of his admirers tried to persuade him to abandon it or at least to relegate it to a less conspicuous place in his affections. It is another evidence of the courageous uprightness of the Nebras-

man that he declined absolutely to do violence to his honest convictions, that he refused to accept the nomination without a plain declaration that his faith in free silver was still unshaken.

The Twentieth Democratic National Convention

ON Tuesday at Denver, the twentieth national convention of the Democratic party will be called to order in the big new Auditorium built especially for the occasion. This great building, which will seat an audience of 14,000 persons, is reputed to be the most admirable structure of its class in the country. Its acoustic properties are declared to be wonderfully perfect, and all its arrangements have been with reference to the comfort of those who must pass the four or more days of the convention beneath its roof.

It is understood that this particular national convention is to be unlike its nineteenth predecessors. The Denver people have intimated as much, and all the preliminaries seem to confirm it. The inhabitants of the charming Colorado metropolis regard the occasion more in the light of a glad holiday than as a formal political function. National political conventions are something of a novelty west of the Mississippi river, Missouri having enjoyed a monopoly of them until now. As an evidence of the willingness of the citizens to make everybody happy it is announced that every resident will wear a button bearing the legend, "Ask Me," which may be construed to mean an actual thirst to be of service to the visitor.

We have become so accustomed to the quadrennial gatherings which select candidates for president and vice president and incidentally settle on the political theories to be advanced that it is not easy to realize that it has not always been so; that it was almost half a century after the putting forth of the Declaration of Independence before the first national party convention was held. In the early days of this republic candidates were selected by the caucus method. Both the method and the word, it seems, are Yankee inventions, the word caucus being derived from an Indian expression meaning a meeting of big chiefs. Although the date of the birth of this word is uncertain, it was in common use before the Revolution. An entry in the diary of John Adams bearing date Feb. 10, 1763, tells of caucuses held in a Boston attic at which various town officials were nominated before they were voted for in regular town meeting. It is interesting, though immaterial, to know that Mr. Adams' diary also bears rec-

ord of the fact that at these meetings much flip and tobacco were consumed. The limited suffrage which existed in the colonies prior to the Revolution made the caucus a natural outcome, and the members of it were the legal voters of a community. After peace was established the practice was continued for the want of something better and was extended to the selection of state and national officers.

It is probable that the very first political convention ever called regularly for a stated purpose, with regularly elected delegates, met at Utica, N. Y., in September, 1824. That was within the lifetime of a number of voters now living, and if the statement is not correct let them come forward and correct it. At that Utica convention De Witt Clinton was nominated for governor of New York, with James Tallmadge for lieutenant governor, and they were elected. It was not a party convention, being a coalition movement.

The Utica convention proved to be so satisfactory that the question of calling a national convention was discussed. After a good deal of eloquence had been employed pro and con the matter was dropped with the opinion that such a scheme was "entirely impracticable from the immense extent of our country and from the great expense necessarily incident to an attendance from the extreme parts of the United States." This conclusion does not seem unreasonable when it is remembered that at that time there was not a mile of railroad in operation in the land and that it would have taken weeks for delegates from some points to reach the convention town. It was the development of American transportation facilities that made political conventions possible.

It is now agreed that the first national political convention ever held in America was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 at Philadelphia. That party was organized by political reformers who were opposed to the existing order of things and especially to what were known as "Jacksonian methods." It had a rapid growth and at one time assumed formidable proportions. No nomination was made at Philadelphia, but the convention adjourned to reassemble at Baltimore the following year. That time it nominated William Wirt of Maryland,

unanimously and with more enthusiasm than had ever been shown in an American gathering of any kind.

The Democrats at first did not take kindly to the convention idea. They had become accustomed to the caucus method, and they had also become proficient in the use of it. The first of the great national parties to adopt

the convention system was the National Republican, the precursor of the Whigs, which met in convention at Baltimore in the winter of 1831 and nominated Henry Clay. The first nomination committee ever appointed was sent by that convention to give the "bid" the official news of his nomination.

Thirteen years afterward a Democratic convention held at Baltimore

was the first to develop a "dark horse." It was also the first to have its proceedings reported by telegraph and to set the example of a stampede. When the convention was called to order it looked as if Martin Van Buren would have a "walkover." So many states had instructed for him that a clear majority could be figured for him on the first ballot. There was nothing on the surface to indicate that the New

York man need feel the slightest anxiety as to the result. Probably, however, he did not feel as safe as appearances would seem to justify. He knew that about a month before the meeting of the convention, after most of the delegates had been instructed for him, he had written and sent out a letter which might cause him abundant trouble. In that unfortunate letter he had declared flatly against the annexation of Texas. When the vote was taken the trouble became visible. The southern delegates would not obey their instructions. The Virginia delegates even held a meeting to rescind their obligations to vote for Mr. Van Buren. On the first ballot he obtained a majority of only twenty-six

Under the leadership of the gifted Calhoun, who for a quarter of a century had been a presidential possibility, the southern delegates withdrew their support from the New York man and after seven ballots had been taken it began to look like "anybody's fight." Calhoun managed to have the two-thirds rule adopted, with at least two-thirds of the northern contingent opposing.

It was, on the eighth ballot that the "dark horse" episode was sprung. Unkindest and most unexpected of all, it was New Hampshire that sprang it. It was revealed later that the sensation had been prepared before the convention, but at the time it came like a great shock.

The Granite State cast its ballot for James K. Polk of Tennessee, who had not received a vote. When the ballot was counted Polk was found to have received forty-four votes. When this announcement was made cries of "Why is Polk?" came from all over the hall. Thoroughbred friends of the Tennessee statesman felt it incumbent on them to answer the question in a flood of the most untamable oratory ever let loose in a convention hall. It is sufficient to state that one definition of the new candidate termed him "a pure, whole hogged Democrat."

Then the ninth ballot was begun. It went on unchanged until New York was reached. The delegation asked permission to withdraw for consultation, and when it returned the chairman announced that it was the wish of Mr. Van Buren that the vote should be given to Mr. Polk. At that there was intense excitement, and a

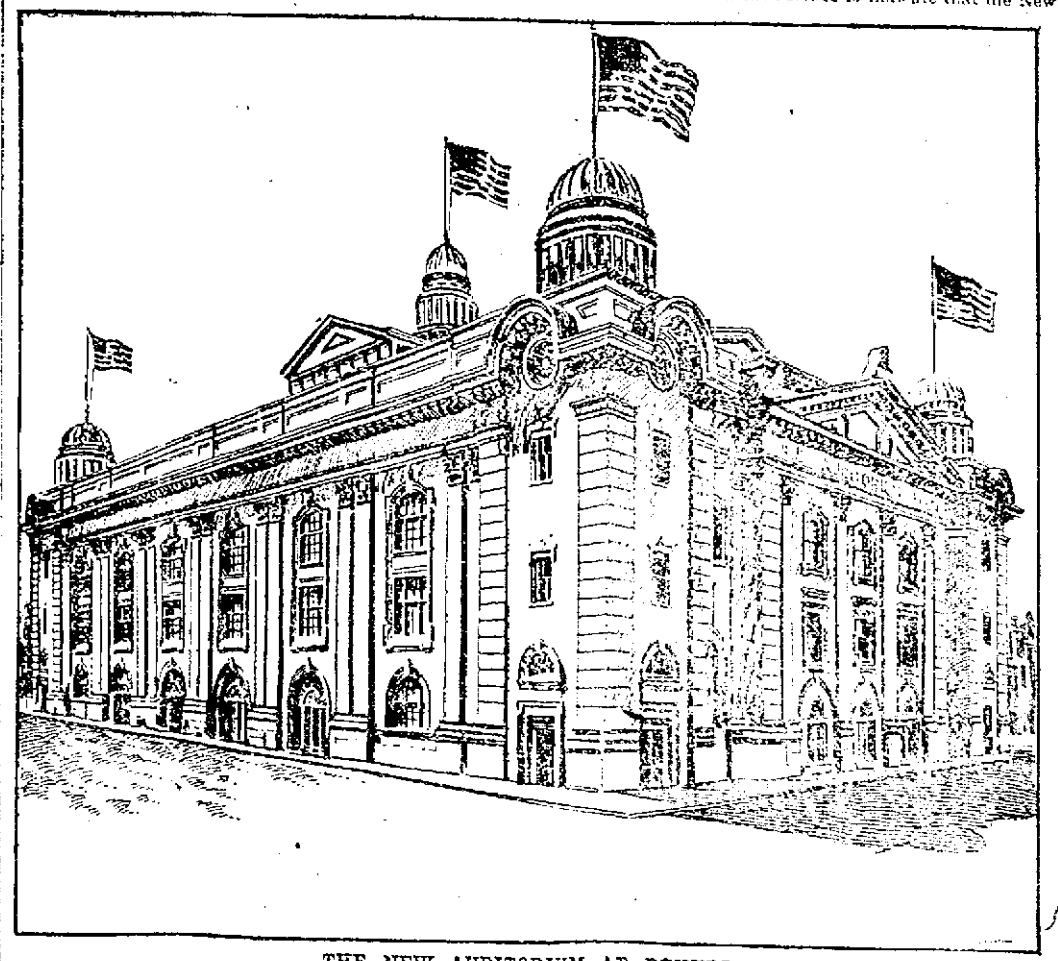
general stampede to Polk followed. When the ballot was concluded it was found that the Tennessee man was the unanimous choice of the convention, and the news was sent out by telegraph. So it was that Polk was the first "dark horse." Another Democrat, Mr. Bryan at the convention of 1896, was the last.

The convention which renominated Grover Cleveland in 1896 at Chicago was one of the most single minded and harmonious Democratic nominating meetings ever held. There was apparently no question of Mr. Cleveland's re-nomination, and William C. Whitely, who was in charge of the Cleveland canvass, found that he had practically nothing to do. When he reached Chicago he declared to a friend: "Why, I can't keep the votes back! They tumble in at the windows as well as at the doors." From the beginning it was evident that everything was going the Cleveland way. The committee on resolutions brought in a tariff plank that was so shifty and ambiguous that it was received with laughter and cries of derision as it was being read. By a great majority the plank was stricken out and a new one inserted, one that was decided enough to meet the views of Mr. Cleveland, radical though they were.

Next to General Bagg's memorable words spoken in seconding the nomination—"We love him for the enemies he has made"—the effort of Tammany's silver tongue orator, Boies Cockran, to prevent the favorite's re-nomination were most entertaining. Cockran began a dramatic appeal for harmony, declaring that it would never come were the president re-nominated. "I feel for him a personal friendship," he declared. "I oppose him in this convention only because he stands between the Democratic party and the light of victory. I believe Mr. Cleveland is a popular man (applause), he continues—a most popular man (increased applause)—a man of the most extraordinary popularity (here he paused while the applause continued for three minutes)—on every day in the year except election day."

But the faint Irishman's sequence was of no avail. On the first ballot Cleveland polled 617 votes, ten more than the necessary two-thirds.

ELLIS STEPHENSON.



THE NEW AUDITORIUM AT DENVER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV. WESTERN DIV.			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Low. Arr. 6:00	Low. Dep. 6:30	Low. Arr. 6:00	Low. Dep. 6:30
6:07 6:37	6:37 7:07	6:07 6:37	6:37 7:07
6:14 6:44	6:44 7:14	6:14 6:44	6:44 7:14
6:21 6:51	6:51 7:21	6:21 6:51	6:51 7:21
6:28 6:58	6:58 7:28	6:28 6:58	6:58 7:28
6:35 7:05	7:05 7:35	6:35 7:05	7:05 7:35
6:42 7:12	7:12 7:42	6:42 7:12	7:12 7:42
6:49 7:19	7:19 7:49	6:49 7:19	7:19 7:49
6:56 7:26	7:26 7:56	6:56 7:26	7:26 7:56
7:03 7:33	7:33 8:03	7:03 7:33	7:33 8:03
7:10 7:40	7:40 8:10	7:10 7:40	7:40 8:10
7:17 7:47	7:47 8:17	7:17 7:47	7:47 8:17
7:24 7:54	7:54 8:24	7:24 7:54	7:54 8:24
7:31 8:01	8:01 8:31	7:31 8:01	8:01 8:31
7:38 8:08	8:08 8:38	7:38 8:08	8:08 8:38
7:45 8:15	8:15 8:45	7:45 8:15	8:15 8:45
7:52 8:22	8:22 8:52	7:52 8:22	8:22 8:52
7:59 8:29	8:29 8:59	7:59 8:29	8:29 8:59
8:06 8:36	8:36 9:06	8:06 8:36	8:36 9:06
8:13 8:43	8:43 9:13	8:13 8:43	8:43 9:13
8:20 8:50	8:50 9:20	8:20 8:50	8:50 9:20
8:27 8:57	8:57 9:27	8:27 8:57	8:57 9:27
8:34 9:04	9:04 9:34	8:34 9:04	9:04 9:34
8:41 9:11	9:11 9:41	8:41 9:11	9:11 9:41
8:48 9:18	9:18 9:48	8:48 9:18	9:18 9:48
8:55 9:25	9:25 9:55	8:55 9:25	9:25 9:55
9:02 9:32	9:32 10:02	9:02 9:32	9:32 10:02
9:09 9:39	9:39 10:09	9:09 9:39	9:39 10:09
9:16 9:46	9:46 10:16	9:16 9:46	9:46 10:16
9:23 9:53	9:53 10:23	9:23 9:53	9:53 10:23
9:30 10:00	10:00 10:30	9:30 10:00	10:00 10:30
9:37 10:07	10:07 10:37	9:37 10:07	10:07 10:37
9:44 10:14	10:14 10:44	9:44 10:14	10:14 10:44
9:51 10:21	10:21 10:51	9:51 10:21	10:21 10:51
9:58 10:28	10:28 10:58	9:58 10:28	10:28 10:58
10:05 10:35	10:35 11:05	10:05 10:35	10:35 11:05
10:12 10:42	10:42 11:12	10:12 10:42	10:42 11:12
10:19 10:49	10:49 11:19	10:19 10:49	10:49 11:19
10:26 10:56	10:56 11:26	10:26 10:56	10:56 11:26
10:33 11:03	11:03 11:33	10:33 11:03	11:03 11:33
10:40 11:10	11:10 11:40	10:40 11:10	11:10 11:40
10:47 11:17	11:17 11:47	10:47 11:17	11:17 11:47
10:54 11:24	11:24 11:54	10:54 11:24	11:24 11:54
11:01 11:31	11:31 12:01	11:01 11:31	11:31 12:01
11:08 11:38	11:38 12:08	11:08 11:38	11:38 12:08
11:15 11:45	11:45 12:15	11:15 11:45	11:45 12:15
11:22 11:52	11:52 12:22	11:22 11:52	11:52 12:22
11:29 12:00	12:00 12:30	11:29 12:00	12:00 12:30
11:36 12:07	12:07 12:37	11:36 12:07	12:07 12:37
11:43 12:14	12:14 12:44	11:43 12:14	12:14 12:44
11:50 12:21	12:21 12:51	11:50 12:21	12:21 12:51
11:57 12:28	12:28 12:58	11:57 12:28	12:28 12:58
12:04 12:35	12:35 13:05	12:04 12:35	12:35 13:05
12:11 12:42	12:42 13:12	12:11 12:42	12:42 13:12
12:18 12:49	12:49 13:19	12:18 12:49	12:49 13:19
12:25 12:56	12:56 13:26	12:25 12:56	12:56 13:26
12:32 13:03	13:03 13:33	12:32 13:03	13:03 13:33
12:39 13:10	13:10 13:40	12:39 13:10	13:10 13:40
12:46 13:17	13:17 13:47	12:46 13:17	13:17 13:47
12:53 13:24	13:24 13:54	12:53 13:24	13:24 13:54
13:00 13:31	13:31 14:01	13:00 13:31	13:31 14:01
13:07 13:38	13:38 14:08	13:07 13:38	13:38 14:08
13:14 13:45	13:45 14:15	13:14 13:45	13:45 14:15
13:21 13:52	13:52 14:22	13:21 13:52	13:52 14:22
13:28 14:00	14:00 14:30	13:28 14:00	14:00 14:30
13:35 14:07	14:07 14:37	13:35 14:07	14:07 14:37
13:42 14:14	14:14 14:44	13:42 14:14	14:14 14:44
13:49 14:21	14:21 14:51	13:49 14:21	14:21 14:51
13:56 14:28	14:28 14:58	13:56 14:28	14:28 14:58
14:03 14:35	14:35 15:05	14:03 14:35	14:35 15:05
14:10 14:42	14:42 15:12	14:10 14:42	14:42 15:12
14:17 14:49	14:49 15:19	14:17 14:49	14:49 15:19
14:24 14:56	14:56 15:26	14:24 14:56	14:56 15:26
14:31 15:03	15:03 15:33	14:31 15:03	15:03 15:33
14:38 15:10	15:10 15:40	14:38 15:10	15:10 15:40
14:45 15:17	15:17 15:47	14:45 15:17	15:17 15:47
14:52 15:24	15:24 15:54	14:52 15:24	15:24 15:54
14:59 15:31	15:31 16:01	14:59 15:31	15:31 16:01
15:06 15:38	15:38 16:08	15:06 15:38	15:38 16:08
15:13 15:45	15:45 16:15	15:13 15:45	15:45 16:15
15:20 15:52	15:52 16:22	15:20 15:52	15:52 16:22
15:27 16:00	16:00 16:30	15:27 16:00	16:00 16:30
15:34 16:07	16:07 16:37	15:34 16:07	16:07 16:37
15:41 16:14	16:14 16:44	15:41 16:14	16:14 16:44
15:48 16:21	16:21 16:51	15:48 16:21	16:21 16:51
15:55 16:28	16:28 16:58	15:55 16:28	16:28 16:58
16:02 16:35	16:35 17:05	16:02 16:35	16:35 17:05
16:09 16:42	16:42 17:12	16:09 16:42	16:42 17:12
16:16 16:49	16:49 17:19	16:16 16:49	16:49 17:19
16:23 16:56	16:56 17:26	16:23 16:56	16:56 17:26
16:30 17:03	17:03 17:33	16:30 17:03	17:03 17:33
16:37 17:10	17:10 17:40	16:37 17:10	17:10 17:40
16:44 17:17	17:17 17:47	16:44 17:17	17:17 17:47
16:51 17:24	17:24 17:54	16:51 17:24	17:24 17:54
16:58 17:31	17:31 18:01	16:58 17:31	17:31 18:01
17:05 17:38	17:38 18:08	17:05 17:38	17:38 18:08
17:12 17:45	17:45 18:15	17:12 17:45	17:45 18:15
17:19 17:52	17:52 18:22	17:19 17:52	17:52 18:22
17:26 18:00	18:00 18:30	17:26 18:00	18:00 18:30
17:33 18:07	18:07 18:37	17:33 18:07	18:07 18:37
17:40 18:14	18:14 18:44	17:40 18:14	18:14 18:44
17:47 18:21	18:21 18:51	17:47 18:21	18:21 18:51
17:54 18:28	18:28 18:58	17:54 18:28	18:28 18:58
18:01 18:35	18:35 19:05	18:01 18:35	18:35 19:05
18:08 18:42	18:42 19:12	18:08 18:42	18:42 19:12
18:15 18:49	18:49 19:19	18:15 18:49	18:49 19:19
18:22 18:56	18:56 19:26	18:22 18:56	18:56 19:26
18:29 19:03	19:03 19:33	18:29 19:03	19:03 19:33
18:36 19:10	19:10 19:40	18:36 19:10	19:10 19:40
18:43 19:17	19:17 19:47	18:43 19:17	19:17 19:47
18:50 19:24	19:24 19:54	18:50 19:24	19:24 19:54
18:57 19:31	19:31 20:01	18:57 19:31	19:31 20:01
19:04 19:38	19:38 20:08	19:04 19:38	19:38 20:08
19:11 19:45	19:45 20:15	19:11 19:45	19:45 20:15
19:18 19:52	19:52 20:22	19:18 19:52	19:52 20:22
19:25 20:00	20:00 20:30	19:25 20:00	20:00 20:30
19:32 20:07	20:07 20:37	19:32 20:07	20:07 20:37
19:39 20:14	20:14 20:44	19:39 20:14	20:14 20:44
19:46 20:21	20:21 20:51	19:46 20:21	20:21 20:51
19:53 20:28	20:28 20:58	19:53 20:28	20:28 20:58
20:00 20:35	20:35 21:05	20:00 20:35	20:35 21:05
20:07 20:42	20:42 21:12	20:07 20:42	20:42 21:12
20:14 20:49	20:49 21:19	20:14 20:49	20:49 21:19
20:21 20:56	20:56 21:26	20:21 20:56	20:56 21:26
20:28 21:03	21:03 21:33	20:28 21:03	21:03 21:33
20:35 21:10	21:10 21:40	20:35 21:10	21:10 21:40
20:42 21:17	21:17 21:47	20:42 21:17	21:17 21:47
20:49 21:24	21:24 21:54	20:49 21:24	21:24 21:54
20:56 21:31	21:31 22:01	20:56 21:31	21:31 22:01
21:03 21:38	21:38 22:08	21:03 21:38	21:38 22:08
21:10 21:45	21:45 22:15	21:10 21:45	21:45 22:15
21:17 21:52	21:52 22:22	21:17 21:52	21:52 22:22
21:24 22:00	22:00 22:30	21:24 22:00	22:00 22:30
21:31 22:07	22:07 22:37	21:31 22:07	22:07 22:37
21:38 22:14	22:14 22:44	21:38 22:14	22:14 22:44
21:45 22:21	22:21 22:51	21:45 22:21	22:21 22:51
21:52 22:28	22:28 22:58	21:52 22:28	22:28 22:58
21:59 22:35	22:35 23:05	21:59 22:35	22:35 23:05
22:06 22:42	22:42 23:12	22:06 22:42	22:42 23:12
22:13 22:49	22:49 23:19	22:13 22:49	22:49 23:19
22:20 22:56	22:56 23:26	22:20 22:56	22:56 23:26
22:27 23:03	23:03 23:33	22:27 23:03	23:03 23:33
22:34 23:10	23:10 23:40	22:34 23:10	23:10 23:40
22:41 23:17	23:17 23:47	22:41 23:17	23:17 23:47
22:48 23:24	23:24 23:54	22:48 23:24	23:24 23:54
22:55 23:31	23:31 24:01	22:55 23:31	23:31 24:01
23:02 23:38	23:38 24:08	23:02 23:38	23:38 24:08
23:09 23:45	23:45 24:15	23:09 23:45	23:45 24:15
23:16 23:52	23:52 24:22	23:16 23:52	23:52 24:22
23:23 24:00	24:00 24:30	23:23 24:00	24:00 24:30
23:30 24:07	24:07 24:37	23:30 24:07	24:07 24:37
23:37 24:14	24:14 24:44	23:37 24:14	24:14 24:44
23:44 24:21	24:21 24:51	23:44 24:21	24:21 24:51
23:51 24:28	24:28 24:58	23:51 24:28	24:28 24:58
23:58 24:35	24:35 25:05	23:58 24:35	24:35 25:05
24:05 24:42	24:42 25:12	24:05 24:42	24:42 25:12
24:12 24:49	24:49 25:19	24:12 24:49	24:49 25:19
24:19 24:56	24:56 25:26	24:19 24:56	24:56 25:26
24:26 25:03	25:03 25:33	24:26 25:03	25:03 25:33
24:33 25:10	25:10 25:40	24:33 25:10	25:10 25:40
24:40 25:17	25:17 25:47	24:40 25:17	25:17 25:47
24:47 25:24	25:24 25:54	24:47 25:24	25:24 25:54
24:54 25:31	25:31 26:01	24:54 25:31	25:31 26:01
25:01 25:38	25:38 26:08	25:01 25:38	25:38 26:08
25:08 25:45	25:45 26:15	25:08 25:45	25:45 26:15
25:15 25:52	25:52 26:22	25:15 25:52	25:52 26:22
25:22 26:00	26:00 26:30	25:22 26:00	26:00 26:30
25:29 26:07	26:07 26:37	25:29 26:07	26:07 26:37
25:36 26:14	26:14 26:44	25:36 26:14	26:14 26:44
25:43 26:21	26:21 26:51	25:43 26:21	26:21 26:51
25:50 26:28	26:28 26:58	25:50 26:28	26:28 26:58
25:57 26:35	26:35 27:05	25:57 26:35	26:35 27:05
26:04 26:42	26:42 27:12	26:04 26:42	26:42 27:12
26:11 26:49	26:49 27:19	26:11 26:49	26:49 27:19
26:18 26:56	26:56 27:26	26:18 26:56	26:56 27:26
26:25 27:03	27:03 27:33	26:25 27:03	27:03 27:33
26:32 27:10	27:10 27:40	26:32 27:1	

6 O'CLOCK BIG FLEET SAILS

Sixteen Battleships Begin Their Tour Around the World

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—A splendid picture of America's fighting strength on the sea was presented today when the sixteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet, led by the magnificent Connecticut with Rear-Admiral Chas. S. Sperry on the bridge, loaded out of the Golden Gate and sailed down the bay in the light of the morning. In imposing array they passed beyond the headlands, out of the view of the thousands of cheering watchers on shore and started fairly on the long voyage through five seas from San Francisco to Hampton Roads—a striking demonstration of the power and efficiency of the United States navy.

Sixteen battleships were in the line, divided into four divisions, and two squadrons. In the first division of the first squadron were the flagship of Rear-Admiral Sperry, the Connecticut, and her sister ships, the Kansas, Minnesota and Vermont. This division, as well as the entire fleet, is under the immediate command of Rear-Admiral Sperry. The second division of the first squadron is commanded by Acting Rear-Admiral Richard Wainwright, and consists of the flagship Georgia and her sister ships, the Nebraska, New Jersey and Rhode Island. Rear-Admiral William H. Emory commands the second squadron and third division, and is aboard of the flagship Louisiana. The Virginia, Ohio and Missouri also are in this division. The fourth division, under the command of Acting Rear-Admiral Scaton Schroeder, is made up of the flagship Wisconsin and the Illinois, Kearsarge and Kentucky. The Nebraska, Kansas and Wisconsin, formerly of the Pacific fleet, have taken the places of the Maine and Alabama of the Atlantic fleet, which are en route to Hampton Roads as a special service squadron.

The fleet auxiliaries preceded the battleships by a week, and are now nearing Honolulu, where they will unload supplies and sail away for New Zealand before the arrival of the fleet at Honolulu. These auxiliaries are the Panther, repair ship; Glacier, refrigeration supply ship; Colgo, supply ship; Ajax, collier; Heller, hospital ship; and Yankton, tender and dispatch boat.

WILL ENCIRCLE WORLD.

The battleships which sailed today on the longest voyage ever undertaken by such a powerful fleet during which they will completely encircle the world, from Hampton Roads to Hampton Roads, have a total tonnage of 184,150 tons. The fleet is capable of steaming on an average of ten knots an hour under any sea conditions, and is following an itinerary which will bring the ships to Manila on October 3, 1908. The complete route from Manila to Hampton Roads has not yet been definitely announced, but it is expected that the fleet will arrive at its ultimate destination the latter part of February, 1909, when it will be joined at Hampton Roads by most of the other ships of the American navy then on the Atlantic coast, and this great war vessel—greater even than that which sailed from San Francisco bay on the morning of May 6th, and greater than the one that assembled at Hampton Roads, December 16 when the present record breaking voyage began and where it will again be reviewed by President Roosevelt, just prior to his going out of office.

AT HONOLULU.

The fleet is scheduled to arrive at Honolulu, July 15. Residents of that remote possession of the United States have prepared a magnificent and fitting reception to the officers and men, which will be of the nature of a banquet and a ball. The Fourth of July celebration combined, it will be the first special entertainment of the fighting men since Puget Sound cities delighted to do them honor, and preparations have been making for months at Honolulu that no pleasing feature shall be lacking.

After a stay of one week in Honolulu, the fleet will proceed to Auckland, New Zealand. It is by special invitation of the New Zealand government that the American ships go there, and at this port the "Yankee" sailors will receive their first greetings from a foreign people since leaving South America. This greeting will be particularly cordial and the entertainment arranged for officers and men promises to be magnificent. The fact that this greeting will come at the end of the longest leg of the voyage around the world when the men are worn by a stretch of seventeen successive days out of sight of land, will tend to make it all the more welcome.

Perhaps the grandest of all the entertainments to be given the men of the fleet in any foreign city, however, will be waiting their arrival at Sydney, the great port of Australia, where the war ships, after leaving Auckland on August 15, will arrive on August 20. Half a million dollars in food and other supplies have been appropriated for the entertainment of the American sailors. Varied and many are the pleasures the Australians have planned and placed in store for them, during the nine days of their stay at that port. The government will take an active part in the entertainments, those in the official life of the colony, along with private citizens in efforts to display their hospitality. A series of elaborate social functions for the officers, and parades and excursions and sports for the enlisted men comprise the program.

GREAT ENTERTAINMENT.

Melbourne and Albany are two other ports of Australia where the fleet will stop, and where generous hospitality and lavish entertainment will be given the men. From the port of Albany the fleet will steam on September 17 for Manila, and it will arrive in that American waters, the last home port of the fleet, on October 1. The reception to be accorded the fleet in Manila will be a striking one, and the entertainment of the officers and men ashore will be as cordial and heartfelt, if not as elaborate, as the

receptions at other places. The American colony in Manila is looking forward to the event with fervent anticipation. A large fund has been subscribed, and committees are at work on the preparations.

VISIT TO JAPAN.

Great interest is felt in the fleet's visit to Japan. Proceeding to Yokohama from Manila, the fleet will arrive there on October 17. Here on October 24 it will be divided, the first squadron returning October 31 to Manila, where it will arrive October 28. The promise is that the welcome to be given the Americans in Yokohama will not be second in grandeur, at least, to anything met with at any port previously touched; for it is upon the special invitation of the Emperor of Japan that the fleet goes there. Elaborate functions at court, and social affairs will be held for the officers of the fleet at Amoy, China, the reception will doubtless be the occasion of a great celebration characteristic of the Chinese. The two squadrons of the fleet will be brought together again at Manila on November 7, and the departure thence for Aden, and the passage of the Suez will take place within the following few days, the exact date not yet having been determined.

The ships of the Pacific fleet, which assembled here previous to the departure of battleships for Hampton Roads, will remain in this harbor until August 5 at which time they will start for Samoa and the Philippines, with the little black boats comprising the Atlantic and Pacific torpedo flotillas in tow. Preparatory to this summer voyage of the Pacific fleet, a squadron of the cruisers will take some of the torpedo boats in tow, and steam down the Pacific coast as far as San Diego by way of a test of the possibility of towing the little craft for long distances. The towing to Samoa and the Philippines is contingent upon the success of this experiment.

DAYTON TO RETIRE.

Admiral Dayton, now in command of the Pacific fleet, will retire August 1, and it is considered probable that Admiral Sigsbee will succeed him in command of the Pacific fleet, and take it across the Pacific and back. Following is a complete list of the Atlantic fleet commanding officers and the formation of the various divisions.

REAR ADMIRAL CHARLES S. SPERRY, commander-in-chief.

FIRST SQUADRON.

First Division. Connecticut (flagship of Sperry), Capt. Hugo Osterhaus, 24 guns, 16,000 tons displacement; 16,500 horsepower, speed, 18 knots.

Kansas, Capt. Charles E. Vreeland, sister ship to the Connecticut.

Minnesota, Capt. John Hubbard, sister ship to the Connecticut.

Vermont, Capt. William C. Potter, sister ship to the Connecticut.

SECOND SQUADRON.

Third Division. Rear Admiral William H. Emory, commanding second squadron and third division. Louisiana (flagship), Capt. Kessuth Niles, sister to the Connecticut.

Fourth Division. Acting Rear Admiral Scaton Schroeder, commanding. Wisconsin (flagship), Capt. Henry Morrell, 15,000 tons; 15,250 horsepower; speed 18.2 knots.

Illinois, Capt. John M. Sawyer, sister to Wisconsin. Kearsarge, Capt. Hamilton Hutchins, 22 guns; 13,350 tons; 11,851 horsepower; speed 18.2 knots.

Kentucky, Capt. Walter C. Cowles, sister to the Kearsarge.

Commander Volante, Nelson, repair ship; Refrigerator supply vessel, Commander William S. Hogg, Cutler, supply ship; Ajax, collier, merchant complement; John Hutchins, master; Yankton, yacht tender or small dispatch boat; Leach, hospital ship; Surgeon Charles C. Stokes, commanding.

SEN. HEMENWAY

HAD A CONFERENCE WITH TAFT TODAY.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—William H. Taft spent today in political conferences and on the golf links. Senator Hemenway of Indiana, who reached here on the midnight train and talked matters over with Representative Burton of Ohio, conferred with Mr. Taft concerning the chairmanship of the Republican party and candidates in Indiana generally today. Mr. Hemenway's name has been mentioned in connection with the chairmanship as representing the Fairbanks wing of the party.

Mr. Taft dictated several letters and then started for the links with Frank Kellogg, national committeeman from Minnesota, and Mr. Burke of Pennsylvania. They were engaged in the game until lunch time. Before the day is over Mr. Taft will take his first horseback ride over the uncertain paths about here. A bridge path along the surrounding ridges gives magnificent views of the country.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Butler Ames Co., U. R. K. P., held a regular assembly last night. Major Frank H. Little of Boston gave instructions in regard to the coming encampment in Boston, August 5-8. One application was accepted. The degree of rank will be worked July 20.

FEARFUL DEATH

Man Impaled on 'Shaft' and Killed

NEW YORK, July 6.—Impaled upon the shaft of a wagon Rudolph Gershon, of No. 121 Avenue C, was carried for two blocks yesterday before his lifeless body dropped to the pavement at One Hundred and Eighteenth street. Hundreds who witnessed the accident cleared the way to save themselves from the hoofs of the frenzied animal.

Incidentally, Policeman Philip McGuire, who stopped the horse, gave an exhibition of bicycle riding that a circus performer might have envied. The horse, belonging to a grocery firm, had been left standing at One Hundred and Fourteenth street and Eight avenue by the driver, Frank Saterpina, who had removed the horse, placed a box of oats in front of the horse and then went to get his dinner. The horse became frightened at a floating bit of paper and bolted up the avenue.

SHAFT IMPALES WORKMAN.

As it approached the transfer point at One Hundred and Sixteenth street Samuel S. Einstein and Rudolph Gershon, ironworkers, were waiting for a car. Einstein was knocked down and had his right leg broken.

The right shaft of the wagon entered Gershon's mouth and is supposed to have penetrated the brain. He was impaled upon the shaft and swept off his feet as the horse rushed onward. For two blocks the limp body of Gershon hung, while the cries of horror went up from the spectators. Then the victim dropped, while the horse kept on to One Hundred and Twentieth street, where it slammed into a big van which the driver had stretched across the street to halt it. But the horse only tore loose from the wagon and with the shaft still hanging to it kept on.

JURY IS CHOSEN

For the Trial of Steve Adams

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., July 7.—With the jury completed, nine of whom are farmers and the opening statements of the defense and prosecution, the taking of testimony began here today in the trial of Steve Adams accused of assassinating Arthur Collins, the mine manager, during the strike trouble to Telluride several years ago. District Judge C. Haeckeloff, sitting in the case, granted the application of the defense to have the state summon Adams' witnesses by allowing \$100 for the purpose. Attorney Hilton objected to the admission of Adams' alleged confession on which the state's case is based. The court permitted reference to the confession in the prosecutor's opening address, but withheld his decision as to admission of the confession itself to which the objection was made by the defense that it was involuntary.

KILLED MOTHER

Young Man Placed on Trial

NEW YORK, July 7.—"I swore that I would kill my mother when I got out of jail, even if I died five minutes after I murdered her. She was the cause of my spending most of my life in reformatories, protectories and jails. So I fired four shots into her, and I would have killed my sister if it hadn't been that she had 'blids.' Neither of them ever gave me a kind word.

Cool as if he were a mere spectator, and not one who stood in the shadow of death, 25-year-old Bernard Carlin, who on April 8 last shot and killed his mother, Susan, made this statement in the County Court, Brooklyn, before Judge Dike, a few minutes before he was sentenced to die in the electric chair during the first week in August.

According to Judge Dike the trial was a record breaker for speed, in the annals of murder cases in New York state. The selection of a jury began at 10 a. m. Ten minutes later the twelve men were in the box, ready to hear testimony.

At 11:50 the prosecution had ended its case, and at 1 o'clock the defense had entered its plea, had made its summing up and the prosecution also had summed up. The case went to the jury, which promptly went to lunch, without deliberating. Returning after an hour, they discussed the evidence, and at 2:15 filed into the courtroom with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

The judge looked at the prisoner, who sat nonchalantly near him, and sentence was promptly imposed. Young Carlin, calm and imperturbable, heard the fatal words without a tremor.

Sitting by the rail in front of the judge, as the solemn sentence was pronounced, was a woman who says that she is the Countess Caroline von Schliman, of Germany, living at No. 925 Myrtle avenue, where she earns a living as a dressmaker. It is said she took a keen interest in Carlin's fate, and when she heard the man condemned to die, she rose to her feet, swayed, and then fell over the rail in a faint. She was removed from the courtroom.

CONNECTICUT

TO GIVE ITS PLACE TO MINNESOTA.

CONVENTION HALL, July 7.—At a conference early today the Connecticut delegation voted 10 to 3 to give place to Minnesota on the call of states for presidential nominations. Under this arrangement Gov. Johnson's name will be presented early in the fall.

TWO FATALITIES

Attended Grand Prix Auto Race at Dieppe

DIEPPE, July 7.—Almost a million persons today saw the German driver capture the automobile honors of 1908. They got the first three places in the Grand Prix race while another German cut down the Dieppe track record by one hour and forty-five minutes.

The race was the most exciting since the terrible race was staged at the start and three Frenchmen, Szever, Florio and Babbat, and Wagner, an Italian, and Sulzer, a German, beat the lap record made last year in the first round. In the second round Nazario, driving a Fiat, forced to the lead. Tire trouble then developed and a strong wind that blew straight in the faces of the drivers as they came down the sea leg of the triangular course forced a reduction of the pace and put an end to the hopes entertained earlier in the day that the record of last year would be broken. Lautenschlager in his Mercedes drove steadily and took the lead in the fourth round when Nazario dropped back owing to a jammed clutch and he maintained this position to the finish.

The English drivers never were prominent from the beginning and Strang, the American, driving a Thomas car, after finishing the fourth round next to the leader, disappeared. After the fourth round the Italian also dropped out.

The French kept up the struggle, but one by one their crack drivers succumbed.

The Frenchmen found much consolation in the gallant conduct of Henry, who finished second. When the race was about half over a stone thrown by a flying wheel struck and broke his goggles and a piece of glass was driven into his eye. He continued to the finish and there his accident was made known. But he refused to quit. After a surgeon had given him an injection of cocaine to kill the pain he resumed his wheel and continued to the finish.

The German victory is naturally not very popular with the French, but nevertheless thousands cheered Lautenschlager as he came in a winner. As Lautenschlager was escorted to the presidential box where he was congratulated by M. Moujan, under secretary of the Interior, who represented President Fallieres, the band played the German national air.

There were only two fatalities. While finishing the final round the tire of the machine of Cissac, a Panhard, was torn off. It was thrown on the top of his assistant and him and they were horribly crushed.

Another serious accident happened to Harrison, the English driver of a Weigel car. This machine lurched somersault at a dangerous point in the race and Harrison was crushed and was removed to a hospital.

POPE NOT ILL POWERS RETIRES

He is Enjoying Good Health Will Not Run for Congress Again

ROME, July 7.—There is no truth in the report emanating in Paris that the pope is in ill health. Since he was elected to his present office the pontiff has never enjoyed better health during the summer time than he has this year. This morning after celebrating mass he was walking in the gardens at 7 o'clock. Later the pontiff received a number of visitors.

HOULTON, Me., July 7.—Congressman Powers today tendered his resignation as a candidate for re-election to congress. It was given in a letter to Dr. Robinson of Bangor, chairman of the republican district committee. Congressman Powers will complete his present term which expires next March. The reason given for the declaration to serve further is the ill health of the congressman the past few months.

STILL TIED UP

No Traffic on Western Railroads

TALK WITH TAFT

About the National Chairmanship

OMAHA, Neb., July 7.—Passenger traffic on western railroads is still tied up as the result of yesterday's flood at Lincoln. The Burlington railroad is detouring its western trains which requires 22 to 15 hours to get around the flooded districts. The Northwestern is refusing all business for Lincoln and south of that city. The Missouri Pacific main line is open but the Lincoln branch is blocked.

The Rock Island is transferring passengers around two breaks and expects repairs to be completed by noon. The Union Pacific main line was damaged by the floods but its Lincoln branch will not be repaired for two days.

MAYOR JOHNSON

Has Broken Out in Honduras

Defeated for National Committeeman

DENVER, Colo., July 7.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland was defeated for membership on the national committee today at the formal caucus of the Ohio delegation. It already had been stated that H. C. Garber of Columbus was to succeed Mr. Johnson, but the mayor of Cleveland put up a hard fight which lasted for an hour. The result, however, was heavily against him, the vote being 27 for Garber to 7 for Johnson.

At the opening of the caucus Mr. Johnson presented a telegram conveying to him the complete list of the members of the delegation who had been delayed in crossing Nebraska. The committee refused to accept them and although Mr. Johnson endeavored to have it read into the record, it was entirely excluded. For member of the committee on resolutions, D. M. Graber was successful over E. H. Moore, the Johnson man. Max G. Smith defeated E. Whaley for membership on the credentials committee.

A CHALLENGE

TO ANY SHOE SHOP TEAM IN LOWELL.

July 7, 1908.

Editor Sun:—After waiting two weeks and receiving no response from the challenge issued recently through your paper to Foster's baseball team, we will now extend this challenge to any shoe shop team in the city, for a game of baseball, to be played Saturday, July 11 or 18, for any suitable purse.

Thanking you in advance for this favor of issuing this challenge in your paper, I remain

Respectfully yours,

James Brown,
Mgr. Stover & Bean's Baseball Team.
Samuel Barber, Asst. Mgr.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CAPTURES MAN NEGRO KILLED

Who Tried to Stab Another

While Trying to Enter Girls' Room

NEW YORK, July 7.—Police Sergeant O'Brien, of Edgewater, N. J., late yesterday made a remarkable arrest, and probably saved a man from being murdered in the Hudson river off Fort Lee. He was standing on shore when he heard wild yells of "Murder!" Looking down stream he saw a rowboat with four men in it, one man endeavoring to ward off knife blows, which another was attempting to inflict.

O'Brien swiftly donned his cap, threw off his coat and leaped into the river. He swam nearly two hundred feet to where the boat lay. The knife wielder, seeing the other approaching, ceased his struggle with the other man, dropped his knife, and plunged overboard, intending to gain the shore before the policeman could reach him.

But O'Brien divined his intention, and while the three other men rowed like mad down the river, the bluecoat, a man of splendid physique and great courage, turned about and swam swiftly after his prey, catching him long before the shore was reached. O'Brien had little difficulty in subduing the prisoner, and in the water, and both were dragged to the ferry boat.

At the station house the prisoner said he was Michael Mecker. He would not give his address, nor would he tell who his companions in the boat were. He is charged with assault with intent to kill.

O'Brien had to go to his home after the strenuous experience of swimming against the tide while handicapped by shoes, trousers and the other attire.

MAN DROWNED

Another Nearly Lost His Life

WORCESTER, July 7.—W. R. Grange of this city lost his life, and his companion, Herbert P. Lacey, was nearly drowned while attempting to save him when a canoe in which they were paddling overturned in Lake Quinsigamond today.

Grange could not swim and Lacey is a poor swimmer.

THE AMERICANS

Will Finish Their Work at Brighton

LONDON, July 7.—The American athletes who are to take part in the Olympic games have put in the last two days in the stadium in practicing the setting up accustomed to the track and grounds. They have decided to go to Brighton and stay there until the games begin. The entire team started for the seaside this afternoon.

PLANK BURNED

FIRE IN HANOVER STREET THIS AFTERNOON.


The alarm from box 155 shortly after the noon hour today was for a fire in a store in Market street near Hanover street. A plank that supported a chimney caught fire. The burning of the plank was almost the sum total of the loss.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



Pay Less Rent

Why not rent that vacant room and reduce your own rent? A classified advertisement in THE SUN will do it. Try it. Others have, with good results.



BRYANT & STRATTON COMMERCIAL SCHOOL BOSTON

Will Reopen Sept. 8th

Persons desirous of becoming competent and successful Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Secretaries, or Commercial Teachers, with assurance of employment when qualified, will find in the

BRYANT & STRATTON COMMERCIAL SCHOOL BOSTON

Now Located in its New School Building, 334 Boylston Street

A most desirable opportunity for study and practice under the direction and supervision of a large corps of Well Known and Experienced Teachers

COURSES OF STUDY

GENERAL COMMERCIAL COURSE	STENOGRAPHIC COURSE
SECRETARIAL COURSE	CIVIL SERVICE COURSE
SPECIAL COURSE	

Every possible requisite for personal safety, rapid progress, with cheerful and healthful surroundings is afforded. Persons who cannot call for personal interview may have printed information of terms and conditions of admission by mail. Address, H. E. HIBBARD, Principal, 334 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON.

LATEST STRANG BEATEN

American Driver Made a Poor Showing

DIEPPE, July 7.—Strang, the American driver, was hopelessly beaten for the Grand Prix, an hour before the race started this morning. As he was driving into the enclosure before the start of the race the transmission and reversing gear of his car jammed and the car crossed the starting line with the first and second speed and the reversing gear out of commission. The latter would probably have disqualified the car had it had a chance of winning as the rules specifically require a reverse worked by a motor. Neither Strang nor his mechanic expected to finish the first round but managed to negotiate it in 53:44 and after more re-

THE HOTTEST YET Thermometer Reaches 94 Degrees in Shade

People of the Tenements Slept on Roofs and Fire Escapes Last Night—Fire Dept. Should Wet Down Streets

Today is the hottest yet. At 10 o'clock the thermometer at Lang's pharmacy opposite City Hall registered 92 in the shade while at noon in Merrimack square the mercury stood at 94 in the shade.

Last night was a tough one on the people in the tenements and many slept on the roofs, fire escapes, doorways and back yards. As early as four o'clock this morning a procession of children with every odd kind of a child's wagon or vehicle could be seen winding its way along Pawtucket street to the ice houses to pick up all the broken pieces of ice available which through the kindness of the Gage company they are permitted to take. This procession may be seen every morning in the week during the hot weather but within the past few days its numbers have increased enormously.

Mr. James J. Brown of the board of charities, who is also a pharmacist, in conversation with a reporter of the Sun this morning said: "I should think that the fire department should be asked to wet down the streets in the congested districts these warm days in the interest of the public health. While the city has been very fortunate thus far in regard to sickness, if this weather continues we will certainly have much sickness to treat, especially among children. The wetting down of the streets in the congested tenement districts would go a long way toward alleviating the distress of the poor people during these unbearably hot days and nights."

The reporter called at the mayor's office in regard to the matter but his honor is at Bennington, N. H., and could not be seen.

At the office of the street and sewer departments Supt. Morse stated that while it had not been necessary to suspend work on account of the heat, up to noon, he was of the opinion that if the intense heat continues he will be obliged to shut down some of the work.

Agent Bates of the health department said: "The city is remarkably free from illness for this time of year. We have only seven diphtheria cases and three of scarlet fever, while there has been practically no cholera infantum. This weather will undoubtedly bring on a run of cholera infantum."

At the city dispensary, Mr. Mason stated that the rush hadn't started though he was of the opinion that it would soon be on.

COL. WM. BRYAN

Keeps in Touch With Denver Convention

FAIRVIEW, Lincoln, Neb., July 7.—With the sun shining brightly but the air still somewhat chilled after yesterday's deluge, W. J. Bryan today awaited the opening of the democratic convention. After all the recent visits of delegations the day seemed quiet.

Mr. Bryan last night showed great interest in the work of the committees at Denver. He inquired after the selection of new national committee members and what delegates were chosen on the resolution committee. It was the latter that excited his greatest interest, he believed, for the platform is of prominent importance. Mr. Bryan's home is in direct communication with the auditorium at Denver.

TWENTY YACHTS

TOOK PART IN RUN OF EASTERN YACHT CLUB.

LINCOLN BAY, Me., July 7.—For the first time in several years the Eastern Yacht club fleet was able to get by Boothbay before running into a fog bank, for today the yachts left here for Seal harbor at the western entrance of Penobscot bay under clear skies. The cruise thus far has been unusually successful and many of the yachtsmen ascribe the fact to the two 12-year-old masts. R. W. Edmunds, 32 and young

Grand Charity Fete

At Washington Park, Tuesday Eve., July 14
ADMISSION 25c
Music, Dancing, Sports and Refreshments

POLICE COURT

Many Offenders Were Before Judge Hadley Today

Michael Finnegan, who is better known to the public as "Mike Finnegan," occupied a seat in the dock in police court this morning just because he failed to carry out a promise which he made to Judge Hadley a week ago yesterday.

It will be remembered that the week before last "Mike" was arrested by Patrolman Palmer and in court was charged with the larceny of 200 pinks. Despite the fact that Mike denied that he stole the flowers, the court found him guilty and a fine of \$10 was imposed. He said if the money he would pay to the court he would appreciate the kindness and Judge Hadley after a conference with Lawyer Hennessy agreed to give Finnegan time to pay it.

Finnegan was scheduled to appear in police court yesterday morning with the ten spot, but when his name was called he was among the missing and the court ordered the clerk to issue a capias and as a result Finnegan slept in a cell last night.

In court this morning the original fine of \$10 was imposed.

Mike, who has appeared before the court on numerous occasions, is noted for his oratory and his manner of explaining things, and generally has a great deal to say. After the sentence was passed Mike arose and said: "I would like to speak a few words, Your Honor." But the court decided that Mike had spoken his little piece and he was hustled below.

THE DRUNKS.

There was quite a number of drunks in the dock this morning which caused Judge Hadley to remark that the hot weather was no excuse for drinking liquor.

Peter Coyle was before the court yesterday and was fined \$2, which he paid. This morning he occupied a seat in the dock and was fined \$6. The other second offenders were Daniel J. Daly and John J. Roach.

There were four \$2 drunks.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

John Murphy, fish washer and general utility man in the culinary department of a boarding house, got overhauled yesterday and decided to try to cool his insides by filling up with liquor, with the result that he was arrested. It was his third appearance within a year and he looked as though he was slated for a "ride," but Judge Hadley weighed the

WITHDREW APPEAL.

John E. Bulmer, a 33d degree man, was sentenced to four months in jail yesterday and appeal. This morning he withdrew his appeal.

MUST SERVE SENTENCE.

Fred L. McLaughlin was in court a short time ago and was given a suspended sentence of five months in the house of correction provided that he abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors and behave himself, and just because he did not carry out the order of the court he will have to go to the house of correction now to serve out his five months.

WAS FINED \$5.

Wolchek Rish pleaded guilty to the larceny of a pocketbook and \$2.40, the property of Eva B. Dilson. The Dilson woman was down town yesterday and dropped her pocketbook on the sidewalk. Rish was directly behind her when she dropped the pocketbook and picked it up. She accused him of taking the money, but he denied it. Patrolman Ryan received a complaint from the woman and he placed Rish under arrest.

At the police station Rish denied he had the pocketbook, but a search of his clothes brought the missing pocketbook to light. Inasmuch as the man has a family dependent upon him, the court imposed a fine of \$5, but Rish was unable to pay it.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

Cornelius O'Hearn was in court yesterday morning on a charge of drunkenness and the case continued till this morning. He was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail.

MORE SUFFERING CROWD FOOLED

Four Deaths Reported By Report of Fire at Lakeview

A small brush fire in the rear of the Lakeside hotel formerly Mercier's hotel at Lakeview, last evening, caused an excited individual at the lake to telephone in that the hotel and skaling rink were on fire. The news spread through the city like wildfire and the street railway company put on an extra electric to accommodate the crowd that wanted to see the blaze.

The Pawtucket fire company heard the news and made all preparations to go out should the Detroit fire company demand its services. But it was only a midsummer night's dream and the crowd that went out consoling themselves with the knowledge of the fact that they had had a cool ride.

NEW JERSEY MEN

Decided to Vote for Judge Gray

DENVER, Colo., July 7.—The New Jersey delegates decided today after a heated argument to vote for George Gray of Delaware for president. It was also decided to vote under the unit rule. The latter decision was not reached until after a long debate. Robert Hudspeeth was elected member of the national committee and James Smith, Jr., was chosen to represent the state on the committee on resolutions.

AT ST. PETER'S

PATRONAL FEAST OBSERVED ON SUNDAY.

The feast of St. Peter and Paul was being observed at St. Peter's church on Sunday. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10 o'clock with Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan as celebrant. Rev. W. George McMillin, deacon, and Rev. Hugh M. McDermott, sub-deacon. The prayers were delivered by Rev. Fr. Mullin. The altar choir and sanctuary choir rendered sacred music. Next Sunday the Holy Name society will observe its communion at 10 o'clock and at 11 o'clock. The members are to assemble in the Park hall at 10 o'clock and from there will proceed to the church where mass will be celebrated in the main altar. The Holy Name choir will assist. A big attendance of members is expected. After mass breakfast will be served in the hall. A social meeting of the Tabernacle society will be held this evening.

Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan of St. Peter's is enjoying his vacation.

TWO MORE DEATHS.

PITTSBURG, July 7.—While the heat wave here was broken by rains during the night two deaths and a number of prostrations were reported early today.

OFFICER SANBORN

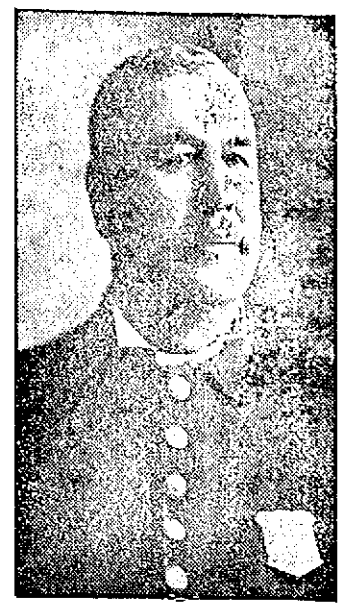
Completes Fifty Years of Service

HIS FRIENDS TENDER HIM A BANQUET

Sketch of His Long and Honorable Career

Patrolman Thomas J. Sanborn, who has been stationed at city hall for a number of years, will have completed fifty years in the service today, and this evening will retire from duty. Tomorrow night about fifty friends of the officer will gather at the New American hotel and give him a royal send-off. Besides the supper and speaking Mr. Sanborn will be presented a gold service badge.

Among those who will gather around the festive board will be Frank K. Stearns, Judge Samuel P. Hadley, Charles H. Hanson, Thomas P. Dooling, Supt. William B. Moffatt, Deputy Superintendent Redmond



OFFICER THOMAS J. SANBORN.
Photo by Marion.

Welch, John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H., Mass., A. J. Lyman, of Wilmington, Mass., A. J. Mooney, a conductor of the Boston & Maine, from Salem, Herbert Conant, representing the office of H. C. Taft; Rev. Ransom A. Greene, Rev. James M. Craig, City Treasurer Andrew P. Stiles, City Clerk Girard P. Dorman, James P. Ramsay, probation officer of Middlesex county and officers Frank Goodwin, William O'Brien, Horace Clements and others.

John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H., department, informed the secretary of the banquet committee that he would, at present, Mr. Cassidy is an old friend of Mr. Sanborn, having known him for over a quarter of a century.

Mr. Sanborn was born in Sanbornville, N. H., May 12, 1838, and is therefore slightly over 70 years of age. He came to Lowell in 1850 and was employed for a time in the mills of the Tremont & Suffolk company, at the millwright wage of 47¢ per cent per diem.

He was first appointed a special official for the Belvidere mill in 1855 and was appointed a supernumerary officer April 13, 1858. His first duty was on the South common, with the work ahead of him of preventing any injury to the young trees there. There was no police uniform worn at that time, and the first uniform came into use in 1860 and 1861. Mr. Sanborn's first regular route was in Centralville and he then patrolled the post office beat for 10 years, at night.

In those days the guardians of the peace carried large rattles and, when a fire was discovered at night, it was the custom of the officers to make all the noise possible with these rattles. For 30 years Mr. Sanborn was detailed for day duty, most of that time being spent at the Middlesex street station. Four years ago he was transferred to city hall.

In the old days it was not an uncommon occurrence to chase officers when the administration changed and in 1864 Mr. Sanborn was removed from the department because of the change of administration. He went to work in the freight house of the Boston & Lowell company and later became a member of a locomotive running between Lowell and Ayer.

He was reappointed to the police department in 1867.

Mr. Sanborn is a member of Ancient York lodge, F. and A. M., and a charter member of Passaconaway tribe, I. O. U. M., and of Columbia council, O. U. M.

It is the intention of Mr. Sanborn to go to California and Oregon for a trip within the next month. He has relatives in both states.

DEATHS

CRITTENDEN—Presiden H. Crittenden died yesterday morning at the Lowell hospital, aged 101 years, 10 months and 16 days. He leaves a widow, a father and mother, five brothers and four sisters. The body was sent to Nova Scotia for burial by Undertaker C. M. Young.

GAGE—Mrs. Daniel Gage, a resident of this city for over 50 years, died at her home Saturday night, about midnight, after an illness of six weeks. She is survived by one daughter, Miss Martha Gage.

DAVIS—William Davis, aged 26 years, 5 months, died last night at his home, 411 St. James street. Deceased leaves a father and mother, one sister, Anna Davis, and a brother, Alexander.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nugent of Pleasant street.

Miss Minnie Harris of Roxbury is the guest of Mrs. M. Cohen of Howard street.

CONVENTION HALL

Can Accommodate 12,000 Persons if Necessary

DENVER, July 7.—Practical test was applied to the great convention hall, which the people of Denver have erected especially for the democratic national committee. Let no one entertain the idea as did many of the delegates before their arrival here that the convention is to meet in a great barn-like temporary structure hastily flung together with frail and inflammable materials to serve somehow for one occasion, of doubtful acoustic properties and scant fitness for even a temporary purpose. The first impression the stranger gets from a view of the building is that of permanency. Granite and steel, without stint, have been used in the construction. The building of pale gray brick and granite occupies the block on the east side of Fourteenth street between Curtis and Champa streets on the western edge of the business section of the city and within easy walk of the hotels and railroads. It is a massive structure effective in design and with a beauty of its own. There is an entire absence of tawdry, "gingerbread" effects and the lines are simple and stately yet graceful and pleasing.

FINE ARRANGEMENTS.

Within the arrangement of the auditorium appears to be especially well planned to secure the utmost capacity and the greatest convenience of the delegates and others with a view of seeing and hearing. The arrangement of the platform and seating differs from that of the Chicago Coliseum in that there the platform was at one end of the auditorium. Here it is at the side so that no auditor is more than half the length of the hall from the speaker. The reservation for the delegates and alternates is in the center, extending clear across the hall; the spaces for spectators are at the ends and in the ample gallery.

The arrangement of entrances and exits is more than ordinarily effective and it is said that in case of emergency the auditorium could be emptied within two minutes. Fire apparatus is located within convenient points and fifteen streams of water are immediately available. As a matter of fact the building is practically fire proof; the floors are of concrete and the only material of an inflammable sort is the temporary platforms and stairways erected for this convention and the immense amount of bunting used in the elaborate decorations.

These decorations are more profuse than at Chicago, in a harmonious scheme of national flags and red, white and blue streamers. Masses of flags

are placed at appropriate points while the ceiling is covered with red, white and blue stars, each bearing the name of a state.

Over the rostrum is an immense portrait of Washington with Jefferson on one side and Jackson on the other, while in the middle of the opposite wall facing the speakers is another large portrait of the late ex-president, Grover Cleveland. The exact number of seats in the auditorium under present arrangements is 11,333, but in a pinch more than 12,000 people can be accommodated.

SEATS FOR GUESTS.

Upon the platform there are 445 seats reserved for members of the national committee and guests of honor. The number of seats on the rostrum is 101. Directly in front of the rostrum are six tables for noisless telegraph instruments of the Associated Press and other press associations and the telegraph and telephone companies and all these have additional space in the basement.

Desks and seats for newspaper correspondents and special writers are arranged in a half circle about the rostrum in such a manner as to give each writer an unobstructed view of speakers and within easy hearing distance. There are 303 seats in this section but arrangements are made to add from 75 to 100 more seats if necessary.

The exact number of delegates is 1,002, but in the section reserved for the delegates which is in front of the rostrum there are 1072 seats. This is accounted for by the fact that several states have selected twice their allotted number of delegates, giving each a half vote seat. No additions having been made by states that doubled their delegations.

To the right and left of the rostrum a flight of stairs leads down to the basement where telegraph instruments and private telephone booths are located. Beneath the rostrum is a tunnel connecting the two divisions of the press section.

Admission to the auditorium can be had only by ticket. Seats for the public are not reserved but the seating space is divided into sections numbered consecutively and the holder of a ticket is entitled to occupy a vacant seat in the section numbered on the ticket.

In the location of the delegations Nebraska, the state of W. J. Bryan, is squarely in front of the rostrum with Indiana and Texas at the left and Alabama at the right. New York is right behind Nebraska and Illinois behind Indiana and Texas.

GIES IS CLEARED PRES. ROOSEVELT

Of the Murder of Dr. Wilson Holds Conference With Public Printer

NEW YORK, July 7.—Frederick Gies, Jr., who was arrested Saturday night on suspicion of knowing something regarding the murder of Dr. William Wilson who died after drinking poisoned ale, was given a hearing before a magistrate today and held in \$500 bail for another day. He is pending further investigation into the death of his wife. The police have practically cleared Gies with any connection with the death of Wilson. There is no specific charge against him.

Detectives today testified that in investigating the Wilson case they came across suspicious circumstances, a connection with the death of Gies' wife who died after her child was born. Bail was furnished for Gies and he was released. It is expected that he will be exonerated of any wrong doing in connection with the death of Mrs. Gies, who the attending physician certified, died of natural causes.

The case against Gies having collapsed the police are completely at sea.

BALLOON SANK

The Crew Had a Thrilling Experience

CHICAGO, July 7.—More thrilling adventures with the wind and water were added to the experience of the international balloonists in their race from Chicago to establish a new long distance record. The Canadian balloon King Edward with John Bennett as pilot, and Gerald Gregory, 15 years old, as the other member of the crew, dropped into Lake Michigan twice. The balloon sank into the water and submerged the two occupants to their shoulders. They were nearly in mid-lake when the balloon took its first dip.

"We suddenly felt ourselves sinking into the lake with a fearful drop," said Gregory, who remained yesterday with the balloon which finally landed near Port Huron, Mich. "We immediately tossed over nearly all our ballast but we could not stop the car from striking the water. We managed to go up again after being in the water five or ten minutes. Then we ascended to the height of about 1000 feet and went along at a fast pace but suddenly we felt ourselves dropping again."

This time the descent was more rapid and we shot down into the lake. The water came into the basket and we were forced to climb into the netting above. We tossed everything we could and including provisions and arose again.

"Before we went up we were bouncing along over the waves driven by the wind. When we did go up we went fast, 600 feet in six minutes."

"We had no sand when we came in sight of Lake Huron and decided not to risk the chance of being blown to a distance was 700 miles. We had

IN EVERY MANUFACTURING CITY

the newspaper with the largest circulation is always an evening paper. Why is it so? Because the masses in such a community have no opportunity to read in the morning. They read in the evening, and when evening comes, they do not want a morning paper containing the news of yesterday; they prefer an evening paper with the news of

TO-DAY.

Advertisers who want to reach the masses who earn their money in Lowell and spend it in Lowell should bear this fact in mind. The people who trade in Boston read morning papers. The people who trade in Lowell read evening papers, and the leader of all the local papers, morning or evening, is The Sun.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOR IRISH CAUSE CONTESTS ENDED

Humphrey O'Sullivan Wants Democrats at Denver to Adopt Plank

DENVER, July 7.—The Boston democracy got scant recognition from the George Fred Williams democrats today when the delegates met to distribute the convention honors. Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield, who was a candidate against Williams' man for national committee, but withdrew while en route for the convention city, also fared badly at the hands of Mr. Williams and his friends, who had their own way about every matter that came up at the meeting.

Even Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell, who has been one of Mr. Williams' hardest workers in the fight to put none but loyal Bryan men on guard, didn't get what he wanted and had to content himself with the small honor of seeing his name appear in a day or two as one of the vice presidents of the national convention. Mr. O'Sullivan's friends consider this scant consideration after what he has done in the preparatory work for Bryan's nomination.

They assert that he has paid out no small amount of money on the trip for badges, railroad fares and other expenses for the sergeant-at-arms department, besides guaranteeing other expenses on the trip and hiring headquarters for the delegation at Denver.

MR. O'SULLIVAN DISSENTS. Mr. O'Sullivan is not satisfied with his treatment and has plainly told Mr. Williams so. When it was apparent that Boston was to be left off of the convention honors, Mr. O'Sullivan, Mr. Doherty and Leo McCullough, president of the common council, delegates from the 10th district, arose and said that in their opinion Boston had not been given the share of the convention honors she was entitled to.

The Williams men said that Boston has been treated as fairly as she deserved and pointed out that the democrats of the capital city of the state didn't take interest enough in the convention to send but three of her six delegates to Denver. The appeal of the Boston men fell upon deaf ears, and

the following slate prepared by the Williams men was adopted: Committee on resolutions, George Fred Williams of Dedham; member democrats national committee, John W. Coughlin, Fall River; vice president of the convention, Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell; committee to notify presidential nominee, A. C. Drinkwater, Braintree; committee to notify vice presidential nominee, John O. Gara, Spencer; committee on rules, Patrick J. Mitchell, Springfield; committee on credentials, Christopher T. Callahan, Holyoke; committee on permanent organization, Walter A. Creamer, Lynn.

WOULD FREE IRELAND. With the exception of Dr. Coughlin, every one on the slate is of the "pink ticket" faction of the Massachusetts democracy. Daniel F. Doherty had no fault to find with his treatment by the Williams men, he said. He declared that he was not a candidate for any of the convention honors and is satisfied with what the delegation did in distributing the convention honors.

Humphrey O'Sullivan brought up his resolution of sympathy with the Irish people in their struggle for legislative independence and after a running discussion lasting for 15 minutes it was unanimously voted to ask George Fred Williams to advocate its adoption in the resolutions of the convention.

Mr. O'Sullivan let it be known that he is decidedly in earnest in this matter and stated that he didn't want any half-hearted support or advocacy of the plank, but desired that it be put up to the platform committee good and hard.

Humphrey O'Sullivan's resolution on Irish independence was as follows: "We view with regret the unsuccessful efforts of the people of Ireland to obtain from the English government the blessing of legislative independence. For many reasons America's sympathy is with the Irish people in their aspirations for home rule in the fullest meaning of the term and we wish to express this sympathy practically."

"We hope to respectfully represent to the government of his Imperial Majesty King Edward the Seventh of England our deep interest in the matter in the hope that his Imperial Majesty may recommend to parliament such amicable adjustment of the relations between England and Ireland as will remove all obstacles to the friendly cooperation of the English people; to bring about closer relations between the English speaking nations in the interest of progress, universal peace and human good."

FORGE VILLAGE

John Sullivan, aged six years, and son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan met with a painful accident yesterday while he and a companion were firing off crackers.

He picked up one that did not go off and started to blow it, when it exploded in his face, severely injuring his eye and burning his face.

The splinting department of Abbott & Co. will run 80 hours per week and commenced yesterday, after being on a 40 hour schedule several months.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS To and from England, Ireland and Scotland on the Cunard White Star and all the first class lines.

MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY, 12 Appleton St., opp. Postoffice. Checks and money orders issued on all parts of Europe. Lowest rates, any amount.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

Only Direct Service between Boston and North of Ireland.

Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway \$40; third class, \$27.50; to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1 to 12 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST. OR H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

\$ SAVED IS \$ MADE Your can experience same at Louis Price's JEWELRY STORE 14 PRESCOTT STREET I guarantee a saving on all work and purchases.

Polar Star ICE CREAM Freezers 1 QUART 75c 2 QUART \$1.00

W. T. S. BARTLETT 653 and 659 Merrimack St. The Up-town Hardware Store.

WHEN YOU WANT TO GET the very best work you should go to the BAY STATE DYE WORKS with your suits, dresses or gloves, ribbons or almost anything in the wearing apparel. Our prices are always the lowest, consistent with first class work. We know the business in all its branches and for several years we have been in the general place at Prescott st. P. S.—We have satisfied thousands of customers. We know we can please you. Remember the name.

Bay State Dye Works 54 PRESCOTT STREET



H. D. CLAYTON,

SOUTHERN CONGRESSMAN WHO WILL BE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION.

Delegates With Credentials Win Out Over Contestants

DENVER, July 7.—In record time yesterday the democratic national committee disposed of all contests before it with the exception of Pennsylvania and Idaho, which went over until today. The general result was to sustain the delegates who came with credentials from their state and district. A total of 76 seats was involved in the contests from Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, Idaho, Ohio, and the District of Columbia. The work was done by six sub-committees, four of which reported yesterday to the full body.

Roger C. Sullivan, of Chicago, was an easy winner of the twenty contested seats from Cook county, which were disputed by Robert E. Burke and his associates.

Senator Fred T. Dubois was sustained by the sub-committee, which heard the Mormon contests from Idaho, but the committee was not ready to make its report to the full committee before that body adjourned.

Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, was a winner in the 19th Ohio district, where he triumphed over the sub-committee, winning out by the vote of 26 to 24 before the national committee.

The victory of Johnson was won only after the Cleveland man delivered an extended and eloquent argument before the committee. In the 8th Ohio district, the Barber faction retained the two contested seats over the protest of Johnson.

Patrick McCarron, of Brooklyn, was ignored in his contest against Charles F. Murphy for the 12 seats in Kings county, New York. Before the sub-committee he became so abusive of the Murphy and Coler men that he was not



THEODORE BELL, Temporary Chairman of Convention.

permitted to proceed and the meeting was abruptly adjourned with the decision to take no further action in the contests. The full committee sustained this decision without debate.

Joseph Hawley of the 31st Pennsylvania district, whose right to his seat was disputed by Guffey, was sustained by the sub-committee. It was contended that Hawley was not a democrat, but had organized a party of his own called "The Bryan party."

The Pennsylvania contests that involved eight seats in the city of Philadelphia, and three in Allegheny county, proved probably the most bitter discussion that was placed before any of the sub-committees. Charles Daly of Philadelphia, appeared for the contestants and arraigned Charles F. Donnelly and Thomas J. Ryan, the leaders of the Guffey faction in these districts, in the bitterest manner. He charged that the eight Guffey delegates were elected by the aid of republicans and that the rank and file were perverted. Both Donnelly and Ryan, who spoke in support of the regular delegation, replied in kind to the charges.

After listening to the criminal charges and re-arraignments for an hour and a half, the sub-committee took these contests under advisement, and will report tomorrow morning.

The Illinois contests were also fraught with personalities and bitter

denunciations of opposing sides. Roger Sullivan, of Chicago, was the sub-committee in defense of the regular Cook county delegation, asserting the entire regularity of proceedings in connection with their selection. Sullivan's chief contention was that the illegality charged by the Burke faction did not apply to the election of delegates to the national convention, but under the law had reference only to state conventions. In this he was sustained by the sub-committee.

James C. Dahman of Omaha, Bryan's close adviser, was one of the three members of the sub-committee who decided the Illinois contest in Sullivan's favor.

Mayor Dahlman stated, after the sub-committee adjourned, that the delegates were unable to establish the charges of illegality as far as they applied to a national convention.

After the decision the Burke men declared that they would carry their case to the committee on credentials and if defeated there, to the floor of the convention.

THE "ANTIS" MET ARE ORGANIZING TO OPPOSE BRYAN'S NOMINATION.

DENVER, July 7.—Last night the anti-Bryan men made another effort to concentrate opposition against the nomination of the Nebraskan, and asserted that they were now encouraged for the first time since the delegations began to arrive. The movement, is not, however, taken with deep seriousness by any of the men who are leading the Bryan forces.

The greatest effort was made yesterday to keep the meeting secret, those who were present being summoned by small cards which was quietly passed around. The names of the men who were present were also kept secret to a large extent, but it is known that among them were Daniel F. Coghlan and Wm. F. Sheehan of New York; Col. James M. Guffey of Pennsylvania; former Sen. James J. Smith of New Jersey; A. H. Cox of Georgia; L. Straus of Maryland; Josiah M. Lynch of Delaware; and Frederick B. Lynch of Minnesota.

Other men were there, who, up until last night have not been mentioned as opponents of Mr. Bryan.

The meeting was largely directed by Mr. Sheehan, who declared that the only way to focus the opposition to Mr. Bryan was to give it a standard around which they could rally. The consensus among the present was that if New York will declare against Bryan and stand firmly by its declaration, there exists a chance of defeating him.

OFF TO THE WEIRS LOWELL BOYS GO TO Y. M. C. A. CAMP.

A number of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city left Lowell yesterday morning for the Weirs, where they are to join the New Hampshire State Y. M. C. A. at Camp Belknap, Lake Winnepesaukee. The following boys were in the party: Walter Clement, Jerome Wolf, Reinhold Gumb, Russell Swan, Boyd Howe, Irving Gunka, Albert Ball, Hubert Senior, Eric Spaulding, William Liddell, Alden Sheehan, Donald Spaulding, Ralph Taylor, Herbert Edgar, Ralph Courn, Austin Epton, Edward Sheridan, Charles Spaulding, Earl Leadbetter, Donald Fletcher, Charles Courn, Carl Monte, Prescott Grover, Rossiter Garity.

Next week seven other boys expect to go, and others the following week. The party was in charge of Mr. C. S. Swift, the physical director, and three other young men.

CHELMSFORD Mark W. Reed, valedictorian of class of 1908, C. H. S., who recently took the entrance examinations at Dartmouth college, has received notification that he has passed every one with honors, and in consequence will receive a \$100 scholarship.

BOY DROWNED

While Trying to Save His Chum

MIDDLEBORO, July 7.—In vain attempt to rescue his little chum, Kenneth Sturtevant, aged 7 years, from drowning in the Nemasket river into which he had fallen while fishing from a rock, Albert Kelley, 8 years old, lost his own life yesterday afternoon. This is the conclusion the police and medical examiners reached when the two bodies were pulled out of the river last night with grapple irons. Both bodies were found in the same place.

The lads, who were inseparable companions, started off to fish yesterday, after dinner, the last time they were seen alive. When supper time came the fathers of both boys becoming anxious over their long absence from home, organized a searching party. When it was learned that the lads had been seen fishing from the rock a general alarm was sent out, and about 200 people gathered to assist in the search, and just at sundown the body of Albert Kelley was found, but the body of the other victim, although very near the spot where Kelley's body was found, was not recovered until 10 o'clock last night.

Kenneth Sturtevant was the son of Edgar Sturtevant and Albert Kelley was the son of John Kelley, both of this town. At the point where the bodies were recovered, the water is only about six feet deep.

FINE MEMORIAL

Presented to First Universalist Church

As a memorial of their appreciation of the generosity of Rev. C. E. Fisher and the members of the First Universalist church in offering them the use of their church as a place of worship, during the rebuilding of their church, the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, the St. Paul's church of thanks which was written on a large sheet of parchment and placed in a handsome two by two and one half foot ebony frame, and was read from the pulpit of the First Universalist church on Sunday.

It is engraved on parchment and framed in ebony and reads as follows: "To the pastor and the members of the First Universalist church, dear neighbors, friends and fellow workers in the Master's vineyard:

"Just one year ago this morning the flames were rapidly destroying the church home of the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal people. Before the work of destruction was half completed you had offered us, through our pastor, the Rev. George B. Dean, your beautiful and commodious church as a place of worship."

"This magnanimous offer was only too gladly accepted by our people. As a result we have worshipped in your church every Sunday afternoon, and every other Sunday evening for nearly at the present time. We have also mingled freely with you in your own service on the alternate Sunday evenings, and have greatly enjoyed the meetings."

"In addition to all this, we have had the privilege of joining in your church for social, for committee, and for all other gatherings as frequently and as freely as the occasion demanded."

"The officials, the members and the attendants of St. Paul's desire to extend to you their very deep obligation and hearty gratitude for these magnanimous favors so generously given. The memory of this brotherly deed will ever be precious to all those who in the years to come will enjoy our new edifice, and will listen from time to time to the story of the great fire."

How sweet, how heavenly is the sight, When those who love the Lord In one another's needs delight, And so fulfill the word.

When each can feel his brother's sigh, And with him bears a part; When sorrow flows from eye to eye And joy from heart to heart.

(Signed) Charles H. Sewell, William D. Brown, James F. Savage. June 22, 1908.

ROBBED MAN

WHO HAD SAVED HIM FROM DROWNING.

NAHANT, July 7.—The most grateful man in the world was discovered here yesterday. Also the means. The former is James Rawley, of Woorsocket, R. I., who was rescued from drowning by two Lynn girls.

The latter is an unknown man who was pulled from the water by Frederick Elwell of Salem and who then ran away with \$175 belonging to his rescuer.

Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES \$1 BOX FREE

A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the nervous system.

TWO MORE DEAD

Heat Claims More Victims in Boston

BOSTON, July 7.—Two deaths and a score of prostrations was the tribute Boston got yesterday for its rank among the four hottest cities of the country.

The day was the hottest of the year and while the official thermometer in the comparative cool height on the top of the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 81.

The deaths: Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 50 years, of the South End. Mrs. Alice Cofford, aged 32 years, of Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.



No Chemicals for Anty Drudge.

Mrs. Neighbor—"Anty Drudge, I'm sure you must use chemicals in your wash. I've boiled my clothes and rubbed them till my fingers are blistered, but they look yellow beside yours."

Anty Drudge—"No, I didn't use chemicals, nor I didn't boil them nor rub them hard. I used Fels-Naptha in lukewarm water. Fels-Naptha took the dirt out of my clothes while you were rubbing dirt into yours. That makes the difference."

What soap will you use to wash clothes? If you insist on weakening your clothes by boiling them, wearing them out by hard-rubbing, putting up with all the inconveniences of hot fires, nauseous steaming suds and yellow clothes, it doesn't matter which you use.

But if you want to do your washing comfortably, in cold or lukewarm water, without hard work and in half the time—then there is only one soap for you—and that soap is Fels-Naptha.

The reason why is in the different way Fels-Naptha is made. The results speak for themselves. Get Fels-Naptha from your grocer and try it. But be sure and use it the Fels-Naptha way—no hot water. Follow directions on the red and green wrapper.



Remember:—One Fare for the Round Trip—for the message and the answer. It may cost a little more—but so does the Twentieth Century Limited.

A Chain and Its Links

In telephoning there are three links in the chain that constitutes "good service": 1. The person calling. 2. The operator. 3. The person called.

No matter how much any one or any two of these links do to develop good service, the result is determined by the measure of co-operation of the third. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link.

If the person calling fails to consult the catalogue and gives a wrong number, the operator inevitably repeats the error. If the person called fails to answer promptly and the caller leaves the telephone, naturally "there is no one on the line."

Being human, the operator—the third link—is liable to err occasionally, but careful analysis demonstrates that she is not fairly chargeable with many of the difficulties frequently ascribed to her.

If Link No. 1 Gives the Right Number and Calls Distinctly, and Link No. 3 Answers Promptly, the Telephone Company will be responsible for its part of the chain. If no higher motive actuated it, the motive of economy, or self-interest, would suffice.

From any Pay Station you can speak to any one of 300,000 telephones in the territory of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Even if he is not a subscriber, you can arrange to have the person desired called to a Pay Station to talk to you.

Worth Knowing

To remove Pimples, Blackheads, blotches and all forms of skin eruptions, is, according to a well known physician, a very easy matter; he says that many are afflicted with some one of the above ailments, and are subject to a great deal of embarrassment on account of the unsightly appearance which they present, and recommends the following simple harmless and inexpensive treatment. Go to your druggist and get this prescription filled: Clearola one-half ounce, Ether one ounce, Alcohol seven ounces, mix, shake well and apply to the parts affected night and morning, allowing it to remain for at least ten minutes, then wipe off the powder from the skin. Use a soft cloth or sponge in applying the mixture and in from ten days to two weeks your face will be smooth and clear as a marriage bed. Get the Pure Clearola, which is only put up in one-half ounce packages. Ask to see it.

JAMES H. McDERMOTT UNDERTAKER Open Day and Night Expert Embalmers Prompt Service. 70 GORHAM STREET Telephone 1747 or 1690.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL FUNERAL DIRECTOR. 1010 Central St. Davis Sq. Telephone Connection

Dr. Temple SPECIALIST 97 Central St. Dr. Temple will give consultation FREE during this month only. Office hours 10 a. m. to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 8. Office closed Wednesday and Sunday, except by appointment only.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL Attorney-at-Law Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

ARE YOU HUNGRY Our 25c dinner will appease your appetite—it would cost you 50c elsewhere. Everybody is talking about our special breakfasts and suppers. Lowell Inn, 21 Central street. Thomas Hoban, proprietor.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND NICKEL PLATING done at Derby & Morse's 64 Middle street.

Wall Paper —AT— 97 Appleton St.

you want help at home or in your
ness, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

TO SAVE LIVES IN THE HOT SPELL

WHAT CONCERNS MOST PEOPLE JUST AT PRESENT IS THE INTENSE HEAT. TO THE OLD AND INFIRM IT IS VERY OPPRESSIVE AND TO THE LITTLE ONES IT IS A TRIAL OF THE MOST SERIOUS KIND.

HOT SPELLS SUCH AS THIS ARE USUALLY FOLLOWED BY MANY DEATHS FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THE POOR MOTHERS WHO LIVE IN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS IN SUCH WEATHER AS THIS SUFFER TERRIBLY.

UNLESS THEY BETAKE THEMSELVES TO THE WOODS WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES THEY CANNOT ESCAPE THE HEAT. MANY OF THEM WOULD GLADLY GO TO THE PARKS AND STAY ALL DAY WITH THEIR BABES IF THEY COULD.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO OUR PARK BOARD THAT IT SHOULD MAKE PROVISION BY WHICH MOTHERS COULD KEEP THEIR LITTLE ONES IN THE SHADE OF SPREADING TREES FROM EARLY MORNING TILL LATE AT NIGHT? THAT IS OFTEN ALL THAT IS NEEDED TO BRING RELIEF TO INFANTS SUFFERING FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THIS WOULD REQUIRE A MOTHER'S "REST" WITH A SHELTER, A TOILET AND A WASH ROOM.

THESE CONVENIENCES SHOULD BE PROVIDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BY THE PARK DEPARTMENT AND THEY SHOULD BE PROVIDED WHERE THE BEST AND THE COOLEST SHADE IS AVAILABLE.

IT WAS PITIABLE TO SEE WOMEN HURRYING FROM FORT HILL PARK WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES YESTERDAY FORENOON IN TIME TO GET DINNER FOR THOSE WHO WERE WORKING, AND THEN RETURNING TO THE PARK WITH THE CHILDREN IN THE AFTERNOON. BOTH TRIPS WERE MADE UNDER THE BROILING SUN. IT WAS TOO HOT TO TAKE YOUNG BABES OUT, BUT THE MOTHERS REASONED THAT IT WAS LESS DANGEROUS THAN TO KEEP THEM IN THE UNBEARABLE HEAT AND THE IMPURE AIR OF SMALL ROOMS IN A TENEMENT BLOCK OR IN SOME ALLEY WHERE A BREATH OF FRESH AIR IS A RARITY. THERE IS MUCH TO BE DONE TO SAVE LIFE IN THIS RESPECT, MUCH THAT CAN BE DONE AT A SMALL EXPENSE, AND THAT SHOULD BE DONE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

WET THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS

IT IS SO INTENSELY HOT THAT THE FIRE DEPARTMENT SHOULD COME OUT AND WET DOWN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS. THIS WOULD BE A GREAT RELIEF TO THE RESIDENTS THERE AND ESPECIALLY TO THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

IT WOULD BE WELL, ALSO, WHEN THE FIRE WAGONS COME OUT TO TURN THE HOSE ON THE SWARMS OF BROWN-TAILS THAT HAVE GATHERED ABOUT THE ARC LIGHTS, AROUND THE LIGHT POLES AND COVERING THE SIDES OF MANY BUILDINGS ADJACENT TO THE LIGHTS. IT WAS STATED THAT HEAVY RAIN WOULD KILL THE MOTHS, BUT IT APPEARS THAT THEY WERE BUT LITTLE, IF AT ALL, INJURED BY THE RAIN OF LAST WEEK.

THE QUESTION COMES, WILL THESE MOTHS DIE OR WILL THEY BE SWEEPED OUTWARD TO THE WOODED DISTRICTS, THERE TO MULTIPLY FOR ANOTHER YEAR? IF THE WATER DEPARTMENT CAN HELP IN EXTERMINATING THIS PEST WHEN IT COMES UPON US LIKE A MINIATURE SNOW STORM, THEN ITS SERVICES SHOULD BE DRAWN UPON, ALTHOUGH THE FIRE APPARATUS, MUCH LESS THE WATER, WERE NEVER INTENDED FOR ANY SUCH PURPOSE.

MORE BALL DIAMONDS NEEDED

THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN HAS ARRANGED TO LAY OUT NINE OPEN SPACES FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS. THE ESTIMATED COST WILL NOT EXCEED MORE THAN \$500 AND THE GROUNDS WHEN GRADED WILL DELIGHT THE HEARTS OF THE YOUNGSTERS.

OUR LOCAL PARK DEPARTMENT HAS DONE SOMETHING IN THAT LINE BUT NOT QUITE ENOUGH. THERE IS A DEMAND FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS IN BELVIDERE WHERE AMATEUR BASEBALL TEAMS ARE QUITE NUMEROUS; BUT THEY HAVE NO MEANS OF VENTING THEIR ENTHUSIASM EXCEPT WHEN THEY STEAL A GAME ON THE GROUNDS OF OLDER BOYS; AND FROM THESE THEY ARE OFTEN DRIVEN OFF AS IF THEY WERE TRESPASSERS THERE. THE YOUNG BALL PLAYER WANTS ROOM, HE WANTS TO SHOUT AND TO ROOT AND TO ENJOY ALL THE PRIVILEGES OF THE DIAMOND. THAT HE CANNOT DO EXCEPT ON A DIAMOND THAT HE CAN CALL HIS OWN.

SEEN AND HEARD

Swimming at midnight is quite the rage at Lakeview and Willow Dale. The water is warmer at that hour than at noon day and the toe-snapping turtle is wrapped in the arms of Morphous.

There is no foundation in fact for the statement that a woman years old, a Mazdaznan, attended the Mazdaznan convention in this city.

Fall from the water wagon, "Ker-ach!"
Fall from the skies above,
Fall from a roof and break your neck,
But never fall in love.

The fat boy who took great delight during the winter months in saying mean things to his lean brother, such remarks as "shiver, shiver, shiver," is getting his deserts.

They say there's a move on to abbreviate bathing costumes. It strikes us that if the ordinary bathing costume should be abbreviated to any great extent, some guy tracing his lineage back to Adam and Eve would be suing for royalty, providing it is true that Adam and Eve had their costumes copyrighted.

It is rumored at city hall that "Billy" Delmage has contracted with the Lowell Electric company for power to run his perpetual motion contrivance.

Dogs are thicker than mosquitoes at Lakeview and that's going some. No reference to the toothsome frankfort intended.

Miss Florence Linnell of Somerville has evolved a unique method of teaching piano which is attracting considerable attention in the musical world. By the method she pursues, boys and girls of 10 or 12 years are enabled in a year to play difficult classical selections with accuracy and feeling. In general, the unique method due to Miss Linnell consists of a preliminary development of the powers of memory of the child and of the poetical sense. The exercises are so arranged and interpreted by the teacher that each piece, even though only a practice exercise, has a poetical meaning to the pupil, and consequently the pupil for his own enjoyment is bent on showing that meaning by his playing. Thus the notes are involuntarily committed to memory, the technique is perfected and the musical sense is stimulated.

NORTH CHILMSFORD

The annual parish picnic of St. John's church, North Chelmsford, will be held at Nabasset grove on Saturday, July 25. Those who wish to spend a pleasant afternoon will do well to bear this date in mind. The various committees named are leaving nothing undone, to make this year's picnic a record breaker. Percy J. Constantino has been selected as general manager, being assisted in his duties by all the husters of the north village. A meeting of the various committees will be held in St. John's T. A. S. hall, next Thursday evening, at 7.15. All members of St. John's church are earnestly requested to attend the meeting. Further particulars will be announced later.

OFFERS TO WED

A SALOON KEEPER REQUESTS TWENTY-TWO OF THEM.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—John De-lacy, saloon keeper, of Fifty-seventh street, who received the news that his uncle, Cornelius Kennedy, had died in Cape Town, leaving him \$7,000,000, has received any amount of offers, both in the matrimonial side as well as business propositions, among them being: Seven automobiles, three houses and lots, six epoch-making inventions, one race horse, two trotters, a bull pup, three gold mines, a steam yacht, five motor boats, a trolley line, 15 private secretaries and 22 wives.

VIOLENT DEATHS

A Day of Tragedies in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 7.—This was the busiest day of the year for the coroner's office and the patrol service of the police department.

Seven sudden deaths, five suicides, two asphyxiations, three accidents and one killing in the last 24 hours kept the men in both these departments on the jump.

The excitement and nervous strain of the Fourth of July combined with the heat is given by the coroner's office as the explanation for the large number of suicides and sudden deaths.



A SHINGLE IN

TIME SAVES NINE.

Many kinds of shingles, but the best roof-covering that any man can top off with is a

FIRE INSURANCE POLICY in a reliable company. So that if the fire-fund lays his home in ashes, he gets dollar for dollar without delay. Can the manufacturers of shingles offer a kind to beat this? If not insured, let us shingle your roof today, for tomorrow may be too late. Lowest premiums in best companies only.

Russell Fox
159 MIDDLESEX STREET

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for
Brown Tail Moth Bite

PONTIFICAL ORDER

Ends the Rule in America of Propaganda

ROME, July 7.—A pontifical document reforming the organization and working of the Roman congregations was made public yesterday. It removes Great Britain, Holland, Luxembourg, Gibraltar, Canada, Newfoundland and the United States from the jurisdiction of the propaganda, these countries thus ceasing to be considered missionary lands.

The decree suppresses a number of offices in the countries named and combines others, its main tendency being in the direction of economy.

The document consists of two parts: the first being an apostolic constitution reorganizing the congregations through a more suitable division of subjects and eliminating the duplication of authority, and the second is a special law for the regulation of the labors of the ancient Rota and Segnatura tribunals.

The most important part of the reform is that both civil and criminal litigations are removed from the jurisdiction of the congregations and entrusted to the tribunals of the Rota and the Segnatura, the congregations only retaining disciplinary powers. A new congregation regulating discipline is created, its duties covering, also, questions regarding marriages and other sacraments, while the dogmatic side of the sacraments remains under the jurisdiction of the Rota.

The importance of the congregation of the Rota, of which the pope also is the prefect, is augmented by it, undertaking the creation of bishops and the surveillance and direction of the rules of dioceses and seminaries and also deciding questions of competence between the congregations.

The Tribunal of the Penitentiary remains only as an internal court for questions of conscience, all other questions going to the Rota in the first instance and then to the Segnatura as a supreme court.

BODY OF LAWYERS
Any one can appeal against the decisions of these courts with or without the assistance of lawyers, and a special body of lawyers has been formed, the members of which pledge themselves to assist the poor gratuitously. The poor are also exempted from paying fees to the court.

GAHANBAR ENDS

And Mazdaznans Will Have Real Peace

DR. HANISH GETS \$4300

And Proposes Several Innovations

The Mazdaznan gahanbar came to a close yesterday. About 70 delegates were in attendance and they were there "with the goods," for in response to the appeal of Dr. Hanish, "The Little Master," for a building fund, they raised \$4300 in less time than it would take a bank clerk to count it out.

In his address Dr. Hanish proposed several innovations, among them being free marble fronts and halls for new temples, new schools to take the place of the present system, unsatisfactory to the doctor, and a school in the local temple.

He ended by inviting the members to the next gahanbar in his temple in Chicago, where he stated there is being erected the finest organ in America. The next gahanbar will open on December 23.

HE ASKS \$20,000

For Alienation of Wife's Affections

Angus G. McDonald of Arlington Heights, a builder, has been made the defendant in an action for \$20,000 damages brought against him by John H. Elkins, a prominent resident of North Danville, N. H., for the alleged alienation of the affections of Mrs. Elkins. The papers were filed yesterday in the East Cambridge court.

Mrs. Elkins, before her marriage, was Sadie Cameron and was well known in this state and New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Elkins were divorced last January.

FATALLY BURNED

GIRL USED KEROSENE IN LIGHTING FIRE.

BOSTON, July 7.—While Mary Murnaghan, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Murnaghan of 2 Ballard place, Jamaica Plain, was attempting to light the fire in the kitchen stove about 6 o'clock last evening, she was fatally burned about the body and head.

She was hurried to the city hospital. She died at 10.45.

Miss Murnaghan was alone in the house. It is believed that she used kerosene oil to hurry the fire and that flames from a cover opening ignited her clothing.

If you want help at home or in your business, try 'The Sun' 'Want' column.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

IN GETTING READY FOR VACATION

don't overlook a fresh pair of shoes

Several Hundred Pairs of Fine Tan and Black Low Shoes,

Snappy lasts for young men—conservative shapes that insure comfort—were \$3.50 and \$4.00,

Now \$2.85



BAGS to pack things in \$1.90 to \$16.00

SUIT CASES sole leather, imitation leather or Japanese fibre, \$2.00 to \$8.50

No one need be ashamed to wear the Arrow Collar—every summer style—quarter sizes 2 for 25c

MILL MEN ANGRY FREE TICKETS

Army Khaki Bought in England 1000 Boys Will See Big Show

THEY BLAME TAFT AS GUEST OF UNKNOWN

Letters Sent to the President Will Also Provide Special Cars

NEW YORK, July 7.—Secretary Taft's candidacy has been subjected recently to a flank fire which, unless it be checked speedily by remedial action in Washington, threatens to cost the republican nominee for the presidency the political support of a large and influential body of American manufacturers and of a still larger body of American industrial workers.

In letters written to President Roosevelt, to Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and to the War Department, representatives of responsible firms in Boston and this city have protested vigorously against the course of that department while yet under the direction of Secretary Taft, in taking steps to have the khaki for the uniforms of the soldiers of the army of occupation in the Philippines as well as for the Philippine constabulary bought from English manufacturers and made up by cheap coolie labor in Manila to the exclusion alike of American mills and of American wage-earners.

For the past week the president and the various bureaus of the War department in Washington have been bombarded by angry letters and telegrams from firms representing the large mills, the commission houses and the government contractors.

So serious has been the assault that President Roosevelt himself has taken an active interest in the subject, fearing the effects of such a critical blunder in a presidential year upon the popularity of the Taft candidacy, and has given assurances through the War department that steps will be taken immediately to correct any injustice that may have been done to the American manufacturers and workers.

In a condensed form the charges that now menace the Taft candidacy substantially that ever since General Leonard Wood has been in command in the Philippines he has diverted a large proportion of the quartermaster's supplies contracts into foreign, and especially into British, channels, and that Taft has permitted him to do so unchallenged.

The unknown philanthropist who is to distribute 1000 free tickets to the Buffalo Bill show tomorrow intends to do even better by them.

Tomorrow at 12 o'clock noon, the boys, with their invitations, will gather in Palace street, and after being placed on cars, the crowd will move to the fair grounds and be assigned to a particular section of the tent, set apart especially for them. After the show the boys will remain in their seats and after the place has been cleared of the other spectators, they will then march to the cars and be taken to Merrimack square. Each boy will be provided with a folder containing a number of poems that it will pay to commit to memory and remember through life.

The man who is responsible for the day's pleasure will be at the performance, but few, if any, will recognize him.

The committee in charge of the distribution of tickets reported yesterday had been given out, but there are still a few hundred to be disposed of.

Starter Walter Hickey received 50 of the tickets yesterday afternoon and distributed them to the newsboys in and about Merrimack square.

DREW REVOLVER

ON MEN SUSPECTED OF PALMING DIAMONDS.

NEW YORK, July 7.—What is declared to have been a bold attempt to rob the firm of Cooper & Forman, diamond brokers in Maiden Lane, was frustrated by the watchfulness of the firm's cashier yesterday.

While two men were examining a tray of gems in the show room, William Stenson, the cashier, walked up behind them and covered them with a revolver, directing them to throw up their hands. Stenson claimed that he had seen the men skilfully palm several stones, and that when they made a break for liberty one of them dropped several diamonds. Stenson brought them to a halt and turned them over to the police. The men said they were James D. Shank and Frederick Kenny, both of New York.

ASK FOR
WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL
FLOUR
THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

21 ARE DEAD GET A NEW TRIAL

Thousands Overcome by Heat in New York

NEW YORK, July 7.—After a breathless, sweltering night during which many of New York's millions tossed on sleepless couches or lay in parks or on fire escapes, or even in the open streets, the sun came up this morning with promise of even greater discomfort and distress in store. As early as six o'clock not a breath of air was moving and thermometers on the street level registered 82 degrees. It was not until two hours later that the weather bureau thermometer reached the eighty mark, but from that time on the movement was more rapid. At 9 o'clock the weather man reported 84 degrees but in the meantime the humidity had fallen from 78 to 73.

As always, the greatest suffering was felt in the crowded tenement districts. All through the night came calls to the hospitals to go to the aid of unfortunate who had found the abnormal conditions too severe a strain upon them. When the early morning list of victims of the heat wave was made up today it was found that 21 persons in the greater city had died as a direct result of weather conditions during the last twenty-four hours. Reported registrations numbered hundreds and thousands not so seriously affected were treated at their homes or by private physicians.

THOS. J. GARGAN TAFT PLAYS BALL

May Have to Be Operated Upon Statesmen Defeated the Newspapermen

BERLIN, July 7.—Thomas J. Gargan, a transit commissioner of Boston, arrived here yesterday. He has been suffering from a stomach affection for the past six weeks, but his condition has improved of late. Mr. Gargan will undergo an examination today and he is of the opinion that a surgical operation probably will be necessary before he recovers his health.

LOSS IS \$50,000

Minister Prayed That Park Be Burned

CHICAGO, July 7.—Twelve hours after the Rev. George Edward Lewis in a public prayer, asked that the amusement resorts of Irving park where liquor is served might be burned to the ground, Excelsior park was consumed by fire yesterday. Prompters of other parks in the neighborhood admitted last night that they are both puzzled and frightened. They also declared that they have taken precautions to protect their properties. A. J. Smith, proprietor of the burned park, said his loss would be about \$50,000. He thought that crossed electric wires was probably the cause of the fire. An investigation is to be made. The police are looking for two men who were seen near the park early in the day.

HOSPITAL BAZAAR

The St. John's hospital bazaar committee which has in charge the grand charity fair to be given in aid of the hospital table of the bazaar next fall, at Washington park on July 14th, met last night on the hospital lawn and transacted considerable business. Reports from the various committees were heard and a program of the sporting schedule was drawn up. The committee adjourned at ten o'clock to meet Friday night. The list of sports promises an excellent entertainment in the athletic line. First there will be a 100 yards dash, then relay races, an obstacle race, a sack race, a three-legged race, the high jump, and the hop, skip and jump, in the order named. The teams which have entered for the relay races are the Matthews, the C. Y. M. L., the C. M. A. C., the St. John's, the Burkes, the Holy Names of the Sacred Heart, and the Y. M. C. A. As yet, the teams which will run against each other have not been chosen, the committee waiting in the hope that there will be further entries.

GET INSIDE

Your Friends and Neighbors in Lowell Will Show You How.

Rubbing the back won't cure backache. Liniment may relieve but can't cure. Backache comes from the inside from the kidneys. Dean's Kidney Pills get inside—They cure sick kidneys. Here is Lowell proof that this is so: Mrs. Wm. A. Buckley, of 9 Chestnut st., Lowell, Mass., says: "Both my husband and myself are very strong advocates of Dean's Kidney Pills. Mr. Buckley took them some six years ago and was completely cured of kidney complaint and backache. He declared and wrote badges and used liniments and other remedies but nothing did him any good until he got Dean's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's drug store. The use of three boxes cured him and he regards it a pleasure to tell others of the great value of this medicine. Some time after he was cured I was taken with backache and other noticeable symptoms of kidney complaint. I began taking Dean's Kidney Pills and they soon banished the backache and corrected all other difficulties. I take a few of them when I feel that the kidneys are sluggish and they always force me up and make me feel better in every way." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBurr, Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other. If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE BLACK HAND

Is Accused of Kidnapping a Girl

NEW YORK, July 7.—Every policeman in the large city was searching yesterday for 3-year-old Frances Alleno, who, they believe, has been spirited away by Black Hand agents, and is being held for ransom. The child has not been seen since last Saturday. Yesterday the parents of the little girl received a letter informing them that Frances would be restored to them upon payment of \$100. The letter was a typical Black Hand missive, and its receipt spread terror throughout the whole neighborhood in which the Alleno family lives. About a year ago 11-year-old Kate Fetscher, who lived directly across First avenue from the Alleno home, was spirited to the cellar of her home by an unknown man and murdered after she had been maltreated in a shocking manner. The murderer was never captured.

PRESTON TALKS

Of His Candidacy for Presidency

CARSON, Nev., July 7.—A. R. Preston, who is serving 25 years' sentence in the Nevada state prison for murder and who was nominated by the socialist labor party at New York for president of the United States, gave out the following interview from his cell today: "I am not greatly surprised at the action taken in the matter by my party," he said. "In fact I was aware they would recognize me in some way or another. I am particularly known to members of my party and I am a socialist from the ground up. While I am not at liberty to make a statement covering my position as to the following instructions from my counsel, Judge Hilton, at the same time I am willing that my name shall remain at the top of the ticket. I recognize the honor conferred on me and am proud of it. On the other hand, if Mr. Hilton desires that I withdraw from the nomination I will ask that my name be taken from the ticket. I have not yet been officially notified of my nomination."

Chinamen Had Been Convicted of Murder

BOSTON, July 7.—Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung, four of the nine Chinamen convicted on the charge of murder on account of their alleged complicity in the shooting up of Chinatown on the night of Aug. 2, 1907, will have a new trial as a result of the decision made yesterday afternoon by Judges Pierce and Brown, who presided at the trial. They denied the motion for a new trial as to the other defendants. Judges Pierce and Brown also disallowed the bill of exceptions filed in the case by Gen. Charles W. Bartlett, Harvey H. Pratt and Julian C. Woodman, counsel for the defense. The defendants were Min Sing, Hong Woon, Leong Gong, Wong Duck, Wong How, Joe Guey, Dong Bok Ling, Lee Jung and Warry S. Charles, the last named being charged with having been accessory before the fact. The motion for a new trial was based on two grounds, the first being because the verdict was against the law, and the second because it was against the evidence and the weight of the evidence. The motion for a new trial was granted to Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung on the second ground. In the memorandum written upon the lengthy bill of exceptions, the court sets out that they are disallowed because not conforming to truth. The fact was, the court says, that while the witness, Michael C. Dougherty, was under examination, a private conference was held between the court, counsel for the defense and the prosecuting attorneys, during which counsel for the defense orally made an offer of testimony from the witness Dougherty and others, relating to the alleged conduct of Officer Linton and one Yoo Wah, tending to show efforts on their part to prepare false testimony against some of the defendants. After some discussion, the memorandum continues, the court directed counsel for the defense to put their offer of proof in writing, so that the presiding justices might consider it. The witness, Dougherty, was then withdrawn from the stand by the defense, and another witness was called on another line of evidence, and examined at length. The written offer of proof was handed to the justices the following day, and taken under advisement by them, but they were never asked to rule upon it, and it was not referred to again by evidence and the court's charge to the jury, when counsel for the defense said to the court privately they supposed their rights were saved under it. To this the court (Mr. Justice Pierce) replied that he did not understand that they had any rights, as the court had been asked to rule upon the written offer, and if asked, were prepared to have admitted so much of it as related to Officer Linton, and to exclude all else contained in said offer of proof.

GIRL SHOT DEAD

Man Mortally Wounded as Result of Tragedy

CHICAGO, July 7.—A despatch to the Record-Herald from Vincennes says: "Miss May Baker, 10 years old, is dead and Charles Ingle, 16 years old, is mortally wounded as the result of a remarkable tragedy in the girl's home yesterday. Mrs. Ollie Ellis, a cousin of the girl killed, admits it is alleged that she fired the shots and says she was trying to drive away Ingle, who in a fit of rage had seized Miss Baker, threatening her with bodily harm. Mystery surrounds the details of the affair and the stories of the wounded man and the woman do not agree. Ingle insists he was only attempting to warn the woman, who he says threatened his sister's husband, to leave town and he claims the shooting was without provocation. The bullets which ended Miss Baker's life were aimed at Ingle, who, Mrs. Ellis says, at the time had the girl in his grasp. Ingle was taken to the jail on suspicion that he had killed the girl and his sister's husband, Richard Lovejoy, was locked up pending a full investigation by the police. Lovejoy is alleged to have been in the house when the shooting took place."

NO MORE, NO LESS.

The Sun has all the news, You can't get more than that! The Sun costs but a cent, You can't pay less than that.

Manufacturers' Outlet Sale

On Wednesday morning we inaugurate the Greatest Sale in our history. Our own Mammoth Stock together with the consignment of three leading manufacturers who are ready to stand the loss. Garments at cost of materials only.

Store Closed All Day Tuesday Marking Goods, Open Wednesday Morning at 9.30 O'Clock



TAILORED CLOTH SUITS

About 150 suits—cancelled order. Get a going-away suit at cost of goods. Here is your choice.

\$10 to \$15 SUITS	\$15 to \$18.75 SUITS	\$20 and \$25 SUITS	\$25 and \$27.50 SUITS	\$30 and \$35 SUITS
\$8.97	\$10.97	\$12.97	\$14.97	\$18.97

TAILORED COATS

About 200 Coats—Long, Loose, Silk, Panama, Linen and Lace Coats. Many are Samples.

\$5 and \$7.50 COATS	\$7.50 to \$10 COATS	\$10 and \$15 COATS	\$15 to \$25 COATS
\$3.97	\$5.97	\$8.97	\$10.00



Choice of our \$12, \$15 and \$18 Silk Dresses at the ridiculous price of **\$8.95**

Be on hand early and get one of these fine Dresses

\$12.50 and \$15.00 Batiste Princess Dresses. Beautiful dresses in light blue, pink, champagne, lavender and white **\$7.95**

\$3.00 Jumper Suits in Gingham, Chambray and Percales. Hamburg and lace trimming. **\$1.95**



\$3.00 White Linen Skirts, **\$1.95**

Fine Quality Linen—6 styles at this sale

WAISTS ARE CHEAP

87c

For Waists selling at \$1.50.

\$1.97

For Waists Selling at \$2.50

\$1.67

For Waists Selling at \$3.98.

1000 SKIRTS Slashed in Price

\$5.00 Panama and Sicilian Skirts, kilted style, also new flare	\$2.95
\$8.00 Voile Skirts, fine heavy voile, taffeta one wide and three narrow bands of silk	\$4.95
\$3.00 Panama Skirts, black and colors	\$1.95
\$15.00 Black Silk Skirts, full kilted, wide fold, fine heavy taffeta silk	\$8.98

Silk Taffeta Coats

For Outing and Street Wear	
\$10 and \$12 Coats	\$7.97
\$18 and \$20 Coats	\$10.97
\$22 and \$25 Coats	\$14.97
Coats in Linen Sicilian, \$5 and \$7.50, were \$10	
\$1.00 at this sale goes as far as \$2 elsewhere. Sale continues until garments are sold.	

Odd Items That Will Save You Money

\$5.00 Silk Petticoats	\$2.95
\$15.00 Panama Jumper Suits, not one but cost \$12. Sale price	\$8.95
75 Children's Coats, ages 4 to 14, selling at \$3, \$4 and \$5	\$1.97
\$4 Bathing Suits	\$2.95
3 styles just received, you save \$1.00 on your bathing suits.	
50 Zebra Striped Suits, selling at \$7.50, sale	\$3.95

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

2-18 JOHN STREET

ANNUAL MEETING

Of Loyal Excelsior
Lodge, M. U.GOLD EMBLEM FOR
P. G. METCALFThe New Officers Were
Installed

The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F. M. U., was held last night in Post 120, G. A. R. hall and the members turned out in large numbers. Among those present were Past Provincial Grand Master J. Smith and suite, who installed the newly elected officers for the ensuing term.

The feature of the evening, however, was the presentation of a beautiful gold framed emblem to the retiring grand master, P. G. Albert B. Metcalf, P. G. M. Smith, who made the presentation, spoke of the excellent work of Odd Fellowship done by the retiring grand master and of the high esteem in which he was held, not only by the Excelsior lodge, but by every Odd Fellow in and around Lowell. P. G. Metcalf in a well delivered speech thanked the members for their beautiful present and trusted the same good feeling and the kind consideration

which had always existed between the members and himself would continue in the future as it had done in the past. A social good time then followed.

The officers installed are as follows: G. M. Ernest Nelson; N. G. William Walker; V. G. Jesse Whitworth; E. S. Edward Hanson; P. S. H. Cowdell; treasurer, A. W. Mowatt; trustees, R. J. Houston, R. W. Hollingworth; supporters to N. G. R. W. Hollingworth, D. Robertson; supporters to V. G. J. McFaskell, E. J. Rothwell, warden, G. F. Foss.

FELL FROM POLE

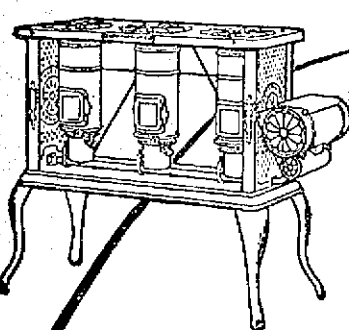
PETER HARLIN HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Peter Harlin, an employee of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Co., fell from a pole Sunday afternoon while repairing some wires, and had a narrow escape from being killed. He fell 20 feet to the ground. The accident happened at the corner of High and East Merrimack streets. He struck on his head on the pavement and although badly stunned was able to go home after treatment in St. John's hospital.

CHILDREN'S HOME.

The home acknowledges the following gifts: Conner Bros. Co., lead and sand; D. L. Page Co. and Friend Bros., bread and rolls; Mrs. F. J. Mack, bread, milk and high chair; Home Bakery, beans and brown bread; E. R. Blood, doughnuts; I. B. & P. Co., salt pork; Henry J. Farrell, soap; James A. Thompson, wood; Mrs. E. J. Thurber, baby carriage; Boston & Northern St. Ry. Co., free car tickets; Mr. D. L. Page sent ice cream for Sunday. All gifts, large or small, are gratefully received and promptly acknowledged. Telephone 685-4. Ellen O'Leary, Matron.

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire?

You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room. Therefore, when working with the

NEW PERFECTION

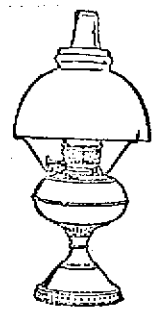
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

the kitchen actually seems as comfortable as you could wish it to be.

This, in itself, is wonderful, but, more than that, the "New Perfection" Oil Stove does perfectly everything that any stove can do. It is an ideal all-round cook-stove. Made in three sizes, and fully warranted. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp

a substantial, strongly made and hand-some lamp. Burns for hours with a strong, mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.



HUSTLERS

Over Award of South
End PrizesINDIAN CLUB RE-
CEIVED 1st MONEYAnd Hustlers Object to
Second Prize

The prizes for the features in the South End Fourth of July parade were awarded yesterday, and the Indian club won the first prize, \$150, and the Hustlers club, the second of \$50. The judges were Capt. Colby T. Kittredge, Capt. James N. Greig and Lieut. Geo. W. Peterson.

Bright and early this morning a committee from the Hustlers called at the Sun office with the following protest: Lowell, Mass., July 7th, 1908. Editor of The Sun:—Kindly allow us space. We, the undersigned press committee, by vote of our organization known as the Hustlers, in the Slang-jang feature in the South End parade the night before the 4th, do openly protest and express our dissatisfaction with the general announcements and decision of the judges in giving the Hustlers only second prize. We will allow the public to be our judges.

(Signed) Bennie Fielding, Chairman. Andrew Dwyer, John B. Clancy, Secretary.

WAKEFIELD FIRE

Miss Donovan Probably
Fatally Burned

WAKEFIELD, July 7.—Miss Josephine Donovan was probably fatally burned in a fire which broke out in the house of her brother, Dennis Donovan, at 21 Emerson street, this town, today. Miss Donovan was on the second floor when the fire started on the floor above. She rushed up stairs to try to extinguish the flames but when she reached the third floor the flames hemmed her in and she was unable to escape. She jumped from the third story window, her clothing in flames, struck on the roof of the piazza and then bounded onto an iron fence and from there to the ground. She was terribly burned about the face and body and was internally injured as a result of her leap.

John Donovan was badly burned about the face and hands in his attempt to rescue his sister. The damage to the house is estimated at \$300.

FIVE LIVES LOST

UNADILLA, Neb., July 7.—Five persons were drowned in the Nemah river here yesterday. They were John Doyle, his wife and their three children. A flood of water fell from a cloudburst, lifted their house from its foundation and carried it to the swollen river.

KICK DERRICK

Fireman Johnson Was
Killed Instantly

QUINCY, July 7.—Oscar A. Johnson, foreman at the Field & Wild quarry, was struck and instantly killed by a falling derrick yesterday afternoon. Mr. Johnson was superintending the lowering of a derrick and he stood on the side opposite to which he thought it would fall.

As it was lowered, however, the boom struck a guy rope, on another derrick and was deflected from its course so that it struck him on the side of the head. He died instantly.

CAPT. PILLSBURY

To Be Made a Rear
Admiral

WASHINGTON, July 7.—During the remaining days of July the American navy is to have six new rear-admirals. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas and the retirement on July 11 of Rear-Admiral R. C. Clover make the large number of accessions to the high rank possible. The retirement of Clover promotes Capt. Ingersoll, Schroeder and Wainwright. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas promotes Capt. Pillsbury, who is an acting admiral because of his efficiency of the bureau of navigation, and Capt. R. P. Rodgers and Capt. Adolph Marx.

MOUNTAIN ROCK

To Be Made Into Beau-
tiful Park

Rumor has it that the Boston & Northern street railway company will turn Mountain Rock into a beautiful park and install numerous attractions for next season. The woods at Mountain Rock, which, by the way, is one of the most delightful spots in this section of the country, have been cleaned out and present a very neat appearance. The pines have been trimmed and the sight is most delightful to the eye and in striking contrast to the barren and bedraggled look of the clearance across the way where lumber is piled high and tree tops and brush abound in dangerous confusion in case of fire.

LABOR MATTERS

PRESIDENT GOLDEN ANSWERS A
THREAT.

President John Golden and Secretary Albert Hildhard of the United Textile Workers of America issued a statement Thursday relative to the criticism by the delegates to the convention of the National Federation of Cotton Weavers affiliated with the United Textile Workers warning them not to send delegates to the convention.

The statement concludes with the following: "We desire to add is the fact that the United Textile Workers of America is too firmly established now to worry itself about any five per quarter federations or alliances. There are over 30 cotton weavers' unions affiliated with this body. There is no danger of any of them joining a federation that is isolated and cut off from any affiliation with the American labor movement. There will be no more temporizing with seceding labor unions. The instructions of the American Federation of Labor will be followed out to the letter, namely, that a new union must be formed wherever a local union has seceded. This has been already done in the Fall River situation. A charter has been issued to Weavers' union, Local No. 24, of Fall River, with a good list of members. The same policy will be pursued in New Bedford in the near future and all other places wherever necessary. In this movement we have the solid backing of the American Federation of Labor and all those who believe in the true principles of trades unionism. Our duty in this matter is perfectly clear. We shall not hesitate to do it."

Save Sickness

The prompt and sure relief given in acute stomach, bowel and liver complaints, has created an annual sale of over six million boxes of

BEECHAM'S
PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Babbitt's
Spectacles
and Eye
Glasses

For over fifty years The Babbitt Co. has stood for the "best" in the optical line. Everyone wants the best when it comes to glasses and to have this one needs a plentiful stock to choose from; assistance in the selection, and an expert to do the fitting.

These advantages you can have at our new up-to-date office.

THE BABBITT CO.

81 Merrimack St.

FELL 1000 KOREANS

Have Been Murdered by
Insurgents

SEOUL, July 15, via San Francisco, July 7.—Nearly 1000 Koreans have been murdered by the Korean insurgents and so-called patriots within the last few months. These were all members of the Il Ching Hoi, a pro-Japanese society. Most of the Japanese murdered were workmen whose only crime seems to have been opposition to the disturbing element of the country and friendliness to the Japanese protectorate.

The actual statistics carefully collected and in every case verified show that since the Japanese protectorate of Korea commenced nine hundred and twenty-six members of the Il Ching Hoi have been murdered by the Korean insurgents and three hundred and sixty houses have been burned, involving a loss of about fifty thousand yen. The revolution in Korea is being driven into the corner. The scattered troops of revolters are being rounded up and either forced into surrender or their activity effectually stopped. The course taken by the government in the last rigorous campaign instituted against the disturbing element is, as approved by the people of the country both foreign and native.

ATTACKED GIRL

Posse Searching for
Alleged Assailant

NEW BOSTON, N. H., July 7.—Between 300 and 400 citizens of New Boston, Weare and Riverdale, together with High Sheriff F. K. Ramsey of Manchester, Deputy Sheriff Robert Dunton of Goffstown, several officers from that place and the selectmen of New Boston, are today searching the woods in the vicinity of New Boston for Wm. Metcalf of Providence, R. I., who is wanted in connection with an attack upon Miss Edith Strong as she was returning from the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Metcalf was employed in the lumber mill of Lincoln Vurnham at Weare until last Friday. He was to have accepted a position at Goffstown, but did not appear, and is supposed to be hiding in the woods. He is well tattooed on the arms, wears a tiger stone ring, and had a Knights of Pythias pin in his lapel. His description corresponds with the one given by Miss Strong of her assailant.

Yesterday afternoon High Sheriff Ramsey was following the Boston & Maine railroad tracks to Hillsboro, while Deputy Sheriff Dunton and the others are following a trail from Weare back to New Boston.

WILD WEST SHOW

HAS BEEN REINFORCED IN FEAT-
URES NEW AND STRANGE.

This motley array of hardy men from many nations and varied races, will soon revisit our city after so long an absence as to be almost new. The Indians, cowboys, Arabs, Cossacks and representatives of the regular armies of this and other countries, together with the recruits from far off civilized and uncivilized nations, form a not inconsiderable and certainly formidable army. The organization, complete in every detail, will be the same in every respect as during the successful engagement just concluded at Madison Square Garden, New York, as a guarantee of the increased attractiveness of performances. Here there will be the open air, with less restriction and more of nature itself, than is possible in an inclosed building. Many new features have been added since its return from Europe and all the old and familiar ones are retained.

One of the new features, the battle of Summit Springs, made a sensation in New York, and is a reproduction of the battle that occurred in 1889. The famous old general, Eugene A. Carr, was in command of the United States soldiers when "Colonel Cody" (Buffalo Bill) slew "Fell Bull," the leading hostile chief. General Carr, General "Sam" Summer and General "Jack" Hayes, who were in the fight, bore witness to the gallantry of "Buffalo Bill." They attended the exhibition at the Garden and have vouched for the accuracy of the stirring scenes of the old days on the frontier, as far as a reproduction of them is possible.

The hold-up of a railroad train on the frontier is another new feature, founded upon the occurrence at Wilcox, on the Union Pacific railroad, a few years ago. Another entertaining new feature is a ranch scene, depicting the lighter shades of pioneer life and introducing Ray Thompson's finely trained horse, "Joe Bailey," and other noted Texas range horses, a train hold-up and football game on horseback. Every feature known to horse-manship, from the Indian back-bow riding to that of the cowboy and cowboy in the saddle, together with the Cossack riding, is comprised in the exhibit which is recognized as occupying a broader field than the ordinary amusement enterprise.

The performance is a living illustration of a period of American life and history that is rapidly passing into oblivion. Buffalo Bill's Wild West presents a series of realistic pictures of life in the now old far west as it existed during the middle of the nineteenth century. These scenes are replete with life and reality combined with simplicity and wonderful picture-sequences. It is this realism, simplicity and actuality that gives the Wild West its historic value and importance. Colonel William F. Cody has spent five years in Europe, giving the people of the old world a conception of the life and manners of the far west in the past, and has returned to America with the prestige of success.

The cowboys, the Indians, the Vaqueros, the Japanese, Arabs, French, Russian, English and American soldiers are all genuine. Two performances are given daily, at two and eight p. m., rain or shine, at each of which Colonel Cody appears. There will be no street parade, as has been the custom of former years, and time and labor incidental to this feature will be eliminated with the view of reserving the energy of the performers for the exhibition itself.

HEIRS CUT OFF

Wills of Two Lowell People Filed
in Cambridge

George S. O'Malley of Lowell, by his will, just filed at East Cambridge, gives to his daughters, Vivian I. and Laura H. and his son, Carl W. O'Malley, "the sum of \$1 each and no more."

To his son Albert he gives a chest of steamfitter's tools.

To his wife, Georgia A. O'Malley, he leaves the remainder of his estate, and he appoints her executrix. The will is dated June 5, 1908. Testator died June 23, 1908.

Ester Lundberg of Lowell, by her will gives \$1 to her son, Franz D. Lundberg

of Lowell. The remainder of the estate is left in trust to Thomas W. Johnson of Lowell, to be held for the "sole use and benefit" of Herbert Sidney Lundberg of Lowell, now of Palmer, Mass. Testator directs that the income of the estate and such part of the principal as may be required be used for the benefit of Herbert Sidney Lundberg. At his death whatever remains of the trust estate unexpended shall be given to the Worthen Street Methodist Episcopal church of Lowell. Thomas W. Johnson is named as executor. The will is dated July 16, 1907.

BRYAN WILLING

To Modify Views in In-
junction Plank

DENVER, July 7.—Evidence is multiplying that probably the only difficult plank to prepare for the democratic platform will be that relating to the use of injunctions in industrial disputes. Mr. Bryan has let it be known through a number of reliable sources that his position on this plank is not rigid. Perhaps the most important conference with reference to the injunction plank was that held at Fairview, Mr. Bryan's home, during the dinner given by the Nebraskan to a number of prominent democrats on July 4. At this dinner Mr. Bryan stated clearly that he realized that there might arise situations where the issuance of an injunction without notice to those enjoined would be the only remedy against loss of life or irreparable damage to property. To meet such cases, Mr. Bryan further indicated that the resolutions committee could draw a plank which would provide for such emergencies, with the safeguard that this class of injunctions should be self-dissolving after a period of three or five days, the plank would meet his approval. Work on the platform continued through the medium of an informal sub-committee consisting of Governor Haskell, who is to be chairman of the resolutions committee, and a number of prominent members of the party, who will have places on that committee.

The plan contemplates telephoning each plank to Mr. Bryan at Lincoln, as soon as it is agreed upon by the sub-committee. In this manner it will be possible for the sub-committee to present to the full resolutions committee a perfected platform which already has received the approval of the prospective candidates.

Planks of many varieties were submitted to Governor Haskell and by him to his conferring colleagues yesterday. The result of this language was put forward tentatively as embodying the position the party should take. "The democratic party believes in tariff for revenue only, but inasmuch as the expense of the government is great, and we are depending largely upon imports for the revenues for running the government, which means the imposition of a tariff, we favor the laying of the tariff and such a manner that there shall be no discrimination."

The plan came in for considerable discussion yesterday with the result that the language was put forward tentatively as embodying the position the party should take.

The democratic party believes in tariff for revenue only, but inasmuch as the expense of the government is great, and we are depending largely upon imports for the revenues for running the government, which means the imposition of a tariff, we favor the laying of the tariff and such a manner that there shall be no discrimination."

tion in behalf of any section of the country or any industry."

No one would be quoted as saying that this plank would be adopted in the form given.

During the afternoon, Mayor Brown of Lincoln, who is to be the Nebraskan representative on the resolutions committee, arrived with Mr. Bryan's suggestions concerning a number of planks of the platform in his pocket. He declined to say what subjects were covered by the Bryan draft, but it is said through other channels, that Mr. Bryan's memorandum deals especially with the subject of the issuance of writs of injunction by the federal courts in labor disputes, which he would have by direct vote of the people; the guarantee of bank deposits by the government, and the publicity of campaign contributions. The injunction plank as drafted would prohibit the issuance of prohibitive writs without notice, except in cases in which it is evident irreparable damage might be done to property. In that event the plank will permit the issuance of an injunction limited to ten days' time and a hearing would be required on the second presentation of the case.

SEN. BEVERIDGE

HAD A CONFERENCE WITH CANDI-
DATE TAFT.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—Senator Beveridge of Indiana, Rep. McKinley of Illinois and Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania arrived here yesterday. Senator Beveridge and Rep. Burke were delayed by the breaking of an axle on the engine and they devoted a couple of hours to study of the wild scenery of the region. When they got here they found that Mr. Taft had disposed of a large amount of correspondence and had gone on the golf links with Frank B. Kellogg. After his return he was closeted with Sen. Beveridge for a couple of hours and elsewhere with great detail. Mr. Beveridge told Mr. Taft that he did not consider that the affairs of the party in Indiana were in any condition to endanger the state next year.

A ball game between the statesmen and the newspaper correspondents put an end to further conferences for the day.

Mr. Taft will have a talk with Rep. McKinley of Illinois and Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania today. Senator Hemenway and Rep. Watson to take part in the conference.

Sen. Beveridge and Sen. Crane left last night for their homes.

JUDGE POLLOCK

DECIDES AGAINST GREAT WEST-
ERN LIFE INS. CO.

KANSAS CITY, July 7.—Judge John C. Pollock in the federal court here last night ordered that the policy of the great Western Life Insurance company be disposed of and that the policies amounting to \$2,000,000 be reinsured in some reliable company.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 17 PURDIE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A.G. POLLARD CO.

"The Store for Thrifty People"

MEN'S SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 Grades

ONLY 69c EACH

Our Usual Summer Selling Begins Tomorrow

For this sale we are able to offer 175 dozen including many of the celebrated Monarch Shirts as well as other well known brands. Made from the newest patterns of the most popular fabrics. Made full sizes—with every sort of a wrinkle that goes towards "shirt-comfort." Cuffs attached or detachable. Collars on or off. Light, medium or dark patterns. Shirts for Every-day or Dress-up Wear. Clean, fresh and well laundered.

Some are the Dollar Grade—Others worth One Dollar and a Quarter—One Price Tomorrow

Only 69c Each

See Merrimack Street Window

EAST SECTION

LEFT AISLE

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN OF NEBRASKA

Thrice an Aspirant to Presidential Honors, He Has Proved Himself to Be a Citizen of Whom the American Public May be Proud.

WHEN the Democratic national convention of 1896 opened at Chicago it was a fact known to all that party sentiment had changed; that it had drifted into new channels and was undergoing a sort of political regeneration. It was also apparent that most of those who had been directing the policy of the party had become the exponents of the minority and that those who were responsible for the change were men who had never been active supporters of the financial theories which were so characteristic a feature of the existing administration. At that time it was quite evident that the bulk of the party was prepared to break away from the leadership of the only Democrat who had sat in the presidential chair since the days of James Buchanan. At the early sessions of the convention it was made manifest that the breach between the free coinage of silver advocates and the single gold standard people was complete and beyond compromise. From the first it was clear that the "silver" movement dominated the convention, and it seemed but logical that Congressman Richard P. Bland of Missouri, its author and ready sponsor on all occasions, should receive the nomination for president.

Everything pointed that way. Mr. Bland, known popularly and affectionately as "Silver Dick," the warhorse of the free silver movement, was old and in feeble health, but his popularity seemed to be invincible. His genial disposition and stanch character had made him hosts of friends in all parts of the country, and his earnest teaching had resulted in an army of converts. His friends and supporters were in apparent possession of the field, and their enthusiasm and determination to win were a source of great discomfort to the representatives of the gold wing of the party. The opening preliminaries were conducted in the dignified and rather perfunctory manner of great national conventions. The claims of contending delegations were looked into, and everything passed off serenely until the adoption of the platform was reached. It was at the attempt of the gold standard men to introduce a plank committed to their doctrine that the premier sensation of the campaign of 1896 took shape. In the thick of the din and confusion which followed the reading of the gold resolution a sturdy figure above its way to the platform, mounted it with a bound and stood revealed to the turbulent assemblage.

"Who is he?" asked a member of the New York delegation of his right hand neighbor.

"Looks like Bill Bryan—Boy Orator of the Platte, you know."

"No; I don't know. Is he any good?"

"Well, yes—rather. Heard him once in Lincoln."

Now the babel ceased, and a voice rose strong and vibrant, a voice that from its first note penetrated to every part of the great hall and was heard distinctly by every one of the 15,000 persons present. The discordant rumble of speech which the gavel of the bewildered chairman was powerless to control was hushed instantly by the

magic of a voice. It was the most telling bit of political oratory heard since the "plumed knight" burst of eloquence from the gifted Robert Ingersoll. It was a brief and impassioned appeal for bimetalism and an exalted plea for the acceptance of the new Democratic financial teaching. There was not a man in the vast throng who did not feel a thrill when the man from Nebraska uttered his oft quoted "cross of gold and crown of thorns" metaphor. There was a wild whirlwind of applause from friend and foe, and the name of William Jennings Bryan was on every tongue.

No further thought of "Silver Dick!" No further chance for the insertion of a gold plank in the platform! Bryan and silver! This became at once the motive of the convention, and all else was deemed irrelevant. The jubilant majority hastened to announce him as its candidate, and in an incredibly short time the whole world was clamoring to be told all that was known about William Jennings Bryan.

It was a simple story, but well worth the telling. He was comparatively a young man, but one year older than the constitution of the United States demands that a chief magistrate shall be. Never before had either great political party chosen for its standard bearer so young a man, and never before had a man who lived west of the Mississippi river received the nomination. It was true that some of his speeches in the lower house of congress had given him something of a reputation as an orator, but his fame had been confined to the capitol and to the narrow limits of his own state. He was practically unknown to the great American public, and especially so to the eastern section of it. It was the first case on record of a nominee who had won the distinction by a single oratorical effort, and the entire country was on the qui vive to see how the young man from Nebraska was going to acquit himself.

He was a disappointment only to those who had failed to appreciate his capability. Those who had done so were amazed at the facility he developed. He entered into the campaign with a zest and thoroughness which were a revelation even to the most experienced campaigners. His political foes soon realized that there was pitted against them no tyro in the business of president making and that usual methods must be abandoned and new systems of defense planned. The opposition was compelled to call all its reserves into service at the very beginning of the campaign, so far-reaching had been the influence of the remarkable convention oratory of the Nebraska man.

Nor did Mr. Bryan do anything during that memorable campaign to dim the impression created by his famous speech. He realized acutely that the American public did not know him, and he resolved that he would do his part in bringing about a closer acquaintance. Since manifestly it was not possible for this more intimate relationship to be cultivated as long as he remained in his remote Nebraska home, he went out among the people and showed them what manner of

man he was. He injected into the campaign a personal quality that had lapsed since the days of the early presidents. It was spoken of as a whirlwind campaign, and such it was, but in spite of the velocity with which it was conducted and the immensity of the area covered Mr. Bryan succeeded in making a marvelous impression.

In that unique campaign the Democratic nominee traveled more than 18,000 miles and delivered upward of 2,000 speeches. As a political spellbinder he

and his greatest asset, he made the most of it. His invasion of what he termed jocosely "the enemy's country" was nothing less than a personal triumph for the Nebraska orator. The effort in itself was phenomenal. In a single day while he was making a whirlwind tour of New York state he delivered forty-nine addresses. Thirty-five speeches, big and little, were made by him on several consecutive days, and it was no unusual thing for him to address twenty different audiences.

"Familiar" and "visionary" are but the

fitfully a gainer and a winner in all respects save one. The Bryan who went down to defeat with Arthur Sewall of Maine and Thomas E. Watson of Georgia was a greater and more competent citizen than the young man whose oratory electrified the Chicago convention. He had proved himself to be a man of whom the American people well might be proud, and that, too, without the necessity of subscribing to a single tenet of his political creed.

"Familiar" and "visionary" are but the

loss of prestige. His leadership was so indisputable that his opponents were loath to interfere with his prospects at Kansas City. Later, however, a minority representing those who were not in sympathy with his financial views went to Indianapolis and formulated what is known in political history as the "gold ticket."

At the time of his second nomination Mr. Bryan was still an ardent

ka man that he declined absolutely to do violence to his honest convictions; that he refused to accept the nomination without a plain declaration that his faith in free silver was still unshaken.

Although new issues had appeared and the financial question had become less insistent, Mr. Bryan saw to it that the silver plank was made a prominent feature of the Kansas City platform. The war with Spain and the subsequent acquisition of the Philippines had made the money question less prominent, but Mr. Bryan did not take advantage of that fact to modify his theory. A single intimation, however slight, that he had readjusted his financial views would have united his party and made him his unchallenged leader, but as long as he was convinced of the truth of his contention he was ready to accept the consequences, even the defeat which came at the election.

Four years later Mr. Bryan did not seek the nomination. He made no secret of his intention to permit the disaffected wing of his party to make the ticket. He appeared at the convention as a delegate and had something to say as to the platform, but he was not active in the selection of the ticket.

And now, for the third time, this man who has preserved his fair reputation at all times and in all places is about to conduct a presidential campaign. Personal worth and personal endowment are potent indeed, but they are far from being everything that contributes to the making of an American president. If they were, with Bryan and Taft in the field, the problem would be a thousand times more difficult and the result would be even more problematical than it is.

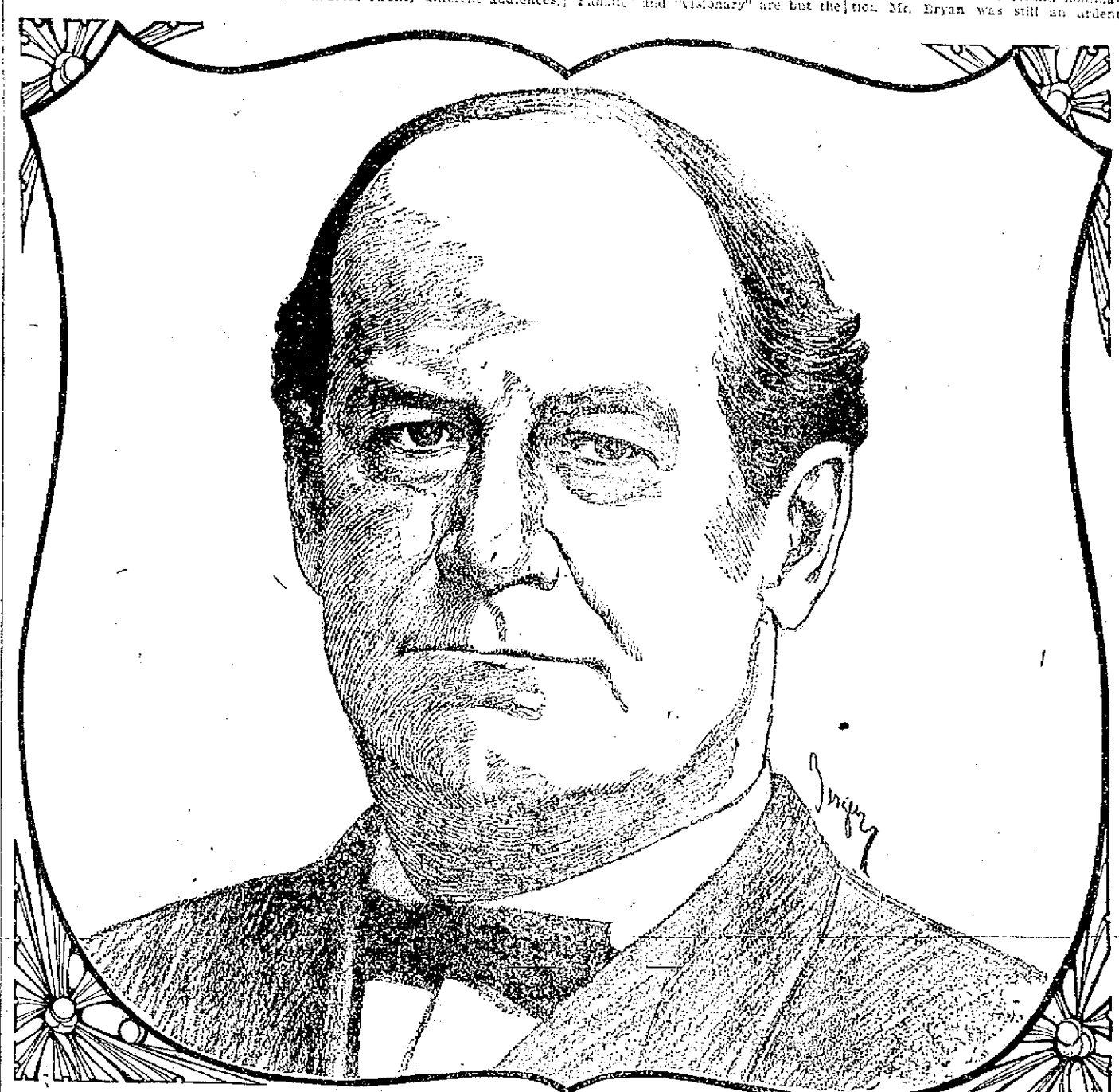
C. B. SANDERSON.

DIPLOMACY IN THE ORIENT.

"To illustrate the unsuitability of European procedure in oriental affairs I will cite an incident in recent political history in Turkey," says a diplomatist. "A certain Kurdish chief had acquired notoriety by his ruthless oppression of the Armenians in his district. The consuls continually complained of his misdeeds to the ambassadors in Constantinople, and these gentlemen in their turn addressed their complaints to the Ottoman government. At last the scandal became so great that the sultan realized that some satisfaction must be given."

"The chief had many friends in the palace, and an ingenious suggestion was made by which he should be saved and the ambassadors at the same time satisfied. The ambassadors were informed that, to give them complete satisfaction, not only should the Kurd be brought to justice, but he should be tried at Constantinople in the presence of the representatives of the embassies. The trial was held, and the hostile witnesses, for the most part Armenians, were encouraged to speak with a freedom which they would not have ventured in the provinces, and as a result they witnessed to the commission of every kind of possible and impossible atrocity, contradicted one another on what purported to be statements of fact and obliged a court proceeding on western principles to discredit all their evidence."

"The chief was acquitted. His friends had known how to protect him. The ambassadors' complaints were silenced. And yet without the intervention of western procedure he could and would, if it had pleased the government, have been justly executed in the provinces without any further trial, than a recitation of well known facts."



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN, DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

has never had an equal. His eloquence in that campaign was so far beyond the oratory of the political spellbinder that even those who were not in sympathy with his financial and economic views were fascinated by his personality and the music of his utterance. Realizing, as he must have done, that his gift of speech was gold-

at twenty different places, within twenty hours. It was the most heroic feat of physical and mental endurance ever attempted by a candidate for the presidency.

Mr. Bryan did not win the presidency, but it would be wide of the mark to term him a loser. He was in-

shibboleth of political controversy. They have served their purpose and may now carefully be put away in lavender.

In 1900 the Democrats convened at Kansas City and once again made Mr. Bryan their candidate, this time by acclamation. In the four years which had passed the Nebraska man had

champion of free silver. Believing that his warm advocacy of that doctrine was the only thing that stood between him and the presidency, many of his admirers tried to persuade him to abandon it or at least to relegate it to a less conspicuous place in his affections. It is another evidence of the courageous uprightness of the Nebras-

The Twentieth Democratic National Convention

ON Tuesday at Denver, the twentieth national convention of the Democratic party will be called to order in the big new Auditorium built especially for the occasion. This great building, which will seat an audience of 14,000 persons, is reputed to be the most admirable structure of its class in the country. Its acoustic properties are declared to be wonderfully perfect, and all its arrangements have been with reference to the comfort of those who must pass the four or more days of the convention beneath its roof.

It is understood that this particular national convention is to be unlike its nineteenth predecessors. The Denver people have intimated as much, and all the preliminaries seem to confirm it. The inhabitants of the charming Colorado metropolis regard the occasion more in the light of a glad holiday than as a formal political function. National political conventions are something of a novelty west of the Mississippi river, Missouri having enjoyed a monopoly of them until now. As an evidence of the willingness of the citizens to make everybody happy it is announced that every resident will wear a button bearing the legend, "Ask Me," which may be construed into meaning an actual thrust to be of service to the visitor.

We have become so accustomed to the quadrennial gatherings which select candidates for president and vice president and incidentally settle on the political theories to be advanced, that it is not easy to realize that it has not always been so; that it was almost half a century after the putting forth of the Declaration of Independence before the first national party convention was held. In the early days of this republic candidates were selected by the caucus method. Both the method and the word, it seems, are Yankee inventions, the word caucus being derived from an Indian expression meaning a meeting of big chiefs. Although the date of the birth of this word is uncertain, it was in common use before the Revolution. An entry in the diary of John Adams bearing date Feb. 10, 1763, tells of caucuses held in a Boston attic at which various town officials were nominated before they were voted for in regular town meeting. It is interesting, though immaterial, to know that Mr. Adams' diary also bears rec-

ord of the fact that at these meetings much flip and tobacco were consumed. The limited suffrage which existed in the colonies prior to the Revolution made the caucus a natural outcome, and the members it were the legal voters of a community. After peace was established the practice was continued for the want of something better and was extended to the selection of state and national officers.

It is probable that the very first political convention ever called regularly for a stated purpose, with regularly elected delegates, met at Utica, N. Y., in September, 1824. That was within the lifetime of a number of voters now living, and if the statement is not correct let them come forward and correct it. At that Utica convention De Witt Clinton was nominated for governor of New York, with James Tallmadge for lieutenant governor, and they were elected. It was not a party convention, being a coalition movement.

The Utica convention proved to be so satisfactory that the question of calling a national convention was discussed. After a good deal of eloquence had been employed pro and con the matter was dropped with the opinion that such a scheme was "entirely impracticable from the immense extent of our country and from the great expense necessarily incident to an attendance from the extreme parts of the United States." This conclusion does not seem unreasonable when it is remembered that at that time there was not a mile of railroad in operation in the land and that it would have taken weeks for delegates from some points to reach the convention town. It was the development of American transportation facilities that made political conventions possible.

It is now agreed that the first national political convention ever held in America was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 at Philadelphia. That party was organized by political reformers who were opposed to the existing order of things and especially to what were known as "Jacksonian methods." It had a rapid growth and at one time assumed formidable proportions. No nomination was made at Philadelphia, but the convention adjourned to reassemble at Baltimore the following year. That time it nominated William Wirt of Maryland,

unanimously and with more enthusiasm than had ever been shown in an American gathering of any kind.

The Democrats at first did not take kindly to the convention idea. They had become accustomed to the caucus method, and they had also become proficient in the use of it. The first of the great national parties to adopt

the convention system was the National Republican, the precursor of the Whigs, which met in convention at Baltimore in the winter of 1831 and nominated Henry Clay. The first nomination committee ever appointed was sent by that convention to give the "idea" the official news of its nomination.

Thirteen years afterward a Democratic convention held at Baltimore

was the first to develop a "dark horse." It was also the first to have its proceedings reported by telegraph and to set the example of a stampede. When the convention was called to order it looked as if Martin Van Buren would have a walkover. So many states had instructed for him that a clear majority could be figured for him on the first ballot. There was nothing on the surface to indicate that the New

York man need feel the slightest anxiety as to the result. Probably, however, he did not feel as safe as appearances would seem to justify. He knew that about a month before the meeting of the convention, after most of the delegates had been instructed for him, he had written and sent out a letter which might cause him abundant trouble. In that unfortunate letter he had declared flatly against the annexation of Texas. When the vote was taken the trouble became visible. The southern delegates would not obey their instructions. The Virginia delegates even held a meeting to rescind their obligations to vote for Mr. Van Buren. On the first ballot he obtained a majority of only twenty-six.

Under the leadership of the gifted Calhoun, who for a quarter of a century had been a presidential possibility, the southern delegates withdrew their support from the New York man and after seven ballots had been taken it began to look like "anybody's fight." Calhoun managed to have the two-thirds rule adopted, with at least two-thirds of the northern contingent opposing.

It was on the eighth ballot that the "dark horse" episode was sprung. Unkindest and most unexpected of all, it was New Hampshire that sprung it. It was revealed later that the sensation had been prepared before the convention, but at the time it came like a great shock. The Granite State cast its ballot for James K. Polk of Tennessee, who had not received a vote. When the ballot was counted Polk was found to have received forty-four votes. When this announcement was made cries of "Who is Polk?" came from all over the hall. Thereupon several friends of the Tennessee statesman felt it incumbent on them to answer the question in a flood of the most untimely oratory ever let loose in a convention hall. It is sufficient to state that one definition of the new candidate termed him "a pure, whole hogged Democrat."

Then the ninth ballot was begun. It went on unchanged until New York was reached. The delegation asked permission to withdraw for consultation, and when it returned the chairman announced that it was the wish of Mr. Van Buren that the vote should be given to Mr. Polk. At that there was intense excitement, and a

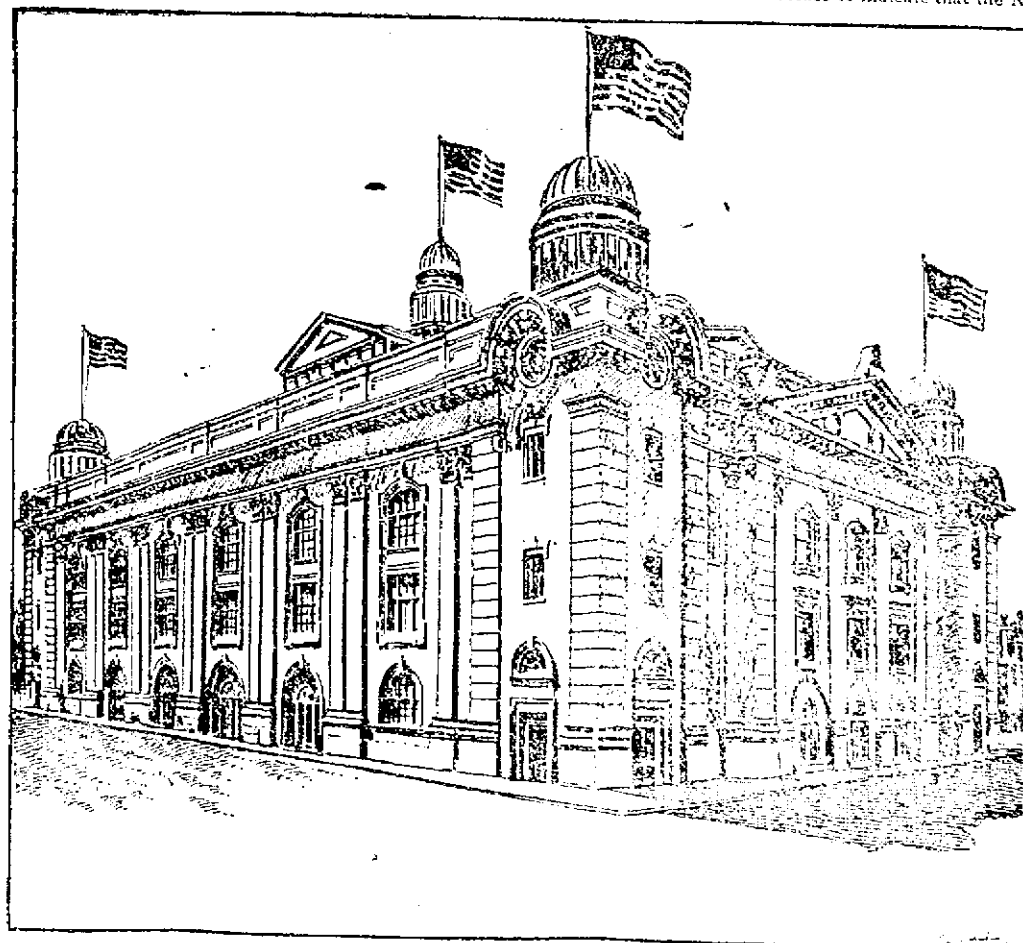
general stampede to Polk followed. When the ballot was concluded it was found that the Tennessee man was the unanimous choice of the convention, and the news was sent out by telegraph. So it was that Polk was the first "dark horse." Another Democrat, Mr. Bryan at the convention of 1896, was the last.

The convention which renominated Grover Cleveland in 1896 at Chicago was one of the most single minded and harmonious Democratic nominating meetings ever held. There was apparently no question of Mr. Cleveland's renomination, and William C. Whitney, who was in charge of the Cleveland canvass, found that he had practically nothing to do. When he reached Chicago he declared to a friend: "Why, I can't keep the votes back! They tumble in at the windows as well as at the doors." From the beginning it was evident that everything was going the Cleveland way. The committee on resolutions brought in a tariff plank that was so shifty and ambiguous that it was received with laughter and cries of derision as it was being read. By a great majority the plank was stricken out and a new one inserted, one that was decided enough to meet the views of Mr. Cleveland, radical though they were.

Next to General Bragg's memorable words spoken in succeeding the nomination, "We love him for the names he has made"—the effort of Tammany's silver tongued orator, Bourke Cockran, to prevent the favorite's renomination were most entertaining. Cockran began a dramatic appeal for harmony, declaring that it would never come were the president renominated. "I feel for him a personal friendship," he declared. "I oppose him in this convention only because he stands between the Democratic party and the light of victory. I believe Mr. Cleveland is a popular man" (applause), he continued—"a most popular man (increased applause)—a man of the most extraordinary popularity" (here he paused while the applause continued for three minutes) "on every day in the year except election day."

But this fluent Irishman's eloquence was of no avail. On the first ballot Cleveland polled 617 votes, ten more than the necessary two-thirds.

ELIAS STEPHENSON.



THE NEW AUDITORIUM AT DENVER.

LOWELL ON TOP

In Ball Game at Washington Park Today

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	TOTAL
Lowell	0	0	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	1	11
N. Bed.	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	1	0	10

The Tigers and Whalers had at it at Washington park again this afternoon. Pitcher Connelly of the visiting team was the attraction. He is entirely deaf and can speak but a few words, but he makes up for it when it comes to playing base ball. He plays according to signs and the majority of the members of the New Bedford team are now able to converse with him almost as well as with other players of the team.

Lowell presented the French battery, Rivard and Lemieux. Umpire O'Brien called time at 3:15 o'clock, the batting order being as follows:

LOWELL
Vandergriff 3b
Zinsar rf
Maceo lf
Howard c
Duff 1b
Wolfe ss
Lemieux p

NEW BEDFORD
cf Barrows
1b Larkin
lf O'Brien
2b Lord
3b Adler
rt Harrison
ss Moorehead
c Weeden
p Connelly

FIRST INNING.
The visitors sent two men across the plate in the first inning, but a goose egg was registered for Lowell.

Barrows was given a free pass and Larkin followed with a strike out. O'Brien hit along the first base line and was out, Barrows going to second. A two-bagger by Lord scored Barrows. Adler then slammed the ball out for a three-bagger and Lord scored. Harrison hit to Rivard and died at first.

In Lowell's half Vandergriff and Zinsar struck out and Maceo hit in front of the plate and was out.

SECOND INNING.
In the second inning Moorehead flied out to Connors. Weeden made a two-bagger and Connelly struck out. Barrows hit to Wolfe and the latter fumbled, but Weeden in trying to score from third on the play was thrown out.

Howard struck out. Connors made a single but was nailed while trying to steal second. Duff made a single to the right field fence, and was advanced on a balk. Wolfe struck out.

THIRD INNING.
Larkin struck out and O'Brien followed with a single. Lord flied out to Connors and the latter threw to first, settling O'Brien for a double play.

Lowell scored three runs in the latter half of the inning and took the lead. Lemieux opened the Lowell's half by smashing the ball out for a three-bagger. Rivard made a single and Lemieux scored. Vandergriff sacrificed, advancing Rivard to second. Zinsar hit to Adler and Rivard was nailed between the bases. Zinsar traveled to second on the play. Maceo made a two-bagger and scored Zinsar. Howard singled and Maceo

scored. Howard tried to make second and was nailed.

FOURTH INNING.
The visitors tied the score in the fourth inning. Adler opened with a single to right field. He went to second on Harrison's sacrifice. He stole third, but was accidentally spiked. Moorehead singled, scoring Adler, but the latter had to retire from the game owing to being spiked, and Delave took his place. Weeden flied to Zinsar. Connelly struck out.

In the latter half of the inning Connors hit to Moorehead and was out at first. Duff hit to deep left field for a three-bagger, but Wolfe and Lemieux struck out.

FIFTH INNING.
It was a case of the slaughter of the innocents in the fifth inning. The visitors descended on Rivard with both feet and scored five runs. Barrows flied out to Maceo and Larkin reached first on Wolfe's fumble. O'Brien singled and Larkin went to second. Lord tapped the ball for a single and Larkin scored. Delave hit to Vandergriff, but the latter fumbled and the batter reached first and O'Brien scored. Harrison slammed out a two-bagger and Lord and Delave scored. Moorehead was second out on a fly to Duff. Weeden singled and Harrison scored. Connelly closed the inning by striking out.

Lowell added another run in the latter half of the inning. Rivard got a base on balls. Vandergriff followed with a fly to O'Brien. Zinsar singled and Rivard went to third. Zinsar stole second. Maceo struck out. Howard singled, scoring Rivard. Connors was third out on a fly to Delave.

SIXTH INNING.
In the sixth inning Barrows hit to Connors and was out at first. Larkin got a two-bagger but in trying to steal third was called out. Larkin kicked over the decision and called the umpire "rotten." It cost him \$10 just for that. O'Brien struck out.

In the latter half of the inning Connelly, the "noisy" man, was taken out and Mead took his place on the slab.

Lowell added two more in the latter half of the sixth. Duff opened with a fly out to Moorehead. Wolfe, Lemieux and Rivard followed with singles, filling the bases. Vandergriff fanned the wind. Zinsar sent a fly to O'Brien, which the latter dropped and Maceo and Lemieux scored. Maceo drew a base on balls, filling the bases again, but Howard flied out to the trees and Harrison made a pretty catch, retiring the side.

SEVENTH INNING.
Warner went in to pitch in the seventh inning, and the visitors got as far as third base but failed to score. Lord opened with a strike-out. Delave flied out to Maceo. Harrison hit to deep left field for a clean three-bagger, but he died there for Moorehead flied out to Maceo.

Lowell scored three runs in the latter half of the seventh inning and forged ahead of the visitors. Connors hit to Mead and died at first. Duff hit to Delave, who fumbled, and the runner was safe. Wolfe followed with a single, then Duff stole third. Lemieux hit to left field and Harrison at right field changed positions owing to the strong sun. Warner flied out to Delave. Vandergriff singled, scoring Lemieux. Vandergriff then stole second, but Zinsar closed the inning by striking out.

EIGHTH INNING.
In the eighth inning Weeden struck out and Mead got hit by a pitched ball and walked to first. Barrows got a single. Larkin got a base on balls, filling the bases. O'Brien flied out to Howard and Mead scored on the put-out. Uting the score. Lord was third out on a fly to Lemieux.

Maceo bunted down the third base line and hit the ball out to first for a hit. Howard flied out to Delave. Connors struck out. Maceo tried to steal and was thrown out.

NINTH INNING.
Delave opened the ninth with a single. Harrison bunted to Warner, but Duff dropped the ball. Moorehead hit to Wolfe, who threw to second, getting Harrison and Connors threw to first to get the runner, but threw bad and Delave scored. Weeden struck out. Mead flied out to Vandergriff.

Duff hit to center field for a two-bagger. Wolfe sacrificed, sending Duff to third. Lemieux and Duff worked the squeeze play. Lemieux bunted the ball and beating it to first while Duff scored. Warner tied out to Delave and the ball was sent to first for a double play.

TENTH INNING.
Barrows got a single to right field and went to second on Zinsar's fumble. Larkin flied out to Connors. O'Brien got a base on balls. Lord struck out. Delave struck out. Vandergriff struck out. Zinsar flied out to Lord. Maceo hit a high fly to Moorehead, who dropped it and the Lowell man got to second base. Howard got a single and Maceo scored.

DIAMOND NOTES
"Bunny" Larkin, New Bedford's clever first baseman, is an M. D. with sheepskins from Cornell and Georgetown Medical school. Like Uncle he enters upon hospital service after the season closes.

Uncle's brother was electrocuted by coming in contact with a live wire.

Lowell will swap dates with Lynn tomorrow and will play in Lynn while Lynn will play here on Thursday.

Fatty Felix Lord is one of the attractions of the league. His one-hand catch in the air was worth going miles to see. He resembled a Gilded Airship making an ascent.

HE WILL RECOVER
Richmond Nichols Overcome by Heat

Richmond Nichols, 36, of Carlisle, was overcome by the heat in Middlesex street this afternoon. The ambulance was summoned at 2:40 and it took Mr. Nichols from 166 Middlesex street to the home of his daughter in Saratoga street. His condition is not critical.

In the equity session of the superior court in Boston today Charles F. Lancaster and Alden A. Mills of the Northern Land company of Boston were granted an injunction restraining Bratley Sheehan of this city from erecting fences or anything on the Fair grounds that would interfere with the Buffalo Bill show scheduled for tomorrow.

The injunction is for one day and was not, as a matter of fact, necessary. The Northern Land company purchased the Fair grounds in August, 1907, and divided the grounds up in house lots. Shortly afterwards the

BUFFALO BILL

Can Give His Exhibition in Lowell Tomorrow

company sold lots 53 and 54 to Mr. Sheehan with the understanding that the company should use the two lots temporarily.

J. Whitman Bailey and Franklin H. Brooks of Boston appeared for the plaintiffs and L. H. Kileski of this city for the defendant. The whole thing simmered down to a misunderstanding on the part of Mr. Sheehan, who thought that it was the company's purpose to hold a perpetual lease on the two lots in question and when he learned that they were wanted only for one day he said he had no objections to offer.

LARCENY CHARGE

Michael Ansara Placed Under Arrest

There was consternation in the Syrian colony this afternoon when Michael Ansara, one of the leading Syrian residents of this city was placed under arrest on a warrant for larceny by Inspector John Walsh.

The complainant is John Moses, another Syrian, who claims that Ansara converted personal property to the value of about \$24 to his own use. Included in the list of articles which it is alleged were stolen are a number of yards of cloth, table covers, handkerchiefs, kimono and a satchel.

Ansara was bailed.

EXPECT SHOWERS

Relief From the Heat Expected

NEW YORK, July 7.—Promises of at least temporary relief from the protracted period of excessive heat came from the publication of the weather bureau's bulletin forecast this forenoon. It prophesied showers late this afternoon followed by cooler tonight. In the meantime, however, the mercury continued to climb. At 11 o'clock it stood at 91. The humidity decreased gradually.

MORE STRICKEN

BOSTON, July 7.—At noon today the thermometer at the weather bureau today had risen to 92 degrees, the highest point of the year.

There was a total for the forenoon of five prostrations in the city and one in Cambridge.

Shortly after noon two more heat patients were brought into the city hospital.

Patrick Lang, a Roxbury teamster, became unconscious with the heat, fell from his team, fractured his skull and broke his collar bone.

On the tenement house sections of the North and West Ends the watering carts were kept at work all day setting down the streets. The fire department flushed some of the most crowded streets with their hose.

BRIGHTON RACES

BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y., July 7.—First race: Altuda, 10, Gilbert, 15 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, 3 to 1, 4 to 1, 5 to 1, 6 to 1, 7 to 1, 8 to 1, 9 to 1, 10 to 1, 11 to 1, 12 to 1, 13 to 1, 14 to 1, 15 to 1, 16 to 1, 17 to 1, 18 to 1, 19 to 1, 20 to 1, 21 to 1, 22 to 1, 23 to 1, 24 to 1, 25 to 1, 26 to 1, 27 to 1, 28 to 1, 29 to 1, 30 to 1, 31 to 1, 32 to 1, 33 to 1, 34 to 1, 35 to 1, 36 to 1, 37 to 1, 38 to 1, 39 to 1, 40 to 1, 41 to 1, 42 to 1, 43 to 1, 44 to 1, 45 to 1, 46 to 1, 47 to 1, 48 to 1, 49 to 1, 50 to 1, 51 to 1, 52 to 1, 53 to 1, 54 to 1, 55 to 1, 56 to 1, 57 to 1, 58 to 1, 59 to 1, 60 to 1, 61 to 1, 62 to 1, 63 to 1, 64 to 1, 65 to 1, 66 to 1, 67 to 1, 68 to 1, 69 to 1, 70 to 1, 71 to 1, 72 to 1, 73 to 1, 74 to 1, 75 to 1, 76 to 1, 77 to 1, 78 to 1, 79 to 1, 80 to 1, 81 to 1, 82 to 1, 83 to 1, 84 to 1, 85 to 1, 86 to 1, 87 to 1, 88 to 1, 89 to 1, 90 to 1, 91 to 1, 92 to 1, 93 to 1, 94 to 1, 95 to 1, 96 to 1, 97 to 1, 98 to 1, 99 to 1, 100 to 1, 101 to 1, 102 to 1, 103 to 1, 104 to 1, 105 to 1, 106 to 1, 107 to 1, 108 to 1, 109 to 1, 110 to 1, 111 to 1, 112 to 1, 113 to 1, 114 to 1, 115 to 1, 116 to 1, 117 to 1, 118 to 1, 119 to 1, 120 to 1, 121 to 1, 122 to 1, 123 to 1, 124 to 1, 125 to 1, 126 to 1, 127 to 1, 128 to 1, 129 to 1, 130 to 1, 131 to 1, 132 to 1, 133 to 1, 134 to 1, 135 to 1, 136 to 1, 137 to 1, 138 to 1, 139 to 1, 140 to 1, 141 to 1, 142 to 1, 143 to 1, 144 to 1, 145 to 1, 146 to 1, 147 to 1, 148 to 1, 149 to 1, 150 to 1, 151 to 1, 152 to 1, 153 to 1, 154 to 1, 155 to 1, 156 to 1, 157 to 1, 158 to 1, 159 to 1, 160 to 1, 161 to 1, 162 to 1, 163 to 1, 164 to 1, 165 to 1, 166 to 1, 167 to 1, 168 to 1, 169 to 1, 170 to 1, 171 to 1, 172 to 1, 173 to 1, 174 to 1, 175 to 1, 176 to 1, 177 to 1, 178 to 1, 179 to 1, 180 to 1, 181 to 1, 182 to 1, 183 to 1, 184 to 1, 185 to 1, 186 to 1, 187 to 1, 188 to 1, 189 to 1, 190 to 1, 191 to 1, 192 to 1, 193 to 1, 194 to 1, 195 to 1, 196 to 1, 197 to 1, 198 to 1, 199 to 1, 200 to 1, 201 to 1, 202 to 1, 203 to 1, 204 to 1, 205 to 1, 206 to 1, 207 to 1, 208 to 1, 209 to 1, 210 to 1, 211 to 1, 212 to 1, 213 to 1, 214 to 1, 215 to 1, 216 to 1, 217 to 1, 218 to 1, 219 to 1, 220 to 1, 221 to 1, 222 to 1, 223 to 1, 224 to 1, 225 to 1, 226 to 1, 227 to 1, 228 to 1, 229 to 1, 230 to 1, 231 to 1, 232 to 1, 233 to 1, 234 to 1, 235 to 1, 236 to 1, 237 to 1, 238 to 1, 239 to 1, 240 to 1, 241 to 1, 242 to 1, 243 to 1, 244 to 1, 245 to 1, 246 to 1, 247 to 1, 248 to 1, 249 to 1, 250 to 1, 251 to 1, 252 to 1, 253 to 1, 254 to 1, 255 to 1, 256 to 1, 257 to 1, 258 to 1, 259 to 1, 260 to 1, 261 to 1, 262 to 1, 263 to 1, 264 to 1, 265 to 1, 266 to 1, 267 to 1, 268 to 1, 269 to 1, 270 to 1, 271 to 1, 272 to 1, 273 to 1, 274 to 1, 275 to 1, 276 to 1, 277 to 1, 278 to 1, 279 to 1, 280 to 1, 281 to 1, 282 to 1, 283 to 1, 284 to 1, 285 to 1, 286 to 1, 287 to 1, 288 to 1, 289 to 1, 290 to 1, 291 to 1, 292 to 1, 293 to 1, 294 to 1, 295 to 1, 296 to 1, 297 to 1, 298 to 1, 299 to 1, 300 to 1, 301 to 1, 302 to 1, 303 to 1, 304 to 1, 305 to 1, 306 to 1, 307 to 1, 308 to 1, 309 to 1, 310 to 1, 311 to 1, 312 to 1, 313 to 1, 314 to 1, 315 to 1, 316 to 1, 317 to 1, 318 to 1, 319 to 1, 320 to 1, 321 to 1, 322 to 1, 323 to 1, 324 to 1, 325 to 1, 326 to 1, 327 to 1, 328 to 1, 329 to 1, 330 to 1, 331 to 1, 332 to 1, 333 to 1, 334 to 1, 335 to 1, 336 to 1, 337 to 1, 338 to 1, 339 to 1, 340 to 1, 341 to 1, 342 to 1, 343 to 1, 344 to 1, 345 to 1, 346 to 1, 347 to 1, 348 to 1, 349 to 1, 350 to 1, 351 to 1, 352 to 1, 353 to 1, 354 to 1, 355 to 1, 356 to 1, 357 to 1, 358 to 1, 359 to 1, 360 to 1, 361 to 1, 362 to 1, 363 to 1, 364 to 1, 365 to 1, 366 to 1, 367 to 1, 368 to 1, 369 to 1, 370 to 1, 371 to 1, 372 to 1, 373 to 1, 374 to 1, 375 to 1, 376 to 1, 377 to 1, 378 to 1, 379 to 1, 380 to 1, 381 to 1, 382 to 1, 383 to 1, 384 to 1, 385 to 1, 386 to 1, 387 to 1, 388 to 1, 389 to 1, 390 to 1, 391 to 1, 392 to 1, 393 to 1, 394 to 1, 395 to 1, 396 to 1, 397 to 1, 398 to 1, 399 to 1, 400 to 1, 401 to 1, 402 to 1, 403 to 1, 404 to 1, 405 to 1, 406 to 1, 407 to 1, 408 to 1, 409 to 1, 410 to 1, 411 to 1, 412 to 1, 413 to 1, 414 to 1, 415 to 1, 416 to 1, 417 to 1, 418 to 1, 419 to 1, 420 to 1, 421 to 1, 422 to 1, 423 to 1, 424 to 1, 425 to 1, 426 to 1, 427 to 1, 428 to 1, 429 to 1, 430 to 1, 431 to 1, 432 to 1, 433 to 1, 434 to 1, 435 to 1, 436 to 1, 437 to 1, 438 to 1, 439 to 1, 440 to 1, 441 to 1, 442 to 1, 443 to 1, 444 to 1, 445 to 1, 446 to 1, 447 to 1, 448 to 1, 449 to 1, 450 to 1, 451 to 1, 452 to 1, 453 to 1, 454 to 1, 455 to 1, 456 to 1, 457 to 1, 458 to 1, 459 to 1, 460 to 1, 461 to 1, 462 to 1, 463 to 1, 464 to 1, 465 to 1, 466 to 1, 467 to 1, 468 to 1, 469 to 1, 470 to 1, 471 to 1, 472 to 1, 473 to 1, 474 to 1, 475 to 1, 476 to 1, 477 to 1, 478 to 1, 479 to 1, 480 to 1, 481 to 1, 482 to 1, 483 to 1, 484 to 1, 485 to 1, 486 to 1, 487 to 1, 488 to 1, 489 to 1, 490 to 1, 491 to 1, 492 to 1, 493 to 1, 494 to 1, 495 to 1, 496 to 1, 497 to 1, 498 to 1, 499 to 1, 500 to 1, 501 to 1, 502 to 1, 503 to 1, 504 to 1, 505 to 1, 506 to 1, 507 to 1, 508 to 1, 509 to 1, 510 to 1, 511 to 1, 512 to 1, 513 to 1, 514 to 1, 515 to 1, 516 to 1, 517 to 1, 518 to 1, 519 to 1, 520 to 1, 521 to 1, 522 to 1, 523 to 1, 524 to 1, 525 to 1, 526 to 1, 527 to 1, 528 to 1, 529 to 1, 530 to 1, 531 to 1, 532 to 1, 533 to 1, 534 to 1, 535 to 1, 536 to 1, 537 to 1, 538 to 1, 539 to 1, 540 to 1, 541 to 1, 542 to 1, 543 to 1, 544 to 1, 545 to 1, 546 to 1, 547 to 1, 548 to 1, 549 to 1, 550 to 1, 551 to 1, 552 to 1, 553 to 1, 554 to 1, 555 to 1, 556 to 1, 557 to 1, 558 to 1, 559 to 1, 560 to 1, 561 to 1, 562 to 1, 563 to 1, 564 to 1, 565 to 1, 566 to 1, 567 to 1, 568 to 1, 569 to 1, 570 to 1, 571 to 1, 572 to 1, 573 to 1, 574 to 1, 575 to 1, 576 to 1, 577 to 1, 578 to 1, 579 to 1, 580 to 1, 581 to 1, 582 to 1, 583 to 1, 584 to 1, 585 to 1, 586 to 1, 587 to 1, 588 to 1, 589 to 1, 590 to 1, 591 to 1, 592 to 1, 593 to 1, 594 to 1, 595 to 1, 596 to 1, 597 to 1, 598 to 1, 599 to 1, 600 to 1, 601 to 1, 602 to 1, 603 to 1, 604 to 1, 605 to 1, 606 to 1, 607 to 1, 608 to 1, 609 to 1, 610 to 1, 611 to 1, 612 to 1, 613 to 1, 614 to 1, 615 to 1, 616 to 1, 617 to 1, 618 to 1, 619 to 1, 620 to 1, 621 to 1, 622 to 1, 623 to 1, 624 to 1, 625 to 1, 626 to 1, 627 to 1, 628 to 1, 629 to 1, 630 to 1, 631 to 1, 632 to 1, 633 to 1, 634 to 1, 635 to 1, 636 to 1, 637 to 1, 638 to 1, 639 to 1, 640 to 1, 641 to 1, 642 to 1, 643 to 1, 644 to 1, 645 to 1, 646 to 1, 647 to 1, 648 to 1, 649 to 1, 650 to 1, 651 to 1, 652 to 1, 653 to 1, 654 to 1, 655 to 1, 656 to 1, 657 to 1, 658 to 1, 659 to 1, 660 to 1, 661 to 1, 662 to 1, 663 to 1, 664 to 1, 665 to 1, 666 to 1, 667 to 1, 668 to 1, 669 to 1, 670 to 1, 671 to 1, 672 to 1, 673 to 1, 674 to 1, 675 to 1, 676 to 1, 677 to 1, 678 to 1, 679 to 1, 680 to 1, 681 to 1, 682 to 1, 683 to 1, 684 to 1, 685 to 1, 686 to 1, 687 to 1, 688 to 1, 689 to 1, 690 to 1, 691 to 1, 692 to 1, 693 to 1, 694 to 1, 695 to 1, 696 to 1, 697 to 1, 698 to 1, 699 to 1, 700 to 1, 701 to 1, 702 to 1, 703 to 1, 704 to 1, 705 to 1, 706 to 1, 707 to 1, 708 to 1, 709 to 1, 710 to 1, 711 to 1, 712 to 1, 713 to 1, 714 to 1, 715 to 1, 716 to 1, 717 to 1, 718 to 1, 719 to 1, 720 to 1, 721 to 1, 722 to 1, 723 to 1, 724 to 1, 725 to 1, 726 to 1, 727 to 1, 728 to 1, 729 to 1, 730 to 1, 731 to 1, 732 to 1, 733 to 1, 734 to 1, 735 to 1, 736 to 1, 737 to 1, 738 to 1, 739 to 1, 740 to 1, 741 to 1, 742 to 1, 743 to 1, 744 to 1, 745 to 1, 746 to 1, 747 to 1, 748 to 1, 749 to 1, 750 to 1, 751 to 1, 752 to 1, 753 to 1, 754 to 1, 755 to 1, 756 to 1, 757 to 1, 758 to 1, 759 to 1, 760 to 1, 761 to 1, 762 to 1, 763 to 1, 764 to 1, 765 to 1, 766 to 1, 767 to 1, 768 to 1, 769 to 1, 770 to 1, 771 to 1, 772 to 1, 773 to 1, 774 to 1, 775 to 1, 776 to 1, 777 to 1, 778 to 1, 779 to 1, 780 to 1, 781 to 1, 782 to 1, 783 to 1, 784 to 1, 785 to 1, 786 to 1, 787 to 1, 788 to 1, 789 to 1, 790 to 1, 791 to 1, 792 to 1, 793 to 1, 794 to 1, 795 to 1, 796 to 1, 797 to 1, 798 to 1, 799 to 1, 800 to 1, 801 to 1, 802 to 1, 803 to 1, 804 to 1, 805 to 1, 806 to 1, 807 to 1, 808 to 1, 809 to 1, 810 to 1, 811 to 1, 812 to 1, 813 to 1, 814 to 1, 815 to 1, 816 to 1, 817 to 1, 818 to 1, 819 to 1, 820 to 1, 821 to 1, 822 to 1, 823 to 1, 824 to 1, 825 to 1, 826 to 1, 827 to 1, 828 to 1, 829 to 1, 830 to 1, 831 to 1, 832 to 1, 833 to 1, 834 to 1, 835 to 1, 836 to 1, 837 to 1, 838 to 1, 839 to 1, 840 to 1, 841 to 1, 842 to 1, 843 to 1, 844 to 1, 845 to 1, 846 to 1, 847 to 1, 848 to 1, 849 to 1, 850 to 1, 851 to 1, 852 to 1, 853 to 1, 854 to 1, 855 to 1, 856 to 1, 857 to 1, 858 to 1, 859 to 1, 860 to 1, 861 to 1, 862 to 1, 863 to 1, 864 to 1, 865 to 1, 866 to 1, 867 to 1, 868 to 1, 869 to 1, 870 to 1, 871 to 1, 872 to 1, 873 to 1, 874 to 1, 875 to 1, 876 to 1, 877 to 1, 878 to 1, 879 to 1, 880 to 1, 881 to 1, 882 to 1, 883 to 1, 884 to 1, 885 to 1, 886 to 1, 887 to 1, 888 to 1, 889 to 1, 890 to 1, 891 to 1, 892 to 1, 893 to 1, 894 to 1, 895 to 1, 896 to 1, 897 to 1, 898 to 1, 899 to 1, 900 to 1, 901 to 1, 902 to 1, 903 to 1, 904 to 1, 905 to 1, 906 to 1, 907 to 1, 908 to 1, 909 to 1, 910 to 1, 911 to 1, 912 to 1, 913 to 1, 914 to 1, 915 to 1, 916 to 1, 917 to 1, 918 to 1, 919 to 1, 920 to 1, 921 to 1, 922 to 1, 923 to 1, 924 to 1, 925 to 1, 926 to 1, 927 to 1, 928 to 1, 929 to 1, 930 to 1, 931 to 1, 932 to 1, 933 to 1, 934 to 1, 935 to 1, 936 to 1, 937 to 1, 938 to 1, 939 to 1, 940 to 1, 941 to 1, 942 to 1, 943 to 1, 944 to 1, 945 to 1, 946 to 1, 947 to 1, 948 to 1, 949 to 1, 950 to 1, 951 to 1, 952 to 1, 953 to 1, 954 to 1, 955 to 1, 956 to 1, 957 to 1, 958 to 1, 959 to 1, 960 to 1, 961 to 1, 962 to

6 O'CLOCK BIG FLEET SAILS

Sixteen Battleships Begin Their Tour Around the World

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—A splendid picture of America's fighting strength on the sea was presented today when the sixteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet, led by the magnificent Connecticut with Rear-Admiral Chas. S. S. Perry on the bridge, headed out of the Golden Gate and bathed their bows in the blue Pacific. In imposing array they passed beyond the headlands, out of the view of the thousands of cheering watchers on shore and started fairly on the long voyage through five seas from San Francisco to Hampton Roads—a striking demonstration of the power and efficiency of the United States navy.

Sixteen battleships were in the line, divided into four divisions, and two squadrons. In the first division of the first squadron were the flagships of Rear-Admiral Sperry, the Connecticut, and her sister ships, the Kansas, Minnesota and Vermont. This division, as well as the entire fleet, is under the immediate command of Rear-Admiral Sperry. The second division of the first squadron is commanded by Acting Rear-Admiral Richard Walcott, and consists of the flagships Georgia and her sister ships, the Nebraska, New Jersey and Rhode Island. Rear-Admiral William H. Emory commands the second squadron and third division, and is aboard of the flagship Louisiana. The Virginia, Ohio and Missouri also are in this division. The fourth division, under the command of Acting Rear-Admiral Seaton Schroeder, is made up of the flagships Wisconsin and the Illinois, Kearsarge and Kentucky. The Nebraska, Kansas and Wisconsin, formerly of the Pacific fleet, have taken the places of the Maine and Alabama of the Atlantic fleet, which are en route to Hampton Roads as a special service squadron.

The fleet auxiliaries preceded the battleships by a week, and are now nearing Honolulu, where they will unload supplies and sail away for New Zealand before the arrival of the fleet at Honolulu. These auxiliaries are the Panther, repair ship; Glacier, refrigerator supply ship; Culgoa, supply ship; Ajax, collier; Relief, hospital ship; and Yankton, tender and despatch boat.

WILL ENCIRCLE WORLD.
The battleships which sailed today on the longest voyage ever undertaken by such a powerful fleet during which they will completely encircle the world, from Hampton Roads to Hampton Roads, have a total tonnage of 155,000 tons. The fleet is capable of steaming on an average of ten knots an hour under any sea conditions, and is following an itinerary which will bring the ships to Manila on October 1, 1909. The complete route from Manila to Hampton Roads has not yet been definitely announced, but it is expected that the fleet will arrive at its ultimate destination the latter part of February, 1909, when it will be joined at Hampton Roads by most of the other ships of the American navy then on the Atlantic coast, and this great fleet of war vessels—greater even than that which scattered in the Pacific—will be the largest fleet ever assembled at Hampton Roads. December 15 when the present record-breaking voyage began and where it will again be reviewed by President Roosevelt just prior to his going out of office.

AT HONOLULU.
The fleet is scheduled to arrive at Honolulu, July 15. Residents of that remote possession of the United States have prepared a magnificent and fitting reception to the officers and men, which will be of the nature of a reception and a belated Fourth of July celebration combined. It is the first time since the Spanish-American war that so many of the fighting men have been at Honolulu. The city has been making for months at Honolulu that no pleasing feature shall be lacking.

After a stay of one week in Honolulu, the fleet will proceed to Auckland, New Zealand. It is by special invitation of the New Zealand government that the American ships go there, and it is the "Yankee" sailors will receive their first greetings from a foreign people since leaving South America. This greeting will be particularly cordial and the entertainment arranged for officers and men will be of a most magnificent nature. The fact that this greeting will come at the end of the longest leg of the voyage around the world, when the men are worn by a stretch of seventeen successive days out of sight of land, will tend to make it all the more welcome.

Perhaps the grandest of all the entertainments to be given the men of the fleet in any foreign city, however, will be waiting their arrival at Sydney, the great port of Australia, where the warships, after leaving Auckland on August 15, will arrive on August 25. Half a million dollars is the sum the government of Australia and the people of Sydney have appropriated for the entertainment of the American sailors. Varied and many are the pleasures the Australians have planned, and placed in store for them during the nine days of their stay at the port. The government will take an active part in these entertainments, these in the official life of the colony along with private citizens in efforts to display their hospitality. A series of elaborate social functions for the officers, and parades and excursions and sports for the enlisted men comprise the program.

GREAT ENTERTAINMENT.
Melbourne and Albany are two other ports of Australia where the fleet will stop, and where generous hospitality and lavish entertainment will be given the men. From the port of Albany the fleet will steam on September 1 for Manila, and it will arrive in these American waters, the last home port, until Hampton Roads, on October 1.

The reception to be accorded the fleet in Manila will be a stirring one, and the entertainment of the officers and men on shore will be as cordial and heartfelt, if not as elaborate, as the

receptions at other places. The American colony in Manila is looking forward to the event with fervent anticipation. A large fund has been subscribed, and committees are at work on the preparations.

VISIT TO JAPAN.

Great interest is felt in the fleet's visit to Japan. Proceeding to Yokohama from Manila, the fleet will arrive there on October 17. Here on October 24 it will be divided, the first squadron returning October 31 to Manila, where it will arrive October 29. The promise is that the welcome to be given the Americans in Yokohama will not be second in graciousness, at least, to anything met with at any port previously touched; for it is upon the special invitation of the Emperor of Japan that the fleet goes there. Elaborate functions at court, and social affairs will be held for the officers of the fleet. At Amoy, China, the reception will doubtless be the occasion of a great celebration characteristic of the Chinese. The two squadrons of the fleet will be brought together again at Manila on November 7, and the departure thence for Aden, and the passage of the Suez will take place within the following few days, the exact date not yet having been determined.

The ships of the Pacific fleet, which assembled here previous to the departure of battleships for Hampton Roads, will remain in this harbor until August 5, at which time they will start for Samoa and the Philippines, with the little black boats comprising the Atlantic and Pacific torpedo flotillas in tow. Preparatory to this summer voyage of the Pacific fleet, a squadron of the cruisers will take some of the torpedo boats in tow, and steam down the Pacific coast as far as San Diego by way of a test of the possibility of towing the little craft for long distances. The towing to Samoa and the Philippines is contingent upon the success of this experiment.

DARTON TO RETIRE.

Admiral Darton, now in command of the Pacific fleet, will retire August 1, and it is considered probable that Admiral Swinhoe will succeed him in command of the Pacific fleet, and take it across the Pacific and back. Following is a complete list of the Atlantic fleet—the commanding officers and the formation of the various divisions.

Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, commander-in-chief.

FIRST SQUADRON.

First Division.
Connecticut, (flagship of Sperry), Capt. Hugo Osterhaus, 24 guns, 16,000 tons displacement; 15,500 horsepower, speed, 18 knots.
Kansas, Capt. Charles E. Vreeland, sister ship to the Connecticut.
Minnesota, Capt. John Hubbard, sister ship to the Connecticut.
Vermont, Capt. William C. Potter, sister ship to the Connecticut.

SECOND SQUADRON.

Third Division. Rear Admiral William H. Emory, commanding second squadron and third division, Louisiana (flagship), Capt. Kessuth Niles, sister to the Connecticut.
Fourth Division. Acting Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, commanding Wisconsin (flagship), Capt. Henry Morrell, 18 guns, 11,325 tons; 11,394 horsepower; speed 12 knots.
Illinois, Capt. John M. Howey, sister to Wisconsin.
Kearsarge, Capt. Hamilton Hutchins, 22 guns, 11,325 tons; 11,504 horsepower; speed 12 knots.
Kentucky, Capt. Walter C. Cowles, sister to the Kearsarge.
Fifth Division. Panther, repair ship; Glacier, refrigerator supply vessel, Commander William S. Hoag, Culgoa, supply ship, Commander John B. Patton, Ajax, collier, merchant complement, Eke, tender or small dispatch boat; Relief, hospital ship, Surgeon Charles J. Stokes, commanding.

SEN. HEMENWAY

HAD A CONFERENCE WITH TAFT TODAY.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—William H. Taft spent today in political conferences and on the golf links. Senator Hemenway of Indiana, who reached here on the midnight train and talked matters over with Representative Burdette of Ohio, conferred with Mr. Taft concerning the chairmanship of the republican party and a call in Indiana generally today. Mr. Hemenway's name has been mentioned in connection with the chairmanship of the republican party and a call in Indiana generally today.

Mr. Taft dictated several letters and then started for the links with Frank Kellogg, national committeeman from Minnesota, and Mr. Burke of Pennsylvania. They were engaged in the game until lunch time. He to the day is over Mr. Taft will take his first horseback ride over the mountain paths about here. A bridge path along the surrounding ridges gives magnificent views of the country.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Butler Ames Co., U. R. F. held a regular assembly last night. Major Frank H. Little of Boston gave instructions in regard to the coming encampment in Boston, August 3-5. One application was accepted. The degree of rank will be worked July 20.

FEARFUL DEATH Man Impaled on Shaft and Killed

NEW YORK, July 6.—Impaled upon the shaft of a wagon Rudolph Gershon, of No. 121 Avenue C, was carried for two blocks up Eighth avenue by a runaway horse yesterday before his lifeless body dropped to the pavement at One Hundred and Eighteenth street. Hundreds who witnessed the accident cleared the way to save themselves from the hoofs of the frenzied animal.

Incidentally, Policeman Philip McGuire, who stopped the horse, gave an exhibition of bicycle riding that a circus performer might have envied. The horse, belonging to a grocery firm, had been left standing at One Hundred and Fourteenth street and Eighth avenue by the driver, Frank Saterpina, who had removed the horse and then went to get his driving. The horse became frightened at a floating bit of paper and bolted up the avenue.

As it approached the transfer point at One Hundred and Sixteenth street Samuel S. Einstein and Rudolph Gershon, ironworkers, were waiting for a car. Einstein was knocked down and had his right leg broken.

The right shaft of the wagon entered Gershon's mouth and is supposed to have penetrated the brain. He was impaled upon the shaft and swept off his feet as the horse rushed onward. For two blocks the limp body of Gershon hung, while the cries of horror came up from the spectators. Then the victim dropped, while the horse kept on to One Hundred and Twentieth street, where it slammed into a big van which the driver had stratched across the street to halt it. But the horse only tore loose from the wagon and with the shaft still hanging to it kept on.

JURY IS CHOSEN For the Trial of Steve Adams

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., July 7.—With the jury completed, nine of whom are farmers and the opening statements of the defense and prosecution, the taking of testimony began here today in the trial of Steve Adams accused of assassinating Arthur Collins, the mine manager, during the strike trouble at Telluride several years ago.

District Judge C. Hackford, sitting in the case, granted the application of the defense to have the state summon Adams' witnesses by allowing \$100 for the purpose. Attorney Hillon objected to the admission of Adams' alleged confession on which the state's case is based. The court permitted the prosecutor to read the confession, but withheld his decision as to admission of the confession itself to which the objection was made by the defense that it was involuntary.

KILLED MOTHER Young Man Placed on Trial

NEW YORK, July 7.—"I swore that I would kill my mother when I got out of jail, even if I died five minutes after I murdered her. She was the cause of my spending most of my life in reformatories, protectories and jails. So I fired four shots into her, and I would have killed my sister if it hadn't been for her. She had 'kids.' Neither of them ever gave me a kind word. Cool as if he were a mere spectator, and not one who stood in the shadow of death, 23-year-old Bernard Carlin, who on April 5 last shot and killed his mother, Susan, made this statement in the County Court, Brooklyn, before Judge Dike, a few minutes before he was sentenced to die in the electric chair during the first week in August.

According to Judge Dike the trial was a record breaker for speed, in the annals of murder cases in New York state. The selection of a jury began at 10 a. m. Ten minutes later twelve men were in the box, ready to hear testimony.

At 11:30 the prosecution had ended its case, and at 1 o'clock the defense had entered its plea, had made its summing up and the prosecution also had summed up. The case went to the jury, which promptly went to lunch without deliberating. Returning after an hour, they discussed the evidence, and at 2:15 fled into the courtroom with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

The judge looked at the prisoner, who sat motionlessly near him, and sentence was promptly imposed. Young Carlin, callous and imperturbable, heard the fatal words without a tremor.

Sitting by the rail in front of the judge, as the solemn sentence was pronounced, was a woman who says that she is the Countess Caroline von Schlimm, of Germany, living at No. 925 Myrtle avenue, where she earns a living as a dressmaker. It is said she took a keen interest in Carlin's fate, and when she heard the man condemned to die, she rose to her feet, swayed, and then fell over the rail in a faint. She was removed from the courtroom.

CONNECTICUT TO GIVE ITS PLACE TO MINNESOTA.

CONVENTION HALL, July 7.—At a conference early today the Connecticut delegation voted 11 to 3 to give place to Minnesota at the call of states for presidential nominations, under this arrangement Gov. Johnson's name will be presented early in the roll.

TWO FATALITIES Attended Grand Prix Auto Race at Dieppe

DIEPPE, July 7.—Almost a million persons today saw the German drivers capture the automobile honors of 1908. They got the first three places in the Grand Prix race while another German cut down the Dieppe track record by one hour and forty-five minutes. The race was the most exciting since the Grand Prix was inaugurated. A terrific race was set at the start and three Frenchmen, Szece, Thery and Salbot, a German, beat the Italian, and made last year in its first round. In the second round Nazario, driving a Fiat, forced to the lead. The trouble then developed and a strong wind blew straight in the faces of the drivers as they came down the sea leg of the triangular course forced a reduction of the pace and put an end to the hopes entertained earlier in the day that the record of last year would be broken. Lamerchinger in his Mercedes drove steadily and took the lead in the fourth round when Nazario dropped back owing to a jammed clutch and he maintained this position to the finish.

The English drivers never were prominent from the beginning and strange, the American, driving a Thomas car, after finishing the fourth round next to the leader, disappeared. After the fourth round the Italian also dropped out.

The French kept up the struggle, but one by one their crack drivers succumbed.

The Frenchmen found much consolation in the gallant conduct of Hemery, who finished second. When the race was about half over a stone thrown by a flying wheel struck and broke his goggles and a piece of glass was driven into his eye. He continued to the finish. But he refused to quit. After a surgeon had given him an injection of cocaine to kill the pain he resumed his wheel and continued to the finish.

The German victory is naturally not very popular with the French, but nevertheless thousands cheered Lamerchinger as he came in a winner. As Lamerchinger was escorted to the Tribunal and there his accident was made known. But he refused to quit. After a surgeon had given him an injection of cocaine to kill the pain he resumed his wheel and continued to the finish.

There were only two fatalities, while finishing the final round, the tire of the machine of Cissac, a Panhard, was torn off. It was thrown on the top of his assistant and him and they were horribly crushed.

Another serious accident happened to Harrison, the English driver of a Wolgel car. This machine turned a somersault at a dangerous point in the road and Harrison was crushed and was removed to a hospital.

POPE NOT ILL POWERS RETIRES He is Enjoying Good Health Will Not Run for Congress Again

ROME, July 7.—There is no truth in the report emanating in Paris that the pope is in ill health. Since he was elected to his present office the pontiff has never enjoyed better health during the sum of time than he has this year. This morning after celebrating mass he was walking in the gardens at 7 o'clock. Later the pontiff received a number of visitors.

STILL TIED UP No Traffic on Western Railroads

OMAHA, Neb., July 7.—Passenger traffic on western railroads is still tied up as the result of yesterday's flood at Lincoln. The Burlington railroad is detouring its western trains which requires 12 to 15 hours to get around the flooded districts. The Burlington expects to be clear by night. The Northwestern is refusing all business for Lincoln and south of that city. The Missouri Pacific main line is open but the Lincoln branch is blocked.

The Rock Island is transferring passengers around two breaks and expects repairs to be completed by noon. The Union Pacific main line was unscathed by the floods but its Lincoln branch will not be repaired for two days.

MAYOR JOHNSON Defeated for National Committeeman

DENVER, Colo., July 7.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland was defeated for membership on the national committee today at the formal caucus of the Ohio delegation. It already had been stated that H. C. Garber of Columbus was to succeed Mr. Johnson but the mayor of Cleveland put up a hard fight which lasted for an hour. The result, however, was heavily against him, the vote being 27 for Garber to 7 for Johnson.

At the opening of the caucus Mr. Johnson presented a telegram conveying to him the proxies of ten members of the delegation who had been delayed in crossing Nebraska. The committee refused to accept them and although Mr. Johnson endeavored to have it read into the record it was entirely excluded. For member of the committee on resolutions, D. M. Grubb was successful over E. H. Moore, the Johnson man. Max Goldsmith defeated E. Whelan for membership on the credentials committee.

A CHALLENGE TO ANY SHOE SHOP TEAM IN LOWELL.

Editor Sun.—After waiting two weeks and receiving no response from the challenge issued recently through your paper to Foster's baseball team, we will now extend this challenge to any shoe shop team in the city, for a game of baseball, to be played Saturday, July 11 or 15, for any suitable prize.

Thanking you in advance for this favor of issuing this challenge in your paper, I remain
Respectfully yours,
James Brown.

Mr. Stover & Dean's Baseball Team.
Samuel Barber, Asst. Mgr.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CAPTURES MAN NEGRO KILLED Who Tried to Stab Another While Trying to Enter Girls' Room

NEW YORK, July 7.—Police Sergeant O'Brien of Edgewater, N. J., late yesterday made a remarkable arrest, and probably saved a man from being murdered in the Hudson river off Port Lee. He was standing on shore when he heard wild yells of "Murder!" Looking down stream he saw a rowboat with four men in it, one man endeavoring to ward off knife blows which another was attempting to inflict. O'Brien swiftly doffed his cap, threw off his coat and leaped into the river. He swam nearly two hundred feet to where the boat lay. The knife wielder, seeing the officer approaching, ceased his struggle with the other man, dropped his knife, and plunged overboard, intending to gain the shore before the policeman could reach him.

But O'Brien divined his intention and while the three other men rowed like mad down the river, the bluecoat, a man of splendid physique and great courage, turned about and swam swiftly after his prey, catching him long before the shore was reached. O'Brien had little difficulty in subduing the prisoner, even in the water, and both were dragged to the ferry boat.

At the station house the prisoner said he was Michael Meeker. He would not give his address, nor would he tell who his companions in the boat were. He is charged with assault with intent to kill.

O'Brien had to go to his home after the strenuous experience of swimming against the tide while handicapped by shoes, trousers and the other attire.

THE AMERICANS Will Finish Their Work at Brighton

LONDON, July 7.—The American athletes who are to take part in the Olympic games have put in the last two days in the stadium in practicing and getting accustomed to the track and grounds. They have decided to go to Brighton and stay there until the games begin. The entire team started for the seaside this afternoon.

PLANK BURNED FIRE IN HANOVER STREET THIS AFTERNOON.


The alarm from box 125 shortly after the noon hour today was for a fire in a store in Market street near Hanover street. A plank that supported a chimney caught fire. The burning of the plank was almost the sum total of the loss.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



Pay Less Rent

Why not rent that vacant room and reduce your own rent? A classified advertisement in THE SUN will do it. Try it. Others have, with good results.



**BRYANT & STRATTON
COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
BOSTON**

Will Reopen Sept. 8th

Persons desirous of becoming competent and successful Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Secretaries, or Commercial Teachers, with assurance of employment when qualified, will find in the

**BRYANT & STRATTON
COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
BOSTON**

Now Located in its New School Building, 334 Boylston Street

A most desirable opportunity for study and practice under the direction and supervision of a large corps of Well Known and Experienced Teachers

COURSES OF STUDY	
GENERAL COMMERCIAL COURSE	STENOGRAPHIC COURSE
SECRETARIAL COURSE	CIVIL SERVICE COURSE
SPECIAL COURSE	

Every possible requisite for personal safety, rapid progress, with cheerful and healthful surroundings, is afforded. Persons who cannot call for personal interview may have printed information of terms and conditions of admission by mail. Address, H. E. HIBBARD, Principal, 334 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON.

LATEST STRANG BEATEN

American Driver Made a Poor Showing

DIEPPE, July 7.—Strang, the American driver, was hopelessly beaten for the Grand Prix, an hour before the race started this morning. As he was driving into the enclosure before the start of the race the transmission and reversing gear of his car jammed and the car crossed the starting line with the first and second speed and the reversing gear out of commission. The latter would probably have disintegrated the car had it had a chance of starting as the rules specifically require a reverse worked by a motor. Neither Strang nor his mechanic expected to finish the first round but managed to negotiate it in 53.44 and after more re-

THE HOTTEST YET

Thermometer Reaches 94 Degrees in Shade

People of the Tenements Slept on Roofs and Fire Escapes Last Night—Fire Dept. Should Wet Down Streets

Today is the hottest yet. At 10 o'clock the thermometer at Laug's pharmacy, opposite City Hall registered 92 in the shade while at noon in Merrimack square the mercury stood at 94 in the shade. Last night was a tough one on the people in the tenements and many slept on the roofs, fire escapes, doorways and back yards. As early as four o'clock this morning a procession of children with every old kind of a child's wagon or vehicle could be seen wending its way along Pawtucket street to the ice houses to pick up all the broken pieces of ice available which through the kindness of the Gage company they are permitted to take. This procession may be seen every morning in the week during the hot weather but within the past few days its numbers have increased enormously. Mr. James J. Brown of the board of charities, who is also a pharmacist, in conversation with a reporter of The Sun this morning said: "I should think that the fire department should be asked to wet down the streets in the congested districts these warm days in the interest of the public health. While the city has been very fortunate thus far in regard to sickness, if this weather continues we will certainly have much sickness to treat, especially among children. The wetting down of the streets in the congested tenement districts would go a long way toward alleviating the distress of the poor people during these unbearably hot days and nights."

COL. WM. BRYAN

Keeps in Touch With Denver Convention

FAIRVIEW, Lincoln, Neb., July 7.—With the sun shining brightly but the air still somewhat chilled after yesterday's deluge, W. J. Bryan today awaited the opening of the democratic convention. After all the recent visits of delegations the day seemed quiet. Mr. Bryan last night showed great interest in the work of the committee at Denver. He inquired after the selection of new national committeemen and what delegates were chosen on the resolution committee. It was the latter that excited his greatest interest, he believes, for the platform is of prominent importance. Mr. Bryan's home is in direct communication with the auditorium at Denver.

TWENTY YACHTS

TOOK PART IN RUN OF EASTERN YACHT CLUB.

LINCOLN BAY, Me., July 7.—For the first time in several years the Eastern Yacht club sent a fleet to sea by way of a regatta. Twenty yachts, for the first time, for today the yachts left here for Seal harbor at the western entrance of Penobscot bay under clear skies. The cruise this far has been unusually successful and many of the yachtsmen expect the fleet to the two 15-year-old yachts, M. W. Edwards, 321 and young

far in regard to sickness, if this weather continues we will certainly have much sickness to treat, especially among children. The wetting down of the streets in the congested tenement districts would go a long way toward alleviating the distress of the poor people during these unbearably hot days and nights."

Read Anthony. The three runs have all been sailed under favorable conditions as to wind and weather and the fleet has maintained its numbers to an unusual degree. In Lincoln bay this morning there were over 20 yachts gathered about the flagship Gloria and nearly all of them joined in the day's run. The committee gave the yachts a thirty-four mile course today, starting them off from Seal harbor and around Bantams Leg Whistler with the finish off Whitehead light. It was believed before the yachts started that the first leg would give an opportunity for some windward work as was the case yesterday.

REPUBLICANS

Decide to Form a Bryan Club

LINCOLN, Neb., July 7.—The republican state central committee today carried out their intention of showing active resistance to the Bryan campaign by stringing a Taft banner across the street at the intersection of Twelfth and O streets, probably the most prominent corner in the city. They have aroused a storm of protest from the interests which have thus far advocated local non-partisanship. Paul Clark, a local republican leader of some prominence, was among the first to protest and he announced his intention of calling a meeting of republicans to form a Bryan republican club.

Grand Charity Fete
At Washington Park, Tuesday Eve., July 14
ADMISSION 25c
Music, Dancing, Sports and Refreshments

POLICE COURT

Many Offenders Were Before Judge Hadley Today

Michael Finnegan, who is better known to the public as "Mike Finnegan," occupied a seat in the dock in police court this morning just because he failed to carry out a promise which he made to Judge Hadley a week ago yesterday.

It will be remembered that the week before last "Mike" was arrested by Patrolman Palmer and in court was charged with the larceny of 220 pinks. Despite the fact that Mike denied that he stole the flowers, the court found him guilty and a fine of \$10 was imposed. He said if he was given a week to pay the money he would appeal the sentence and Judge Hadley after a conference with Lawyer Hennessey agreed to give Finnegan time to pay it.

Finnegan was scheduled to appear in police court yesterday morning with the ten spot, but when his name was called he was among the missing and the court ordered the clerk to issue a capias and a result Finnegan slept in a cell last night.

In court this morning the original fine of \$10 was imposed. Mike, who has appeared before the court on numerous occasions, is noted for his oratory and his manner of explaining things, and generally has a great deal to say. After the sentence was passed Mike arose and said: "I would like to speak a few words, Your Honor." But the court decided that Mike had spoken his little piece and he was hustled below.

THE DRUNKS.
There was quite a number of drunks in the dock this morning which caused Judge Hadley to remark that the hot weather was no excuse for drinking liquor.

Peter Coyle was before the court yesterday and was fined \$2, which he paid. This morning he occupied a seat in the dock and was fined \$2. The other second offenders were Daniel J. Daly and John J. Roach. There were four \$2 drunks.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.
John Murphy, dish washer and general utility man in the culinary department of a boarding house, got overheated yesterday and decided to try to cool his insides by filling up with liquor, with the result that he was arrested. It was his third appearance within a year and it looked as though he was slated for a "ride," but Judge Hadley weighed the

MORE SUFFERING CROWD FOOLED

Four Deaths Reported By Report of Fire at Lakeview

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Four and more than 50 prostrations occurred in this city up to 1 o'clock today. The government thermometer at 10 a.m. registered 86 degrees and street thermometers registered several degrees higher. The humidity was 83.

FUNERALS

ACHIN.—The funeral of Mrs. Honore Achin took place yesterday morning from her home, 383 Fletcher street, and was largely attended by friends and relatives. A solemn funeral mass was sung at St. Jean Baptiste church. Rev. Fr. Dubreuil, O. M. I., officiated, with Rev. Frs. Campeau and Vland, O. M. I., as deacon and sub-deacon. The choir sang Perrault's mass. Dr. George E. Chaise directing and Oscar Nadeau playing the organ. At the offertory, Dr. Chaise sang "O Meritum Passionis" and at the elevation the choir sang "Pie Jesu." The bearers were Napoleon Brantigan, J. Giroux, J. N. Tarte, Alphonsie Mayotte, M. S. Rousseau, Louis Gaudreau, Francis Fontaine and M. Duhamel. There were numerous floral tributes. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, and Rev. Fr. Amiot, O. M. I., officiated at the grave. Undertaker Amedee Archambault had charge.

MORRIS.—The funeral of the late Miss Catherine Morris took place this morning at 8.30 from the home of her sister, Mrs. James O'Brien, 74 Chapel street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church where at 2 o'clock a mass of requiem was celebrated. Rev. Fr. McDermott officiating. The choir under the direction of Mr. P. P. Haggerty sang Schmidt's mass. At the offertory Mr. Haggerty sang "Pie Jesu" and at the conclusion Mr. James E. Donnelly rendered "No Cross, No Crown." As the remains were borne from the church the choir sang "De Profundis." Mrs. McKenney presiding at the organ. The bearers were John Morris, John Morris, 21, Owen Morris and John McKillop. At the grave Rev. Fr. McDermott read the committal prayers and the burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. E. O'Donnell & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

GAGE.—In this city, July 4, Mrs. Abiah S. Gage, widow of Daniel Gage, aged 82 years. Funeral services will be held at her home, 530 Bridge street, on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends invited. Burial private. Undertakers J. B. Currier & Co.

MASS OF REQUIEM.
At St. Peter's church at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning a high mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of the late H. Henry Carey. The mass is offered at the request of the members of St. Peter's church choir.

OFFICER SANBORN

Completes Fifty Years of Service

HIS FRIENDSTENDER HIM A BANQUET

Sketch of His Long and Honorable Career

Patrolman Thomas J. Sanborn, who has been stationed at city hall for a number of years, will have completed fifty years in the service today, and this evening will retire from duty. Tomorrow night about fifty friends of the officer will gather at the New American hotel and give him a royal send-off. Besides the supper and a speaking Mr. Sanborn will be presented a gold service badge.

Among those who will gather around the festive board will be Frank K. Stearns, Judge Samuel P. Hadley, Charles H. Hanson, Thomas P. Boulger, Supt. William B. Moffatt, Deputy Superintendent J. Redmond



OFFICER THOMAS J. SANBORN. Photo by Marion

Welch, John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H., force; J. S. Lyman, of Wilmington, Mass.; A. J. Mooney, a conductor of the Boston & Maine, from Salem, Herbert Conant, representing the office of H. C. Taft; Rev. Ransom A. Green, Rev. James M. Craig, City Treasurer, Andrew F. Silles, City Clerk Girard P. Darnall, James P. Ramsay, probation officer of Middlesex county and Officers Frank Goodwin, William O'Brien, Horace Clements and others.

John J. Cassidy, deputy superintendent of the Manchester, N. H., department, informed the secretary of the banquet committee that he would be present. Mr. Cassidy is an old friend of Mr. Sanborn, having known him for over twenty years.

Mr. Sanborn was born in Sanborn, N. H., May 12, 1858, and is therefore slightly over 50 years of age. He came to Lowell in 1880 and was employed for a while in the mills of the Tremont & Suffolk company, at the time he was first appointed a special officer for the Boston & Maine. He was appointed a superintendent officer April 13, 1888. His first duty was on the South common, with the work ahead of him of preventing any injury to the young trees there. There was a police uniform worn at that time, and the first uniform came into general use in 1892 and 1893. Mr. Sanborn's first regular tour was in Centralville and he then patrolled the post office beat for 10 years, at night.

In those days the guardians of the peace carried large rattles and, when the custom of the officers to make all the noise possible with these rattles. For 30 years Mr. Sanborn was detailed for day duty, most of that time being spent at the Middlesex street station. Four years ago he was transferred to city hall.

In the old days it was not an uncommon occurrence to change officers when the administration changed and in 1895 Mr. Sanborn was removed from the department because of the change of administration. He went to work in the freight house of the Boston & Lowell company and later became a brakeman on a locomotive running between Lowell and Ayer.

He was reappointed to the police department in 1897. Mr. Sanborn is a member of Ancient York lodge, F. and A. M., and a charter member of Passaconaway tribe, I. O. O. F., and of Columbia council, O. E. S. M. It is the intention of Mr. Sanborn to go to California and Oregon for a trip within the next month. He has relatives in both states.

CONVENTION HALL

Can Accommodate 12,000 Persons if Necessary

DENVER, July 7.—Practical test was applied to the great convention hall, which the people of Denver have erected especially for the democratic national committee. Let no one entertain the idea as did many of the delegates before their arrival here that the convention is to meet in a great barn-like temporary structure hastily flung together with frail and inflammable materials to serve somehow for one occasion, of doubtful acoustic properties and scant fitness for an even a temporary purpose. The first impression the stranger gets from a view of the building is that of permanence. Granite and steel, brick and concrete have been used without stint. The building of pale gray brick and granite occupies the block on the east side of Fourteenth street between Curtis and Champa streets on the western edge of the business section of the city and within easy walk of the hotels and railroads. It is a massive structure effective in design and with a beauty of its own. There is an entire absence of tawdry, "gingerbread" effects and the lines are simple and stately yet graceful and pleasing.

FINE ARRANGEMENTS.
Within the arrangement of the auditorium appears to be especially well planned to secure the utmost capacity and the greatest convenience of the delegates and others with a view of seeing and hearing. The arrangement of the platform and seating differs from that of the Chicago Coliseum in that the platform was at one end of the auditorium. Here it is at the side so that no auditor is more than half the length of the hall from the speaker. The reservation for the delegates and alternates is in the center, extending clear across the hall, the spaces for spectators are at the ends and in the ample gallery.

The arrangement of entrances and exits is more than ordinarily effective and it is said that in case of emergency the auditorium could be emptied within two minutes. Fire apparatus is located within convenient spots and efficient streams of water are immediately available. As a matter of fact the building is practically fire proof; the floors are of concrete and the only material of an inflammable sort is the temporary platforms and stairways erected for this convention and the immense amount of bunting used in the elaborate decorations.

These decorations are more profuse than at Chicago, in a harmonious scheme of national flags and red, white and blue streamers. Masses of flags are placed at appropriate points while the ceiling is covered with red, white and blue stars, each bearing the name of a state.

Over the rostrum is an immense portrait of Washington with Jefferson on one side and Jackson on the other, while in the middle of the opposite wall facing the speakers is another large portrait of the late ex-president, Grover Cleveland. The exact number of seats in the auditorium under present arrangements is 11,228, but in a pinch more than 12,000 people can be accommodated.

SEATS FOR GUESTS.
Upon the platform there are 445 seats reserved for members of the national committee and guests of honor. The number of seats on the rostrum is 101. Directly in front of the rostrum are six tables for newsmen, telegraph instruments of the Associated Press and other press associations and the telegraph and telephone companies and all these have additional space in the basement.

Desks and seats for newspaper correspondents and special writers are arranged in a half circle about the rostrum in such a manner as to give each writer an unobstructed view of speakers and within easy hearing distance. There are 303 seats in this section but arrangements are made to add from 75 to 100 more seats if necessary.

The exact number of delegates is 1,092, but in the section reserved for the delegates which is in front of the rostrum there are 1072 seats. This is accounted for by the fact that several states have selected twice their allotted number of delegates, giving each a half vote. The section for alternates has 1002 seats, no additions having been made by states that doubled their delegations.

To the right and left of the rostrum a flight of stairs leads down to the basement where telegraph instruments and private telephone booths are located. Beneath the rostrum is a tunnel connecting the two divisions of the press section.

Admission to the auditorium can be had only by ticket. Seats for the public are not reserved but the seating space is divided into sections numbered consecutively and the holder of a ticket is entitled to occupy a vacant seat in the section numbered on the ticket.

In the location of the delegations Nebraska, the state of W. J. Bryan, is squarely in front of the rostrum with Indiana and Texas in front at the left and Alabama at the right. New York is right behind Nebraska and Illinois behind Indiana and Texas.

GIES IS CLEARED

Of the Murder of Dr. Holds Conference With Wilson

NEW YORK, July 7.—Frederick Gies, Jr., who was arrested Saturday night on suspicion of knowing something regarding the murder of Dr. William Wilson who died after drinking poisoned ale, was given a hearing before a magistrate today and held in \$500 bail for another hearing pending further investigation into the death of his wife. The police have practically cleared Gies with any connection with the death of Wilson. There is no specific charge against him.

Detectives today testified that in investigating the Wilson case they came across suspicious circumstances in connection with the death of Gies' wife who died after her child was born. Bail was furnished for Gies and he was released. It is expected that he will be exonerated of any wrong doing in connection with the death of Mrs. Gies, who the attending physician testified, died of natural causes.

The case against Gies having collapsed the police are completely at sea.

BALLOON SANK

The Crew Had a Thrilling Experience

CHICAGO, July 7.—More thrilling adventures with the wind and water were added to an experience of the international balloonists in their race from Chicago to establish a new long distance record. The Canadian balloonist, King Edward with John Bennett as pilot, and Gerald Gregory, 15 years old, as the other member of the crew, dropped into Lake Michigan twice. The balloon sank into the water and submerged the two occupants to their shoulders. They were nearly in mid-air when the balloon took its first dip.

"We suddenly felt ourselves sinking into the lake with a fearful drop," said Gregory, who jumped yesterday with the balloon which finally landed near Port Huron, Mich. "We immediately tossed over nearly all our ballast but we could not stop the car from striking the water. We managed to get up again after being in the water five or ten minutes. Then we ascended to the height of about 1000 feet and went along at a fast pace but suddenly we felt ourselves dropping again."

This time the descent was more rapid and we shot down into the lake. The water came into the basket and we were forced to climb into the netting above. We tossed everything we could find including provisions and food again."

"Before we went up we were floating along over the waves driven by the wind. When we did go up we went fast, 50 feet in six minutes. We had no sail when he came in sight of Lake Huron and decided not to risk the chance of crossing as the distance was 150 miles. So we landed."

TO-DAY.
Advertisers who want to reach the masses who earn their money in Lowell and spend it in Lowell should bear this fact in mind. The people who trade in Boston read morning papers. The people who trade in Lowell read evening papers, and the leader of all the local papers, morning or evening, is The Sun.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

FOR IRISH CAUSE CONTESTS ENDED

Humphrey O'Sullivan Wants Democrats at Denver to Adopt Plank

DENVER, July 7.—The Boston democracy got scant recognition from the George Fred Williams democrats today when the delegates met to distribute the convention honors. Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield, who was a candidate against Williams' man for national committee, but withdrew while en route for the convention city, also failed badly at the hands of Mr. Williams and his friends, who had their own way about every matter that came up at the meeting.

Even Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell, who has been one of Mr. Williams' hardest workers in the fight to put him before the people, did not get a word from him. He declared that he was not a candidate for any of the convention honors and is satisfied with what the delegates did in distributing the convention honors. Humphrey O'Sullivan brought up his resolution of sympathy with the Irish people in their struggle for legislative independence, and after a running discussion lasting for 15 minutes it was unanimously voted to ask George Fred Williams to advocate its adoption in the resolutions of the convention.

Mr. O'Sullivan let it be known that he is deeply in earnest in this matter and stated that he did not want any halfhearted support or advocacy of the plank, but desired that it be put up to the platform committee good and hard. Humphrey O'Sullivan's resolution on Irish independence was as follows: "We view with regret the unsuccessful efforts of the people of Ireland to obtain from the English government the blessing of legislative independence. For many reasons America's sympathy is with the Irish people in their aspirations for home rule in the fullest meaning of the term and we wish to express this sympathy practically."

Worth Knowing

To remove Pimples, Blackheads, blotches and all forms of skin eruptions, is, according to a well known physician, a very easy matter; he says that many are afflicted with some one of the above ailments, and are subject to a great deal of embarrassment on account of the unsightly appearance which they present, and recommends the following simple harmless and inexpensive treatment. Go to your druggist and get this prescription filled: Clearola one-half ounce. Ether one ounce. Alcohol seven ounces; mix, shake well and apply to the parts affected night and morning, allowing it to remain for at least ten minutes, then wipe off the powder from the skin. Use a soft cloth or sponge in applying the mixture and in from ten days to two weeks your face will be smooth and clear as a marriage bell. Get the Pure Clearola, which is only put up in one-half ounce packages. Ask to see it.

JAMES H. McDERMOTT
UNDERTAKER
Open Day and Night
Expert Embalmers. Prompt Service.
70 GORHAM STREET
Telephone 1747 or 1690.

JOHN J. O'CONNELL
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
1010 Central St. Davis Sq.
Telephone Connection

Dr. Temple
SPECIALIST
97 Central St.
Dr. Temple will give consultation FREE during this month only. Office hours 10 a. m. to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 8.
Office closed Wednesday and Sunday, except by appointment only.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law
Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

ARE YOU HUNGRY
Our 25c dinner will appease your appetite—it would cost you 60c elsewhere. Everybody is talking about our special breakfasts and suppers. Lowell Inn, 21 Central street. Thomas Hoban, proprietor.

All kinds of
GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND NICKEL PLATING
done at
Derby & Morse's
64 Middle street.

Wall Paper
—AT—
97 Appleton St.

The following slate prepared by the Williams men was adopted: Committee on resolutions, George Fred Williams of Dedham; member democratic national committee, John W. Coughlin, Fall River; vice president of the convention, Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell; committee to notify presidential nominee, A. C. Drinkwater, Braintree; committee to notify vice presidential nominee, John O. Gara, Spencer; committee on rules, Patrick J. Mitchell, Springfield; committee on credentials, Christopher T. Callahan, Holyoke; committee on permanent organization, Walter A. Creamer, Lynn.

WOULD FREE IRELAND.
With the exception of Dr. Coughlin, every one on the slate is of the "pink ticket" faction of the Massachusetts democracy. Daniel F. Doherty had no fault to find with his treatment by the Williams men, he said. He declared that he was not a candidate for any of the convention honors and is satisfied with what the delegates did in distributing the convention honors. Humphrey O'Sullivan brought up his resolution of sympathy with the Irish people in their struggle for legislative independence, and after a running discussion lasting for 15 minutes it was unanimously voted to ask George Fred Williams to advocate its adoption in the resolutions of the convention.

Mr. O'Sullivan let it be known that he is deeply in earnest in this matter and stated that he did not want any halfhearted support or advocacy of the plank, but desired that it be put up to the platform committee good and hard. Humphrey O'Sullivan's resolution on Irish independence was as follows: "We view with regret the unsuccessful efforts of the people of Ireland to obtain from the English government the blessing of legislative independence. For many reasons America's sympathy is with the Irish people in their aspirations for home rule in the fullest meaning of the term and we wish to express this sympathy practically."

"We hope to respectfully represent to the government of His Imperial Majesty King Edward the Seventh of England our deep interest in the matter in the fact that his Imperial Majesty may represent to parliament such an amicable adjustment of the relations between England and Ireland as will remove all obstacles to the friendly co-operation of the English people, to bring about closer relations between the English speaking nations in the interest of progress, universal peace and human good."

FORGE VILLAGE

John Sullivan, aged six years, and son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan met with a painful accident yesterday while he and a companion were firing off fire crackers. He picked up one that did not go off and started to blow it, when it exploded in his face, severely injuring his eye and burning his face.

The spinning department of Abbott & Co. will run 50 hours per week and commenced yesterday, after being on a 40 hour schedule several months.

Steamship Tickets
To and from England, Ireland and Scotland on the Cunard White Star and all the first class lines.

MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY.
18 Appleton St., opp. Postoffice
Checks and money orders issued on all parts of Europe. Lowest rates, any amount.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

Only Direct Service between Boston and North of Ireland.
Splendid accommodation and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway, \$40; third class, \$27.50, to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1 to 12 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST.
OR
H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

\$ SAVED IS \$ MADE
You can experience same at
Louis Price's JEWELRY STORE
14 PRESCOTT STREET
I guarantee a saving on all work and purchases.

Polar Star
ICE CREAM
Freezers
1 QUART 75c
2 QUART \$1.00
W. T. S. BARTLETT
653 and 659 Merrimack St.
The Up-town Hardware Store.

WHEN YOU WANT TO GET
the very best work you should go to the DAY STATE DYE WORKS with your suits, dresses or gloves, ribbons or almost anything in the wearing apparel. Our prices are always the lowest, consistent with first class work. We know the business in all its branches and for several years we have been in the same old place, 54 Prescott St. P. E. We have satisfied thousands of customers. We know we can please you. Remember the place.

Bay State Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT STREET



H. D. CLAYTON,
SOUTHERN CONGRESSMAN WHO WILL BE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION.

Delegates With Credentials Win Out Over Contestants

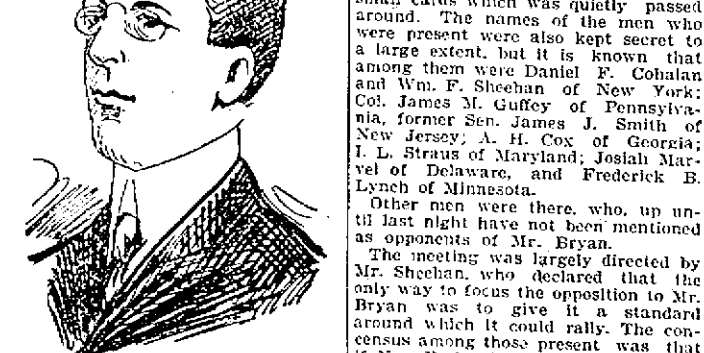
DENVER, July 7.—In record time yesterday the democratic national committee disposed of all contests before it with the exception of Pennsylvania and Idaho, which went over until today. The general result was to sustain the delegates who came with credentials from their state and district. A total of 75 seats was involved in the contests from Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, Idaho, Ohio, and the District of Columbia. The work was done by six sub-committees, four of which reported yesterday to the full body.

Roger C. Sullivan, of Chicago, was an easy winner of the twenty contested seats from Cook county, which were disputed by Robert E. Burke and his associates.

Senator Fred T. Dubois was sustained by the sub-committee, which heard the Mormon contests from Idaho, but the committee was not ready to make its report to the full committee before that body adjourned.

Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, was a winner in the 19th Ohio district, where he triumphed over the sub-committee, winning out by the vote of 26 to 24 before the national committee. The victory of Johnson was won only after the Cleveland man delivered an extended and eloquent argument before the committee. In the 9th Ohio district, the Barber faction retained the two contested seats over the protest of Johnson.

Patrick McGarren, of Brooklyn, was ignored in his contest against Charles F. Murphy for the 12 seats in Kings county, New York. Before the sub-committee he became so abusive of the Murphy and Coker men that he was not



THEODORE BELL,
Temporary Chairman of Convention.

permitted to proceed and the meeting was adjourned with the decision to take no further action in the contests. The full committee sustained this decision without debate.

Joseph Howley of the 31st Pennsylvania district, whose right to his seat was disputed by Gaffey, was sustained by the sub-committee. It was contended that Howley was not a democrat, but had organized a party of his own called "The Bryan party."

The Pennsylvania contests that involved eight seats in the city of Philadelphia and three in Allegheny county, proved the most bitter of the discussion that was placed before any of the sub-committees. Charles Day of Philadelphia, appeared for the contestants and arraigned Charles T. Donnelly and Thomas J. Ryan, the leaders of the Gaffey faction in these districts. In the bitterest manner, he charged that the eight Gaffey delegates were elected by the aid of republicans and that the rankst frauds were perpetrated. Both Donnelly and Ryan who spoke in support of the regular delegates, replied in kind to the charges. After listening to criminalizations and re-criminalizations for an hour and a half, the sub-committee took these contests under advisement, and will report tomorrow morning.

The Illinois contests were also fraught with personalities and bitter

BOY DROWNED TWO MORE DEAD

While Trying to Save His Chum Heat Claims More Victims in Boston

MIDDLEBORO, July 7.—In vain attempt to rescue his little chum, Kenneth Sturtevant, aged 7 years, from drowning in the Nemasket river into which he had fallen while fishing from a rock, Albert Kelley, 8 years old, lost his own life yesterday afternoon. This is the conclusion the police and medical examiners reached when the two bodies were pulled out of the river last night with grappling irons. Both bodies were found in the same place.

The lads, who were inseparable companions, started off to fish yesterday, after dinner, the last time they were seen alive. When supper time came the fathers of both boys becoming anxious over their long absence from home, organized a searching party. When it was learned that the lads had been seen fishing from the rock a general alarm was sent out, and about 200 people gathered to assist in the search, and just at sundown the body of Albert Kelley was found, but the body of the other victim, although very near the spot where Kelley's body was found, was not recovered until 10 o'clock last night.

Kenneth Sturtevant was the son of Edgar Sturtevant and Albert Kelley was the son of John Kelley, both of this town. At the point where the bodies were recovered, the water is only about six feet deep.

FINE MEMORIAL

Presented to First Universalist Church
As a memorial of their appreciation of the generosity of Rev. C. E. Fisher and the members of the First Universalist church in offering them the use of their church as a place of worship, during the rebuilding of their church, the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, the St. Paul's of thanks which was written on a large sheet of parchment and placed in a handsome two by two and one half foot ebony frame, and was read from the pulpit of the First Universalist church on Sunday. It is engraved on parchment and framed in ebony and reads as follows:

"To the pastor and the members of the First Universalist church, dear neighbors, friends and fellow workers in the Master's vineyard:
Just one year ago this morning the doors were rapidly destroying the church home of the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal people. Before the work of destruction was half completed you had offered us, through our pastor, the Rev. George B. Dean, your beautiful and commodious church as a place of worship. This magnificent offer was only too gladly accepted by our people. As a result we have worshipped in your church every Sunday afternoon, and every other Sunday evening for nearly all the past year. We have also mingled freely with you in your own service on the alternate Sunday evenings, and have greatly enjoyed the meetings.

In addition to all this, we have had the privilege of your church for devotional meetings during the week; also for socials, for committee, and for all other gatherings as frequently and as freely as the occasion demanded. The officials, the members and the attendants of St. Paul's desire to extend to you their very deep obligation and heartfelt gratitude for these magnificent favors so generously given. The memory of this brotherly deed will ever be precious to all those who in the years to come will enjoy our new edifice and will listen from time to time to the story of the great fire.

How sweet, how heavenly is the sight,
When those who love the Lord
In one another's peace delight,
And so fulfill the word.
When each can feel his brother's sigh,
And with him bears a part;
When sorrow flows from eye to eye
And joy from heart to heart.
Committee:
(Signed) Charles H. Stowell,
William D. Brown,
James F. Savage.

June 22, 1908.

ROBBED MAN

WHO HAD SAVED HIM FROM DROWNING.

NAHANT, July 7.—The most grateful man in the world was discovered here yesterday. Also the meanest. The former is James Rawley, of Woburn, N. H., who was rescued from drowning by two Lynn girls. The latter is an unknown man who was pulled from the water by Frederick Elwell of Salem and who then ran away with \$15 belonging to his rescuer.

Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES
\$1 BOX FREE
A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Dr. Hallock's Elvita Pills are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the human system.

Heat Claims More Victims in Boston

The day was the hottest of the year and while the official thermometer in the Federal building registered 91, street thermometers were far above that mark. There was some relief in the fact that the humidity, which for the past few days has been so high as to cause serious discomfort, was yesterday about 10 per cent. below normal, the mean relative humidity being figured at 51.

The deaths: Mrs. Augustus Skinner, aged 7 years, of the South End; Mrs. Alice Cofford, aged 32 years, of the South End. Washington, New York and Chicago were the only cities in the country, where the official figures showed a higher temperature than Boston.



No Chemicals for Anty Drudge.

Mrs. Neighbor—"Anty Drudge, I'm sure you must use chemicals in your wash. I've boiled my clothes and rubbed them till my fingers are blistered, but they look yellow beside yours."

Anty Drudge—"No, I didn't use chemicals, nor I didn't boil them nor rub them hard. I used Fels-Naptha in lukewarm water. Fels-Naptha took the dirt out of my clothes while you were rubbing dirt into yours. That makes the difference."

What soap will you use to wash clothes?

If you insist on weakening your clothes by boiling them, wearing them out by hard-rubbing, putting up with all the inconveniences of hot fires, nauseous steaming suds and yellow clothes, it doesn't matter which you use.

But if you want to do your washing comfortably, in cold or lukewarm water, without hard work and in half the time—then there is only one soap for you—and that soap is Fels-Naptha.

The reason why is in the different way Fels-Naptha is made. The results speak for themselves. Get Fels-Naptha from your grocer and try it. But be sure and use it the Fels-Naptha way—no hot water. Follow directions on the red and green wrapper.

Remember:—One Fare for the Round Trip—for the message and the answer.
It may cost a little more—but so does the Twentieth Century Limited.

A Chain and Its Links

In telephoning there are three links in the chain that constitutes "good service": 1. The person calling. 2. The operator. 3. The person called.

No matter how much any one or any two of these links do to develop good service, the result is determined by the measure of co-operation of the third. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link.

If the person calling fails to consult the catalogue and gives a wrong number, the operator inevitably repeats the error. If the person called fails to answer promptly and the caller leaves the telephone, naturally "there is no one on the line."

Being human, the operator—the third link—is liable to err occasionally, but careful analysis demonstrates that she is not fairly chargeable with many of the difficulties frequently ascribed to her.

If Link No. 1 Gives the Right Number and Calls Distinctly, and Link No. 3 Answers Promptly, the Telephone Company will be responsible for its part of the chain. If no higher motive actuated it, the motive of economy, or self-interest, would suffice.

From any Pay Station you can speak to any one of 300,000 Telephones in the territory of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Even if he is not a subscriber, you can arrange to have the person desired called to a Pay Station to talk to you.

HIGHLAND SCHOOL

The Work Goes on But Payment is Held Up

Hearing Held in Boston Today—Harry A. Brown Chosen Master to Hear the Case

Albert S. Howard, representing Contractors Dennis Conners, William H. Fuller and fourteen others, appeared before Judge Richardson in the equity room of the superior court at the court house in Pemberton square, in Boston, this forenoon in connection with a temporary injunction restraining the city from paying money to Contractor James H. Walker, who is engaged in building the foundation of the new Highland school, pending a hearing on the merits of the case.

James Kerwin appeared for Mr. Walker and City Solicitor Hill for the city.

The bill alleges in brief that the contract is an illegal one, that the inspector of buildings, Walter W. Smith, had no authority to make the contract, that there was collusion between the contractor and inspector of buildings and that certain modifications have been made that are detrimental to the city and not in accordance with the contract.

Mr. Howard announced that the counsel for plaintiff and defendant had been in conference and had agreed upon a master to hear the case on its merits. Harry A. Brown of Lowell being the master agreed upon.

Lawyer Kerwin representing Mr. Walker, did not want the work stopped on the foundation as that would be obviously unfair to his client. He wanted the restraining order to apply only to the payment of money, the amount involved being \$6500.

CITY ENGINEER GETS DIVORCE

Mayor Farnham After Mr. Bowers' Office

AFTER HE LEAVES MAYOR'S OFFICE

According to Hot Weather Prophets

As hot as it was at city hall this morning the habitues were talking politics and the latest thing on the dope sheet is that Mayor Farnham will not run for mayor again but will attempt to return to the city engineer's office.

On first thought one immediately concludes that he will go after his old position, but that isn't what the political dope sheet says. The prognosis is that His Honor will be a candidate for city engineer against Mr. Bowers and it is further whispered that the reason for this is that the city engineer will not give him back the old position. But the mayor is up among the hills of old New Hampshire blissfully ignorant of the manner in which the politicians are shaping his future.

Do You Want to Move?

Look this list of homes over, and then call at our office, where teams are waiting to show you these places.

Five rooms, for \$10 per month. Good location.

Seven rooms with bath, hot and cold water in fine repair. Choice of upstairs or downstairs; fine neighborhood, \$15 per month.

First class flat of seven rooms, hardwood floors, bath, open plumbing, furnace heat, electric lights, near Foster street. \$20 per month.

Elegant house of eight rooms, in Centralville near Tenth street, hardwood floors, bath, open plumbing, electric lights, electric annunciator, only \$25 per month; large lot and hen house.

APPLY TODAY TO
EUGENE G. RUSSELL
407 MIDDLESEX ST.

DO IT NOW

Ladies and gentlemen, get your clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired at the Merrimack Steam Dye House, 477 Merrimack street.

Gents' suits cleaned \$1.25; pants cleaned, 50c.
Telephone 1965-3.
F. P. LEW, Prop.

TOOK A TUMBLE

Herb Webster, Jr. Blown Into Street

BY EXPLOSION ON ELECTRIC CAR

Had Narrow Escape From Injury

Herb Webster, Jr., the well known millman, had an exciting experience and a narrow escape from injury last evening while returning from Lakeview on a crowded car.

Herb was sitting on the front seat just behind the big controller box and was enjoying the breeze until the car turned the corner of Bridge and Lakeview avenue when suddenly the fuse on the rear truck of the car burst out with a display of pyrotechnics followed by an explosion that sent him flying into the air. The controller box which momentarily enveloped the forward part of the car, women screamed and started to jump but the conductor with fine presence of mind rushed to the front of the car and cried out: "Don't move; it's nothing but a fuse," and nobody moved but Herb.

When the smoke had cleared away Herb was found sprawling in the street having been literally blown out of the car by the force of the shock. Herb picked himself up and shook himself a couple of times and then declared that it didn't hurt. He was covered with mud and some what torn while his Panama was a complete wreck.

WALKER'S BILL

Before Committee on Accounts Today

The committee on accounts will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock and hence all heads of departments were busy all morning approving bills.

One of the bills held up by the committee at its last meeting was that of James H. Walker, for \$129.15 for repairing the chimney of the Foster street school. It is said that one of the members of the committee had another contractor figure on the job and that he said that it could be done for \$60.

AUTO HEARING

Before Board of Aldermen This Evening

The board of aldermen will meet this evening and will give a hearing on the petition of the Lowell Automobile club to have the use of certain streets on Labor Day for the auto races. The order which will follow the hearing provides that the city clerk shall issue permits to not more than 12 men to drive at any rate of speed they desire on the streets named on Labor Day. From this it is inferred that the number of entries will not exceed 12.

The loan order for \$5500 for the improvement of Monument square, now on the table, may come up this evening.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
St. Louis	41	29	58.5
Cleveland	39	30	56.5
Detroit	39	30	56.5
Chicago	38	32	54.5
Philadelphia	35	35	50.0
Boston	31	39	44.1
New York	27	42	39.3
Washington	26	42	38.2

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

	At Philadelphia	Philadelphia
New York	5	6

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Pittsburg	41	27	60.0
Chicago	41	27	60.0
New York	42	28	60.0
Cincinnati	42	28	60.0
Easton	36	25	59.0
Philadelphia	27	35	43.3
St. Louis	27	42	39.3
Brooklyn	26	42	38.2

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

	At St. Louis	St. Louis
Boston	1	2
Pittsburg	2	1
Cincinnati	1	2
Chicago	1	2

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Worcester	24	18	57.1
Brooklyn	21	23	47.9
Lawrence	21	23	47.9
Haverhill	28	29	49.2
Fall River	24	30	44.4
New Bedford	21	31	40.3
Lynn	22	30	42.4
Lowell	22	33	40.0

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS.

	At Lowell	Lowell
New Bedford	4	1
Brooklyn	7	1
Lawrence	1	7

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The manager of the Ketchup Club wishes to announce that Manager Queenan of the St. Patrick's Sanctuary choir team can readily fill the open date for next Saturday with the Ketchup Club just as soon as he sees fit. Game to be played for \$30 a side. If not next Saturday the first open date.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

The trustees of the New Bedford Textile school, at a recent meeting, voted to abolish the tuition fee for local day students and reduce other fees. Day students, therefore, who are residents of New Bedford will have no tuition fee to pay and the fee for day students who reside outside the city but are residents of Massachusetts is reduced from one hundred dollars to fifty dollars. Students outside the state will continue to pay the usual fee of one hundred and fifty dollars.

SITUATIONS WANTED

REFINED LADY would like place as housekeeper, small family, no objection to country. Write H. Sun Office.

EXPERIENCED NURSE would like a few cases in confinement or other nursing. Apply Mrs. E. V. N., 9 Saratoga st.

AN ELDERLY LADY would mind children. Call at 5 Madison st., off Thorne.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, and all other persons interested in the estate of John G. Hewson, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas Katherine Hewson, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said court her petition for license to sell at private sale, in accordance with the order named in said petition, or upon such terms as may be adjudged best, the whole of two certain parcels of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of debts, and charges of administration, and for other reasons set forth in said petition.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

An add petition is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested in the estate, fourteen days, at least, before said court, or by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this sixth day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John J. Meagher, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Michael J. Meagher, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor, therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-eighth day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, eight days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-ninth day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Sarah A. Knapp, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court, for Probate, by Anna T. Crane, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty-first day of July, A. D. 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day at least, before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or by delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this first day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE or rent, 8 room cottage, steam heat, force pump in house, 1 doz fruit trees, hennery, 2,600 ft. 15,000 goes with house or can be bought separate; 15 minutes' walk from Westford st. car line. Inquire on premises, 11 Staples st.

FOR SALE—Nice building lot on Moody st. 4-acre tract in Navy Yard. Inquire of John McMenamin, 212 Merrimack st.

FOR SALE—Three choice houses, lots, food titles. Cheap for cash. Apply to Mrs. Reade, 341 Lakeview ave., stone house.

FOR SALE—We've got a store for sale at a nearby town that is a big investment for a hustling man and wife. Last year the store did a cash business of \$500 in the three months it was open. Fine stock of post cards, shells, woodwork. The store is 33 ft. long by 12 feet wide and is a little gold mine. Price \$1250. Apply at once to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—1-room house in fine location in Highlands. Bath, set tubs, pantry, laundry, etc. 600 feet of land. Out of town owner says sell quick. 3 min. to cars. \$319. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—2-story house near Crowley st. 5 rooms in each ten. Bath, 700 feet of land. Price \$300. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—2-room cottage near Abbott st. 330 feet of land. Fine condition. Must sell within 10 days. \$190. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—Small house in Tewksbury with one-third of an acre of land. Nice well. All planted with vegetables. 50 feet. Owner leaves city right away. Price for quick sale \$50. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—Two miles from Lowell, 4 acres of land, small house and barn. Price \$400. G. L. Hubbard, 5 Wyman's Exchange.

FOR SALE—Near Bridge st., two-story house, large lot of land. Price \$230. G. L. Hubbard, 5 Wyman's Exchange.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, 30-acre farm, large lot of sheds, small house. G. L. Hubbard, 5 Wyman's Exchange, cor. Merrimack and Central sts.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A pair of gold rosary beads between West Forest and Dewey streets. Finder will please return to Sun Office where a suitable reward will be given.

LOST—A gold watch, open face, on Centralville bridge, Friday night, July 3d. Reward. 251 Market street.

LOST—Joseph Roy lost \$35 on Merrimack or Moody st. Finder will find \$35 reward at 45 Moody st. for remittance.

LOST—Sunday evening, in Merrimack street, a pocketbook containing sum of money. Reward if returned to Sun Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rosary beads between West Forest and Dewey streets. Name of owner is engraved on back of cross. Finder will please return to Sun Office where a suitable reward will be given.

LOST—Small St. Bernard pup, 4 mos. old, yellow and brown with white spots. Reward for return to 5 Quimby st.

FOUND—A lady's shopping bag with articles. The owner can have by calling at 13 Lincoln st. and proving property and paying for this adv.

CAMP WHITE

Adjoining Crescent Park, one mile of shaded seashore on Narragansett Bay, 5 miles from Providence by boat or electric; 10 cottages; bathing; boarding; all modern amusements; board and room \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day. Circulars. Open July 1st. Camp White House, Riverside, R. I.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE
Trains Leave Lowell
In Effect June 22, 1908.

CHICAGO—11:22 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 11:55 a. m., 12:05 p. m., 12:45 p. m., 1:10 p. m., 1:40 p. m., 2:10 p. m., 2:40 p. m., 3:10 p. m., 3:40 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 4:40 p. m., 5:10 p. m., 5:40 p. m., 6:10 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 7:40 p. m., 8:10 p. m., 8:40 p. m., 9:10 p. m., 9:40 p. m., 10:10 p. m., 10:40 p. m., 11:10 p. m., 11:40 p. m., 12:10 a. m., 12:40 a. m., 1:10 a. m., 1:40 a. m., 2:10 a. m., 2:40 a. m., 3:10 a. m., 3:40 a. m., 4:10 a. m., 4:40 a. m., 5:10 a. m., 5:40 a. m., 6:10 a. m., 6:40 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 8:40 a. m., 9:10 a. m., 9:40 a. m., 10:10 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 11:10 a. m., 11:40 a. m., 12:10 p. m., 12:40 p. m., 1:10 p. m., 1:40 p. m., 2:10 p. m., 2:40 p. m., 3:10 p. m., 3:40 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 4:40 p. m., 5:10 p. m., 5:40 p. m., 6:10 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 7:40 p. m., 8:10 p. m., 8:40 p. m., 9:10 p. m., 9:40 p. m., 10:10 p. m., 10:40 p. m., 11:10 p. m., 11:40 p. m., 12:10 a. m., 12:40 a. m., 1:10 a. m., 1:40 a. m., 2:10 a. m., 2:40 a. m., 3:10 a. m., 3:40 a. m., 4:10 a. m., 4:40 a. m., 5:10 a. m., 5:40 a. m., 6:10 a. m., 6:40 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 8:40 a. m., 9:10 a. m., 9:40 a. m., 10:10 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 11:10 a. m., 11:40 a. m., 12:10 p. m., 12:40 p. m., 1:10 p. m., 1:40 p. m., 2:10 p. m., 2:40 p. m., 3:10 p. m., 3:40 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 4:40 p. m., 5:10 p. m., 5:40 p. m., 6:10 p. m.,

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.
Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily net average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1907 was

15,453

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1908.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest net average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

TO SAVE LIVES IN THE HOT SPELL

WHAT CONCERNS MOST PEOPLE JUST AT PRESENT IS THE INTENSE HEAT. TO THE OLD AND INFIRM IT IS VERY OPPRESSIVE AND TO THE LITTLE ONES IT IS A TRIAL OF THE MOST SERIOUS KIND.

HOT SPELLS SUCH AS THIS ARE USUALLY FOLLOWED BY MANY DEATHS FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THE POOR MOTHERS WHO LIVE IN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS IN SUCH WEATHER AS THIS SUFFER TERRIBLY.

UNLESS THEY BETAKE THEMSELVES TO THE WOODS WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES THEY CANNOT ESCAPE THE HEAT. MANY OF THEM WOULD GLADLY GO TO THE PARKS AND STAY ALL DAY WITH THEIR BABES IF THEY COULD.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO OUR PARK BOARD THAT IT SHOULD MAKE PROVISION BY WHICH MOTHERS COULD KEEP THEIR LITTLE ONES IN THE SHADE OF SPREADING TREES FROM EARLY MORNING TILL LATE AT NIGHT? THAT IS OFTEN ALL THAT IS NEEDED TO BRING RELIEF TO INFANTS SUFFERING FROM CHOLERA INFANTUM. THIS WOULD REQUIRE A MOTHERS "REST" WITH A SHELTER, A TOILET AND A WASH ROOM.

THESE CONVENIENCES SHOULD BE PROVIDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BY THE PARK DEPARTMENT AND THEY SHOULD BE PROVIDED WHERE THE BEST AND THE COOLEST SHADE IS AVAILABLE.

IT WAS PITIABLE TO SEE WOMEN HURRYING FROM FORT HILL PARK WITH THEIR LITTLE ONES YESTERDAY FORENOON IN TIME TO GET DINNER FOR THOSE WHO WERE WORKING, AND THEN RETURNING TO THE PARK WITH THE CHILDREN IN THE AFTERNOON. BOTH TRIPS WERE MADE UNDER THE BROILING SUN. IT WAS TOO HOT TO TAKE YOUNG BABES OUT, BUT THE MOTHERS REASONED THAT IT WAS LESS DANGEROUS THAN TO KEEP THEM IN THE UNBEARABLE HEAT AND THE IMPURE AIR OF SMALL ROOMS IN A TENEMENT BLOCK OR IN SOME ALLEY WHERE A BREATH OF FRESH AIR IS A RARITY. THERE IS MUCH TO BE DONE TO SAVE LIFE IN THIS RESPECT, MUCH THAT CAN BE DONE AT A SMALL EXPENSE, AND THAT SHOULD BE DONE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

WET THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS

IT IS SO INTENSELY HOT THAT THE FIRE DEPARTMENT SHOULD COME OUT AND WET DOWN THE CONGESTED DISTRICTS. THIS WOULD BE A GREAT RELIEF TO THE RESIDENTS THERE AND ESPECIALLY TO THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

IT WOULD BE WELL, ALSO, WHEN THE FIRE WAGONS COME OUT TO TURN THE HOSE ON THE SWARMS OF BROWN-TAILS THAT HAVE GATHERED ABOUT THE ARC LIGHTS, AROUND THE LIGHT POLES AND COVERING THE SIDES OF MANY BUILDINGS ADJACENT TO THE LIGHTS. IT WAS STATED THAT HEAVY RAIN WOULD KILL THE MOTHS, BUT IT APPEARS THAT THEY WERE BUT LITTLE, IF AT ALL, INJURED BY THE RAIN OF LAST WEEK.

THE QUESTION COMES, WILL THESE MOTHS DIE OR WILL THEY BE SWEEPED OUTWARD TO THE WOODED DISTRICTS, THERE TO MULTIPLY FOR ANOTHER YEAR? IF THE WATER DEPARTMENT CAN HELP IN EXTERMINATING THIS PEST WHEN IT COMES UPON US LIKE A MINIATURE SNOW STORM, THEN ITS SERVICES SHOULD BE DRAWN UPON, ALTHOUGH THE FIRE APPARATUS, MUCH LESS THE WATER, WERE NEVER INTENDED FOR ANY SUCH PURPOSE.

MORE BALL DIAMONDS NEEDED

THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN HAS ARRANGED TO LAY OUT NINE OPEN SPACES FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS. THE ESTIMATED COST WILL NOT EXCEED MORE THAN \$300 AND THE GROUNDS WHEN GRADED WILL DELIGHT THE HEARTS OF THE YOUNGSTERS.

OUR LOCAL PARK DEPARTMENT HAS DONE SOMETHING IN THAT LINE BUT NOT QUITE ENOUGH. THERE IS A DEMAND FOR AMATEUR DIAMONDS IN BELVIDERE WHERE AMATEUR BASEBALL TEAMS ARE QUITE NUMEROUS; BUT THEY HAVE NO MEANS OF VENTING THEIR ENTHUSIASM EXCEPT WHEN THEY STEAL A GAME ON THE GROUNDS OF OLDER BOYS; AND FROM THESE THEY ARE OFTEN DRIVEN OFF AS IF THEY WERE TRESPASSERS THERE. THE YOUNG BALL PLAYER WANTS ROOM, HE WANTS TO SHOUT AND TO ROOT AND TO ENJOY ALL THE PRIVILEGES OF THE DIAMOND. THAT HE CANNOT DO EXCEPT ON A DIAMOND THAT HE CAN CALL HIS OWN.

SEEN AND HEARD

Swimming at midnight is quite the rage at Lakeview and Willow Dale. The water is warmer at that hour than at noon day and the toe-snapping turtle is wrapped in the arms of Morphews.

There is no foundation in fact for the statement that a woman 2000 years old, a Mazdaznan, attended the Mazdaznan convention in this city.

Fall from the water wagon, "Ker-smash!"
Fall from the slides above.
Fall from a roof and break your neck.
But never fall in love.

The fat boy who took great delight during the winter months in saying mean things to his lean brother, such remarks as "shiver, shiver, shiver," is getting his these days.

They say there's a move on to abbreviate bathing costumes. It strikes us that if the ordinary bathing costume should be abbreviated to any great extent, some guy tracing his lineage back to Adam and Eve would be suing for royalty, providing it is true that Adam and Eve had their costumes copyrighted.

It is rumored at city hall that "Billy" Delmage has contracted with the Lowell Electric company for power to run his perpetual motion contrivance.

Dogs are thicker than mosquitoes at Lakeview and that's going some. No reference to the toothsome frankfort intended.

Miss Florence Linell of Somerville has evolved a unique method of teaching pianoforte which is attracting considerable attention in the musical world. By the method she pursues, boys and girls of 10 or 12 years are enabled in a year to play difficult classical selections with accuracy and feeling. In general, the unique method used by Miss Linell consists of a preliminary development of the powers of memory of the child and of the poetical sense. The exercises are so arranged and interpreted by the teacher that each piece, even though only a practice exercise, has a poetical meaning to the pupil, and consequently the pupil for his own enjoyment is bent on showing that meaning by his playing. Thus the notes are involuntarily committed to memory, the technique is perfected and the musical sense is stimulated.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

The annual parish picnic of St. John's church, North Chelmsford, will be held at Nabasset grove on Saturday, July 25. Those who wish to spend a pleasant afternoon will do well to bear this date in mind. The various committees named are leaving nothing undone to make this year's picnic a record breaker. Percy J. Constantine has been selected as general manager, being assisted in his duties by all the husters of the north village. A meeting of the various committees will be held in St. John's T. A. S. hall, next Thursday evening, at 7.15. All members of St. John's church are earnestly requested to attend the meeting. Further particulars will be announced later.

OFFERS TO WED

A SALOON KEEPER RECEIVES TWENTY-TWO OF THEM

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—John Delacy, saloon keeper of Fifty-seventh street, who received the news that his uncle, Cornelius Kennedy, had died in Cape Town, leaving him \$7,000,000, has received any amount of offers, both in the matrimonial side as well as business propositions, among them being: Seven automobiles, three houses and lots, six epoch-making inventions, one race horse, two trotters, a bull pup, three gold mine, a steam yacht, five motor boats, a trolley line, 15 private secretaries and 22 wives.

VIOLENT DEATHS

A Day of Tragedies in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 7.—This was the busiest day of the year for the coroner's office and the patrol service of the police department.

Seven sudden deaths, five suicides, two asphyxiations, three accidents and one killing in the last 24 hours kept the men in both these departments on the jump.

The excitement and nervous strain of the Fourth of July combined with the heat is given by the coroner's office as the explanation for the large number of suicides and sudden deaths.



A SHINGLE IN

TIME SAVES NINE.

Many kinds of shingles, but the best roof-covering that any man can top off with is a

FIRE INSURANCE POLICY

in a reliable company. So that if the fire-fund lays his home in ashes, he gets dollar for dollar without delay. Can the manufacturers of shingles offer a kind to beat this? If not insured, let us shingle your roof today, for tomorrow may be too late. Lowest premiums in best companies only.

Russell Fox
159 MIDDLESEX STREET

St. Thomas' Salve
Is a Positive Cure for

Brown Tail Moth Bite

PONTIFICAL ORDER

Ends the Rule in America of Propaganda

ROME, July 7.—A pontifical document reforming the organization and working of the Roman congregations was made public yesterday. It removes Great Britain, Holland, Luxembourg, Gibraltar, Canada, Newfoundland and the United States from the jurisdiction of the propaganda, these countries thus ceasing to be considered missionary lands.

The decree suppresses a number of offices in the countries named and combines others, its main tendency being in the direction of economy. The document consists of two parts the first being an apostolic constitution reorganizing the congregations through a more suitable division of subjects and eliminating the duplication of authority, and the second is a special law for the regulation of the labors of the ancient Rota and Segnatura tribunals.

The most important part of the reform is that both civil and criminal litigations are removed from the jurisdiction of the congregations and entrusted to the tribunals of the Rota and the Segnatura, the congregations only retaining disciplinary powers. A new congregation regulating discipline is created, its duties covering, also, questions regarding marriages and other sacraments, while the dogmatic side of the sacraments remains under the jurisdiction of the Rota. The jurisdiction in the matter of mixed marriages. The pope remains prefect of the holy office.

The importance of the congregation of the Rota, of which the pope also is the prefect, is augmented by it undertaking the creation of bishops and the surveillance and direction of the rules of dioceses and seminaries and also deciding questions of competence between the congregations.

The Tribunal of the Penitentiary remains only as an internal court for questions of conscience, all other questions going to the Rota in the first instance and then to the Segnatura as a supreme court.

BODY OF LAWYERS

Any one can appeal against the decisions of these courts with or without the assistance of lawyers, and a special body of lawyers has been formed, the members of which pledge themselves to assist the poor gratuitously. The poor are also exempted from paying fees to the court.

The decree will be followed by a new code comprising all canon law, on which Cardinal Gasparri has been working for four years.

The reforms will become operative next November. The Rota will be an international court with 10 judges, and besides the Italian, French, Austrian, Spanish and Portuguese judges, it will now have one English-speaking judge. The Segnatura will be entirely composed of cardinals, to what number, however, is as yet uncertain. The practical result of the new conditions is that the countries removed from the jurisdiction of the propaganda, instead of applying to be decided, must apply to a suitable congregation.

The creation of new dioceses and the appointment of new bishops will be dealt with by the secretariat of state, after which they will be sent in trust to the congregation of the consistory to carry out the decision. While at present all questions are gratuitously dealt with by the propaganda as established for missionary lands after the reforms go into effect the payment of the usual fees will be exacted. At the Vatican, however, it is remarked that English-speaking prelates always gave as an offering a larger amount than the fee.

MGR. CHERRETTI

SAYS PONTIFICAL ORDER WILL MARK WIDE DEPARTURE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7.—That the Pontifical order reorganizing the jurisdiction of the propaganda announced from Rome yesterday will mark a wide departure in Catholic church government was the declaration yesterday of Mgr. Bonaventura Chierotti, the auditor of the papal delegation, who confirmed the news.

It is expected that the change, the movement for which has been in progress for some time, will be welcomed in the countries affected. The Roman Catholic hierarchy in the United States, as well as the other countries mentioned, will now be permitted to treat directly with the papal secretariat of state, and will have the same standing at the Vatican as those of France, Spain or Austria. The new arrangement will simplify the naming of bishops and other prelates.

GAHANBAR ENDS SHE LOST \$12,400

And Mazdaznans Will Woman Accused Young Man of Taking It

DR. HANISH GETS \$4300

And Proposes Several Innovations

The Mazdaznan gahanbar came to a close yesterday. About 70 delegates were in attendance and they were there "with the goods," for in response to the appeal of Dr. Hanish, "The Little Master," for a building fund, they raised \$3000 in less time than it would take a bank clerk to count it out. In his address Dr. Hanish proposed several innovations, among them being free marble fronts and halls for new temples, new schools to take the place of the present system, unsatisfactory to the doctor, and a school in the local temple.

He ended by inviting the members to the next gahanbar in his temple in Chicago, where he stated there is being erected the first organ in America. The next gahanbar will open on December 23.

HE ASKS \$20,000

For Alienation of Wife's Affections

Angus G. McDonald, of Arlington Heights, a builder, has been made the defendant in an action for \$20,000 damages brought against him by John H. Elkins, a prominent resident of North Danville, N. H., for the alleged alienation of the affections of Mrs. Elkins. The papers were filed yesterday in the East Cambridge court.

Mrs. Elkins, before her marriage, was Sadie Cameron and was well known in this state and New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Elkins were divorced last January.

FATALLY BURNED

GIRL USED KEROSENE IN LIGHTING FIRE.

BOSTON, July 7.—While Mary Murtaghan, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Murtaghan of 9 Ballard place, Jamaica Plain, was attempting to light the fire in the kitchen stove about 6 o'clock last evening, she was fatally burned about the body and head.

She was hurried to the city hospital. She died at 10.45.

Miss Murtaghan was alone in the house. It is believed that she used kerosene oil to hurry the fire and the flames from a cover opening ignited her clothing.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

IN GETTING READY FOR VACATION

don't overlook a fresh pair of shoes

Several-Hundred Pairs of Fine Tan and Black Low Shoes,

Snappy lasts for young men—conservative shapes that insure comfort—were \$3.50 and \$4.00,

Now **\$2.85**



BAGS to pack things in **\$1.90 to \$16.00**

SUIT CASES sole leather, imitation leather or Japanese fibre, **\$2.00 to \$8.50**

No one need be ashamed to wear the Arrow Collar—every summer style—quarter sizes 2 for 25c

WILL MEN ANGRY FREE TICKETS

Army Khaki Bought in 1000 Boys Will See England Big Show

THEY BLAME TAFT AS GUEST OF UNKNOWN FOR IT

Letters Sent to the President Will Also Provide Special Cars

NEW YORK, July 7.—Secretary Taft's candidacy has been subjected recently to a flank fire which, unless it be checked speedily by remedial action in Washington, threatens to cost the republican nominee for the presidency the political support of a large and influential body of American manufacturers and of a still larger body of American industrial workers.

In letters written to President Roosevelt, to Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and to the War Department, representatives of responsible firms in Boston and this city have protested vigorously against the course of that department while yet under the direction of Secretary Taft in taking steps to have the khaki for the uniforms of the soldiers of the army of occupation in the Philippines as well as for the Philippine constabulary bought from English manufacturers and made up by cheap coolie labor in Manila to the exclusion alike of American mills and of American wage-earners.

For the past week the president and the various bureaus of the War Department in Washington have been bombarded by angry letters and telegrams from firms representing the large mills, the commission houses and the government contractors.

So serious has been the assault that President Roosevelt himself has taken an active interest in the subject, fearing the effects of such a tactical blunder in a presidential year upon the popularity of the Taft candidacy, and has given assurances through the War department that steps will be taken immediately to correct any injustice that may have been done to the American manufacturers and workers.

In a condensed form the charges that now menace the Taft candidacy among American industrialists are substantially that ever since General Leonard Wood has been in command in the Philippines he has diverted a large proportion of the quartermaster's supplies contracts into foreign, and especially into British, channels, and that Taft has permitted him to do so unchallenged.

The unknown philanthropist who is to distribute 1000 free tickets to the Buffalo Bill show tomorrow intends to do even better by them.

Tomorrow at 12 o'clock noon, the boys, with their invitations, will gather in Taft street, and after 12 o'clock placed on cars, the crowd will move to the fair grounds and be assigned to a particular section of the tent, set apart especially for them. After the show the boys will remain in their seats and after the place has been cleared of the other spectators they will then march to the cars and be taken to Merrimack square. Each boy will be provided with a folder containing a number of poems that it will pay to commit to memory and remember through life.

The man who is responsible for the day's pleasure will be at the performance, but few, if any, will recognize him.

The committee in charge of the distribution of tickets reported yesterday that a large number of the invitations had been given out, but there are still a few hundred to be disposed of. Starter Walter Hickey received 50 of the tickets yesterday afternoon and distributed them to the newsboys in and about Merrimack square.

DREW REVOLVER

ON MEN SUSPECTED OF PALMING DIAMONDS.

NEW YORK, July 7.—What is declared to have been a bold attempt to rob the firm of Cooper & Farnam, diamond brokers in Maiden Lane, was frustrated by the watchfulness of the firm's cashier yesterday.

While two men were examining a tray of gems in the show room, William Stenson, the cashier, walked up behind them and covered them with a revolver, directing them to throw up their hands. Stenson claimed that he had seen the men skillfully palm several stones, and that when they made a break for liberty one of them dropped several diamonds. Stenson brought them to a halt and turned them over to the police. The men said they were James D. Shank and Frederick Kenny, both of New York.

ASK FOR WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

21 ARE DEAD

Thousands Overcome by Heat in New York

NEW YORK, July 7.—After a breathless, sweltering night during which many of New York's millions tossed on wicker chairs or lay in parks or on fire escapes, or even in the open streets, the sun came up this morning with promise of even greater discomfort and distress in store. As early as six o'clock not a breath of air was moving and thermometers on the street level registered 82 degrees. It was not until two hours later that the weather bureau thermometer reached the eighty mark, but from that time on the movement was more rapid. At 6 o'clock the weather man reported 84 degrees but in the meantime the humidity had fallen from 78 to 73.

As always, the greatest suffering was felt in the crowded tenement districts. All through the night came calls to the hospitals to go to the aid of unfortunate who had found the abnormal conditions too severe a strain upon them.

When the early morning list of victims of the heat wave was made up to-day it was found that 21 persons in the greater city had died as a direct result of weather conditions during the last twenty-four hours. Reported pros- trations numbered hundreds and thou- sands not so seriously affected were treated at their homes or by private physicians.

GET A NEW TRIAL

Chinamen Had Been Convicted of Murder

BOSTON, July 7.—Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung, four of the nine Chinamen convicted on the charge of murder on account of their alleged complicity in the shooting up of Chinatown on the night of Aug. 2, 1907, will have a new trial as a result of the decision made yesterday afternoon by Judges Pierce and Brown, who presided at the trial.

They denied the motion for a new trial as to the other defendants. Judges Pierce and Brown also disallowed the bill of exceptions filed in the case by Gen. Charles W. Bartlett, Harvey H. Pratt and Julian C. Woodman, counsel for the defense.

The defendants were Min Sing, Hom

Woon, Leong Gong, Wong Duck, Wong How, Joe Guey, Dong Bok Ling, Lee Jung and Warry S. Charles, the last named being charged with having been accessory before the fact.

The motion for a new trial was based on two grounds, the first being because the verdict was against the law, and the second because it was against the evidence and the weight of the evidence.

The motion for a new trial was granted to Wong Duck, Wong How, Dong Bok Ling and Lee Jung on the second ground.

In the memorandum written upon the lengthy bill of exceptions, the court sets out that they are disallowed because not conforming to truth. The fact was, the court says, that while the witness, Michael C. Dougherty, was under examination, a private conference was held between the court, coun-

sel for the defense and the prosecuting attorneys, during which counsel for the defense orally made an offer of testimony from the witness Dougherty and others, relating to the alleged conduct of Officer Linton and one Yee Wah, tending to show efforts on their part to procure false testimony against some of the defendants.

After some discussion, the memorandum continues, the court directed counsel for the defense to put their offer of proof in writing, so that the presiding justices might consider it. The witness Dougherty was thereupon withdrawn from the stand by the defense, and another witness was called on another line of evidence, and examined at length.

The written offer of proof was handed to the justices the following day, and taken under advisement by them, but they were never asked to rule upon it, and it was not referred to again by counsel until after the close of all the evidence and the court's charge to the jury, when counsel for the defense said to the court privately they supposed their rights were saved under it.

To this the court (Mr. Justice Pierce) replied that he did not understand that they had any rights, as the court had not been asked to rule upon the written offer, and if asked, were prepared to have admitted so much of it as related to Officer Linton, and to exclude all else contained in said offer of proof.

GIRL SHOT DEAD

Man Mortally Wounded as Result of Tragedy

CHICAGO, July 7.—A despatch to the Record-Herald from Vincennes says: "Miss May Baker, 20 years old, is dead and Charles Ingle, 49 years old, is mortally wounded as the result of a remarkable tragedy in the girl's home yesterday. Mrs. Ollie Ellis, a cousin of the girl killed, admits it is almost certain that she fired the shots and says she was trying to drive away Ingle, who in a fit of rage had seized Miss Baker, threatening her with bodily harm.

Mystery surrounds the details of the affair and the stories of the wounded man and the woman do not agree. Ingle insists he was only attempting to warn the woman, who he says smashed his sister's husband, to leave town and he claims the shooting was without provocation. The bullets which ended Miss Baker's life were aimed at

Ingle, who Mrs. Ellis says, at the time had the girl in his grasp.

Ingle was taken to the jail on suspicion that he had killed the girl and his sister's husband, Richard Lovejoy, was locked up pending a full investigation by the police. Lovejoy is alleged to have been in the house when the shooting took place.

NO MORE, NO LESS.

The Sun has all the news.
You can't get more than that.
The Sun costs but a cent.
You can't pay less than that.

THOS. J. GARGAN

May Have to Be Operated Upon

BERLIN, July 7.—Thomas J. Gargan, a transit commissioner of Boston, arrived here yesterday. He has been suffering from a stomach affection for the past six weeks, but his condition has improved of late. Mr. Gargan will undergo an examination today and he is of the opinion that a surgical operation probably will be necessary before he recovers his health.

LOSS IS \$50,000

Minister Prayed That Park Be Burned

CHICAGO, July 7.—Twelve hours after the Rev. George Edward Lewis in a public prayer asked that the amusement resorts of Irving park where liquor is served might be burned to the ground, Excelsior park was consumed by fire yesterday.

Proprietors of other parks in the neighborhood admitted last night that they are both puzzled and frightened. They also declared that they have taken precautions to protect their properties.

A. J. Smith, proprietor of the burned park, said his loss would be about \$50,000. He thought that crossed electric wires was probably the cause of the fire.

An investigation is to be made. The police are looking for two men who were seen near the park early in the day.

HOSPITAL BAZAAR

The St. John's hospital bazaar committee which has in charge the grand charity fete to be given in aid of the hospital table of the bazaar next fall, at Washington park on July 11th, met last night on the hospital lawn and transacted considerable business. Reports from the various committees were heard and a program of the sporting schedule was drawn up. The committee adjourned at ten o'clock to meet Friday night.

The list of sports promises an excellent entertainment in the athletic line. First there will be a 100 yards dash, then relay races, an obstacle race, sack race, a three-legged race, the high jump, and the hop, skip and jump. In the order named.

The teams which have entered for the relay races are the Mathews, the C. Y. M. L., the C. M. A. C., the St. John's, the Burkes, the Holy Names of the Sacred Heart, and the M. C. L. As yet, the teams which will run against each other have not been chosen, the committee waiting in the hopes that there will be further entries.

GET INSIDE

Your Friends and Neighbors in Lowell Will Show You How.

Rubbing the back won't cure backache. Linctament may relieve but can't cure. Backache comes from the inside from the kidneys.

Dean's Kidney Pills get inside—They cure sick kidneys.

Here is Lowell proof that this is so: Mrs. Wm. A. Buckley, of 9 Chestnut st., Lowell, Mass., says: "Both my husband and myself are very strong advocates of Dean's Kidney Pills. Mr. Buckley took them some six years ago and was completely cured of kidney complaint and backache. He doctored and wore bandages and used liniments and other remedies but nothing did him any good until he got Dean's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co's drug store. The use of three boxes cured him and he regards it a pleasure to tell others of the great value of this medicine. Some time after he was cured I was taken with backache and other noticeable symptoms of kidney complaint. I began taking Dean's Kidney Pills and corrected all other difficulties. I take a few of them when I feel that the kidneys are sluggish and they always tone me up and make me feel better in every way.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBarn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TAFT PLAYS BALL

Statesmen Defeated the Newspapermen

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—Mr. Taft, republican candidate for the presidency, yesterday distinguished himself on the diamond when a game of baseball was played between the statesmen sojourning here to confer with him on sundry matters relating to the coming campaign, and the newspapermen. The game was the result of the activity of Sen. Murray Crane, who has had long conferences with the republican candidates, while here. Mr. Crane had no sooner finished his breakfast yesterday than he began planning for a contest of skill between the statesmen and the correspondents.

The statesmen's nine was made up of Sen. Crane, pitcher; Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania, catcher; John C. Evansman, first base; Rep. Burton of Ohio, second base; Rep. Lawrence of Massachusetts, third base; Rep. McKinley, centerfield; Sen. Beveridge, left field, and Wm. H. Taft, right field.

The game was hotly contested, but the correspondents lost out after eight innings by a score of 14 to 11.

The correspondents went outside of their own numbers for a second baseman, placing Charles Taft in that responsible position. Charles distinguished himself when his father went to the bat and struck the second ball delivered to him. The ball went whizzing toward second base and it looked as if it would give Mr. Taft a home run but the alert Charles nipped his father's hopes by catching him out.

The game was played on the local ball grounds just after a heavy rain and as the party sprawled in the mud by their frantic efforts to run the bases, the entire party was rather the worse for wear when the eighth inning had been played. Mrs. Taft came out to see the game which was witnessed by a large number of spectators from the hotel.

THE BLACK HAND

Is Accused of Kidnaping a Girl

NEW YORK, July 7.—Every policeman in the large city was searching yesterday for 3-year-old Frances Alligro, who, they believe, has been spirited away by Black Hand agents, and is being held for ransom. The child has not been seen since last Saturday. Yesterday the parents of the little girl received a letter informing them that Frances would be restored to them upon payment of \$400. The letter was a typical Black Hand missive, and its receipt spread terror throughout the whole neighborhood in which the Alligro family lives.

About a year ago 11-year-old Kate Tietzschler, who lived directly across First avenue from the Alligro home, was spirited to the cellar of her home by an unknown man and murdered after she had been maltreated in a shocking manner. The murderer was never captured.

PRESTON TALKS

Of His Candidacy for Presidency

CARSON, Nev., July 7.—A. R. Preston, who is serving 25 years' sentence in the Nevada state prison for murder, and who was nominated by the socialist labor party at New York for president of the United States, gave out the following interview from his cell today:

"I am not greatly surprised at the action taken in the matter by my party," he said. "In fact I was aware they would recognize me in some way or another. I am particularly well known to members of my party and I am a socialist from the ground up. While I am not at liberty to make a statement covering my nomination owing to instructions from my counsel, Judge Hilton, at the same time I am willing that my name shall remain at the top of the ticket. I recognize the honor conferred on me and am proud of it. On the other hand, if Mr. Hilton desires that I withdraw from the nomination I will ask that my name be taken from the ticket. I have not yet been officially notified of my nomination."

Manufacturers' Outlet Sale

On Wednesday morning we inaugurate the Greatest Sale in our history. Our own Mammoth Stock together with the consignment of three leading manufacturers who are ready to stand the loss. Garments at cost of materials only.

Store Closed All Day Tuesday Marking Goods, Open Wednesday Morning at 9.30 O'Clock



TAILORED CLOTH SUITS

About 150 suits—cancelled order. Get a going-away suit at cost of goods. Here is your choice.

\$10 to \$15 SUITS	\$15 to \$18.75 SUITS	\$20 and \$25 SUITS	\$25 and \$27.50 SUITS	\$30 and \$35 SUITS
\$8.97	\$10.97	\$12.97	\$14.97	\$18.97

TAILORED COATS

About 200 Coats—Long, Loose, Silk, Panama, Linen and Lace Coats. Many are Samples.

\$5 and \$7.50 COATS	\$7.50 to \$10 COATS	\$10 and \$15 COATS	\$15 to \$25 COATS
\$3.97	\$5.97	\$8.97	\$10.00



Choice of our \$12, \$15 and \$18 Silk Dresses at the ridiculous price of

\$8.95

Be on hand early and get one of these fine Dresses

\$12.50 and \$15.00 Batiste Princess Dresses. Beautiful dresses in light blue, pink, champagne, lavender and white

\$7.95

\$3.00 Jumper Suits in Gingham, Chambray and Percales. Hamburg and lace trimming.

\$1.95



\$3.00 White Linen Skirts, \$1.95

Fine Quality Linen—6 styles at this sale

WAISTS ARE CHEAP

87c

For Waists selling at \$1.50.

\$1.97

For Waists Selling at \$2.50

\$1.67

For Waists Selling at \$3.98.

1000 SKIRTS Slashed in Price

\$5.00 Panama and Sicilian Skirts, kilted style, also new flare	\$2.95
\$8.00 Voile Skirts, fine heavy voile, taffeta trimmed one wide and three narrow bands of silk	\$4.95
\$3.00 Panama Skirts, black and colors	\$1.95
\$15.00 Black Silk Skirts, full kilted, wide fold, fine heavy taffeta silk	\$8.98

Silk Taffeta Coats

For Outing and Street Wear

\$10 and \$12 Coats	\$7.97
\$18 and \$20 Coats	\$10.97
\$22 and \$25 Coats	\$14.97
Coats in Linen Sicilian, \$5 and \$7.50, were \$10	

\$1.00 at this sale goes as far as \$2 elsewhere. Sale continues until garments are sold.

Odd Items That Will Save You Money

\$5.00 Silk Petticoats	\$2.95
\$15.00 Panama Jumper Suits, not one but cost \$12. Sale price	\$8.95
75 Children's Coats, ages 4 to 14, selling at \$3, \$4 and \$5	\$1.97
\$4 Bathing Suits	\$2.95
3 styles just received, you save \$1.00 on your bathing suits.	
50 Zebra Striped Suits, selling at \$7.50, sale	\$3.95

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET

ANNUAL MEETING

Of Loyal Excelsior
Lodge, M. U.GOLD EMBLEM FOR
P. G. METCALFThe New Officers Were
Installed

The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., was held last night in Post 120, G. A. R., hall and the members turned out in large numbers. Among those present were Past Provincial Grand Master J. Smith and suite, who installed the newly elected officers for the ensuing term.

The feature of the evening, however, was the presentation of a beautiful gold framed emblem to the retiring grand master, P. G. Albert B. Metcalf, P. G. M. Smith, who made the presentation, spoke of the excellent work of Odd Fellowship done by the retiring grand master and of the high esteem in which he was held, not only by the Excelsior lodge, but by every Odd Fellow in and around Lowell. P. G. Metcalf in a well delivered speech thanked the members for their beautiful present and trusted the same good feeling and the kind consideration

which had always existed between the members and himself would continue in the future as it had done in the past. A social good time then followed.

The officers installed are as follows: G. M. Ernest Nelson; N. C. William Walker; V. G. Jesse Whitworth; E. S. Edward Hanson; P. S. H. Cowdell; treasurer, A. W. Mowatt; trustees, R. J. Houston, R. W. Hollingworth; supporters to N. G. R. W. Hollingworth, D. Robertson; supporters to V. G. J. McHaskell, E. J. Rothwell; warden, G. F. Pess.

FELL FROM POLE

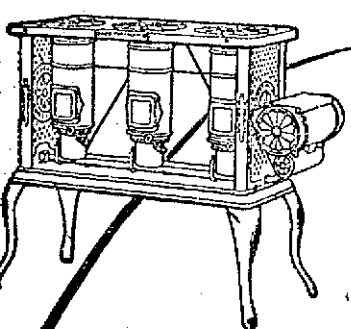
PETER HARLIN HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Peter Harlin, an employee of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Co., fell from a pole Sunday afternoon while repairing some wires, and had a narrow escape from being killed. He fell 20 feet to the ground. The accident happened at the corner of High and East Merrimack streets. He struck on his head on the pavement and although badly stunned was able to go home after treatment in St. John's hospital.

CHILDREN'S HOME.

The home acknowledges the following gifts: Connors Bros. Co., load of sand; D. L. Page Co. and Friend Bros., bread and rolls; Mrs. F. J. Mack, bread, milk and high chair; Home Bakery, beans and brown bread; E. R. Blood, doughnuts; J. B. & P. Co., salt pork; Henry J. Farrell, soap; bones; James A. Thompson, wood; Mrs. E. J. Thurbur, baby carriage; Boston & Northern St. Ry. Co., tree car tickets; Mr. D. L. Page sent ice cream for Sunday. All gifts, large or small, are gratefully received and promptly acknowledged. Telephone 685-4.

Hot Stove—Cool Kitchen



How do you expect to endure the broiling days of summer if you prepare all the food over a glowing coal fire?

You need a "New Perfection" Oil Stove that will do the cooking without cooking the cook. It concentrates plenty of heat under the pot and diffuses little or none through the room. Therefore, when working with the

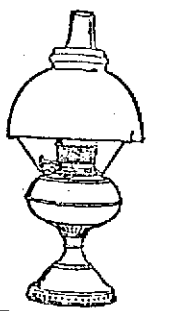
NEW PERFECTION
Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook Stove

the kitchen actually seems as comfortable as you could wish it to be.

This, in itself, is wonderful, but, more than that, the "New Perfection" Oil Stove does perfectly everything that any stove can do. It is an ideal all-round cook-stove. Made in three sizes, and fully warranted. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp

a substantial, strongly made and hand-some lamp. Burns for hours with a strong, mellow light. Just what you need for evening reading or to light the dining-room. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.



HUSTLERS

Over Award of South
End PrizesINDIAN CLUB RE-
CEIVED 1st MONEYAnd Hustlers Object to
Second Prize

The prizes for the features in the South End Fourth of July parade were awarded yesterday, and the Indian club won the first prize, \$150, and the Hustlers club, the second of \$50. The judges were Capt. Colby T. Kittredge, Capt. James N. Greig and Lieut. Geo. W. Peterson.

Bright and early this morning a committee from the Hustlers called at The Sun office with the following protest:

Lowell, Mass., July 7th, 1908.
Editor of The Sun:—Kindly allow us space. We, the undersigned press committee, by vote of our organization known as the Hustlers, in the Slamming feature in the South End parade the night before the 4th, do openly protest and express our dissatisfaction with the general announcements and decision of the judges in giving the Hustlers only second prize. We will allow the public to be our judges.

(Signed)
Bennie Fielding, Chairman.
Andrew Dwyer,
John B. Clancy, Secretary.

WAKEFIELD FIRE

Miss Donovan Probably
Fatally Burned

WAKEFIELD, July 7.—Miss Josephine Donovan was probably fatally burned in a fire which broke out in the house of her brother, Dennis Donovan, at 51 Emerson street, this town, today. Miss Donovan was on the second floor when the fire started on the floor above. She rushed up stairs to try to extinguish the flames but when she reached the third floor the flames benched her in and she was unable to escape. She jumped from the third story window, her clothing in flames, struck on the roof of the piazza and then bounced onto an iron fence and from there to the ground. She was terribly burned about the face and body and was internally injured as a result of her leap.

John Donovan was badly burned about the face and hands in his attempt to rescue his sister. The damage to the house is estimated at \$900.

FIVE LIVES LOST

UNADILLA, Neb., July 7.—Five persons were drowned in the Nemahah river here yesterday. They were John Doyle, his wife and their three children. A flood of water fell from a cloudburst, lifted their house from its foundation and carried it to the swollen river.

KICK

DERRICK FELL 1000

Fireman Johnson Was
Killed Instantly

QUINCY, July 7.—Oscar A. Johnson, foreman at the Field & Wild quarry, was struck and instantly killed by a falling derrick yesterday afternoon. Mr. Johnson was superintending the lowering of a derrick and he stood on the side opposite to which he thought it would fall.

As it was lowered, however, the boom struck a guy rope on another derrick and was deflected from its course so that it struck him on the side of the head. He died instantly.

CAPT. PILLSBURY

To Be Made a Rear
Admiral

WASHINGTON, July 7.—During the remaining days of July the American navy is to have six new rear-admirals. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas and the retirement on July 11 of Rear-Admiral R. C. Clover make the large number of accessions to the high rank possible. The retirement of Clover promotes Capt. Ingersoll, Schroeder and Wainwright. The death of Rear-Admiral Thomas promotes Capt. Pillsbury, who is acting admiral because of his chieftaincy of the bureau of navigation, and Capt. R. P. Rodgers and Capt. Adolph Marx.

MOUNTAIN ROCK

To Be Made Into Beau-
tiful Park

Rumor has it that the Boston & Northern street railway company will turn Mountain Rock into a beautiful park and install numerous attractions for next season. The woods at Mountain Rock, which, by the way, is one of the most delightful spots in this section of the country, have been cleaned out and present a very neat appearance. The pines have been trimmed and the sight is most delightful to the eye and in striking contrast to the barren and bedraggled look of the clearance across the way where lumber is piled high and tree tops and brush abound in dangerous confusion in case of fire.

LABOR MATTERS

PRESIDENT GOLDEN ANSWERS A
THREAT.

President John Golden and Secretary Albert Hibbard of the United Textile Workers of America issued a statement Thursday relative to the criticism by the delegates to the convention of the National Federation of Cotton Weavers affiliated with the United Textile Workers warning them not to send delegates to the convention.

The statement concludes with the following: "All we desire to add is the fact that the United Textile Workers of America have firmly established now to worry itself about any five per quarter federations or alliances. There are over 20 cotton weavers' unions affiliated with this body. There is no danger of any of them joining a federation that is isolated and cut off from any affiliation with the American labor movement. There will be no more temporizing with seceding labor unions. The instructions of the American Federation of Labor will be followed out to the letter, namely, that a new union must be formed wherever a local union has seceded. This has been already done in the Fall River situation. A charter has been issued to Weavers' Union, Local No. 21, of Fall River, with a good list of members. The same policy will be pursued in New Bedford in the near future and all other places where necessary. In this movement we have the solid backing of the American Federation of Labor and all those who believe in the true principles of trades unionism. Our duty in this matter is perfectly clear. We shall not hesitate to do it."

Save Sickness

The prompt and sure relief given in acute stomach, bowel and liver complaints, has created an annual sale of over six million boxes of

BEECHAM'S
PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Babbitt's

Spectacles
and Eye
Glasses

For over fifty years The Babbitt Co. has stood for the "best" in the optical line. Everyone wants the best when it comes to glasses and to have this one needs a plentiful stock to choose from; assistance in the selection; and an expert to do the fitting.

These advantages you can have at our new up-to-date office.

THE BABBITT CO.

81 Merrimack St.

KOREANS

Have Been Murdered by
Insurgents

SEOUL, July 15, via San Francisco, July 7.—Nearly 1000 Koreans have been murdered by the Korean insurgents and so-called patriots within the last few months. These were all members of the Il Ching Hoi, a pro-Japanese society. Most of the Japanese murdered were workingmen whose only crime seems to have been opposition to the disturbing element of the country and friendliness to the Japanese protectorate.

The actual statistics carefully collected and in every case verified show that since the Japanese protectorate of Korea commenced nine hundred and twenty-six members of the Il Ching Hoi have been murdered by the Korean insurgents, three hundred and sixty houses have been burned involving a loss of about fifty thousand yen. The revolution in Korea is being driven into the corner. The scattered troops of revolutionaries are being rounded up and either forced into surrender or their activity effectively stopped. The course taken by the government in the last rigorous campaign instituted against the disturbing element is approved by the people of the country both foreign and native.

ATTACKED GIRL

Posse Searching for
Alleged Assailant

NEW BOSTON, N. H., July 7.—Between 300 and 400 citizens of New Boston, Weare and Riverville, together with High Sheriff F. K. Ramsey of Manchester, Deputy Sheriff Robert Duntion of Goffstown, several officers from that place and the selectmen of New Boston, are today searching the woods in the vicinity of New Boston for Wm. Metcalf of Providence, R. I., who is wanted in connection with an attack upon Miss Edith Strong as she was returning from the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Metcalf was employed in the lumber mill of Lincoln Vurnham at Weare until last Friday. He was to have accepted a position at Goffstown, but did not appear, and is supposed to be hiding in the woods. He is well tattooed on the arms, wears a tie, stone ring, and had a Knights of Pythias pin on his cap. His description corresponds with the one given by Miss Strong of her assailant.

Yesterday afternoon High Sheriff Ramsey was following the Boston & Maine railroad tracks to Hillsboro, while Deputy Sheriff Duntion and the others are following a trail from Weare back to New Boston.

WILD WEST SHOW

HAS BEEN REINFORCED IN FEAT-
URES NEW AND STRANGE.

This motley array of hardy men from many nations and varied races, will soon revisit our city after so long an absence as to be almost new. The Indians, cowboys, Arabs, Cossacks and representatives of the regular armies of this and other countries, together with the recruits from far off civilized and uncivilized nations, form a not inconsiderable and certainly formidable army. The organization, complete in every detail, will be the same in every respect as during the successful engagement just concluded at Madison Square Garden, New York, as a guarantee of the increased attractiveness of performances. Here the audience will be open air, with less restriction and more of nature itself, than is possible in an inclosed building. Many new features have been added since its return from Europe and all the old and familiar ones are retained.

One of the new features, the battle of Summit Springs, made a sensation in New York, and is a reproduction of a battle that occurred in 1859. The famous old general Eugene A. Carr, was in command of the United States soldiers when Colonel Cody ("Buffalo Bill") slew "Tall Bull," the leading hostile chief. General Carr, General Hayes, who were in the fight, bore witness to the gallantry of "Buffalo Bill." Garden and have vouchered for the accuracy of the stirring scenes of the old days on the frontier, as far as a reproduction of them is possible.

The hold-up of a railroad train on the frontier is another new feature, founded upon the occurrence at Wilcox, on the Union Pacific railroad, a few years ago. Another entertaining new feature is a ranch scene, depicting the lighter shades of pioneer life and introducing Ray Thompson's finely trained horse, "Joe Baker," and other noted Texas range horses. A train hold-up and football game on horseback. Every feature known to horse-manship, from the Indian bareback riding to that of the cowboy and cavalryman in the saddle, together with the Cossack riding, is comprised in the exhibition which is recognized as occupying a broader field than the ordinary amusement enterprises.

The performance is a living illustration of a period of American life and history that is rapidly passing into oblivion. Buffalo Bill's Wild West presents a series of realistic pictures of life in the now old far west as it existed during the middle of the nineteenth century. These scenes are replete with life and reality combined with simplicity and wonderful picturesqueness. It is this realism, simplicity and actuality that gives the Wild West its historic value and importance. Colonel William F. Cody has spent five years in Europe, giving the people of the old world a conception of the life and manners of the far west in the past, and has returned to America with the prestige of success.

The cowboys, the Indians, the Vaqueros, the Japanese Arabs, French, Russian, English and American soldiers are all genuine. Two performances are given daily, at two and eight p. m. rain or shine, at each of which Colonel Cody appears. There will be no street parade, as has been the custom of former years, and time and labor incidental to this feature will be eliminated with the view of reserving the energy of the performers for the exhibition itself.

HEIRS CUT OFF

Wills of Two Lowell People Filed
in Cambridge

George S. O'Malley of Lowell, by his will, just filed at East Cambridge, gives to his daughters, Vivian I. and Laura I., and his son, Carl W. O'Malley, "the sum of \$1 each and no more."

To his son Albert he gives a chest of drawers and a bed.

To his wife, Georgia A. O'Malley, he leaves the remainder of his estate, and he appoints her executrix. The will is dated June 5, 1908. Testator died June 23, 1908.

Esther Lundberg of Lowell, by her will gives \$1 to her son, Franz D. Lundberg of Lowell. The remainder of the estate is left in trust to Thomas W. Johnson of Lowell, to be held for the "sole use and benefit" of Herbert Sidney Lundberg of Lowell, now of Palmer, Mass. Testator directs that the income of the estate and such part of the principal as in the judgment of the trustee may be required be used for the benefit of Herbert Sidney Lundberg. At his death whatever remains of the trust estate unexpended shall be given to the Worthen Street Methodist Episcopal church of Lowell. Thomas W. Johnson is named as executor. The will is dated July 26, 1907.

BRYAN WILLING

To Modify Views in In-
junction Plank

DENVER, July 7.—Evidence is multiplying that probably the only difficult plank to prepare for the democratic platform will be that relating to the use of injunctions in industrial disputes. Mr. Bryan has let it be known through a number of reliable sources that his position on this plank is not rigid. Perhaps the most important conference with reference to the injunction plank was that held at Fairview, Mr. Bryan's home, during the dinner given by the Nebraskan to a number of prominent democrats on July 4. At this dinner Mr. Bryan stated clearly that he realized that there might arise situations where the issuance of an injunction without notice to those enjoined would be the only remedy against loss of life or irreparable damage to property. To meet such cases, Mr. Bryan further indicated that if the resolutions committee could draw a plank which would provide for such emergencies, with the safeguard that this class of injunctions should be self-dissolving after a period of three or five days, the plank would meet his approval. Work on the platform continued through the medium of an informal sub-committee consisting of Governor Haskell, who is to be chairman of the resolutions committee, and a number of prominent members of the party, who will have places on that committee.

SEN. BEVERIDGE

HAD A CONFERENCE WITH CANDI-
DATE TAFT.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 7.—Senator Beveridge of Indiana, Rep. McKinley of Illinois and Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania arrived here yesterday. Senator Beveridge and Rep. Burke were delayed by the breaking of an axle on the engine and they devoted a couple of hours to a study of the wild scenery of the region. When they got here they found that Mr. Taft had disposed of a large amount of correspondence and had gone on the golf links with Frank B. Kellogg. Mr. Beveridge for a couple of hours and they went over conditions in Indiana and elsewhere with great detail. Mr. Beveridge told Senator Taft that he did not consider that the affairs of the party in Indiana were in any condition to endanger the state next fall.

A ball game between the statesmen and the newspaper correspondents put an end to further conferences for the day. Mr. Taft will have a talk with Rep. McKinley of Illinois and Rep. Burke of Pennsylvania today. Senator Hemenway and Rep. Watson to take part in the conference. Sen. Beveridge and Sen. Crane left last night for their homes.

JUDGE POLLOCK

DECIDES AGAINST GREAT WEST-
ERN LIFE INS. CO.

KANSAS CITY, July 7.—Judge John C. Pollock in the federal court here last night ordered that the property of the great Western Life Insurance company be disposed of and that the policies amounting to \$2,000,000 be returned in some reliable company.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 N. MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A.G. POLLARD CO.

"The Store for Thrifty People"

MEN'S SHIRTS FOR SUMMER WEAR

Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 Grades

ONLY 69c EACH

Our Usual Summer Selling Begins Tomorrow

For this sale we are able to offer 175 dozen including many of the celebrated Monarch Shirts as well as other well known brands. Made from the newest patterns of the most popular fabrics. Made full sizes—with every sort of a wrinkle that goes towards "shirt-comfort." Cuffs attached or detachable. Collars on or off. Light, medium or dark patterns. Shirts for Every-day or Dress-up Wear. Clean, fresh and well laundered.

Some are the Dollar Grade—Others worth One Dollar and a Quarter—One Price Tomorrow

Only 69c Each

See Merrimack Street Window

EAST SECTION

LEFT AISLE

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN OF NEBRASKA

Thrice an Aspirant to Presidential Honors, He Has Proved Himself to Be a Citizen of Whom the American Public May be Proud.

WHEN the Democratic national convention of 1896 opened at Chicago it was a fact known to all that party sentiment had changed; that it had drifted into new channels and was undergoing a sort of political regeneration. It was also apparent that most of those who had been directing the policy of the party had become the exponents of the minority and that those who were responsible for the change were men who had never been active supporters of the financial theories which were so characteristic a feature of the existing administration.

At that time it was quite evident that the bulk of the party was prepared to break away from the leadership of the only Democrat who had sat in the presidential chair since the days of James Buchanan. At the early sessions of the convention it was made manifest that the breach between the free coinage of silver advocates and the single gold standard people was complete and beyond compromise. From the first it was clear that the "silverite" movement dominated the convention, and it seemed but logical that Congressman Richard P. Bland of Missouri, its author and ready sponsor on all occasions, should receive the nomination for president.

Everything pointed that way. Mr. Bland, known popularly and affectionately as "Silver Dick," the warhorse of the free silver coinage movement, was old and in feeble health, but his popularity seemed to be invincible. His genial disposition and stanch character had made him hosts of friends in all parts of the country, and his earnest teaching had resulted in an army of converts. His friends and supporters were in apparent possession of the field, and their enthusiasm and determination to win were a source of great discomfort to the representatives of the gold wing of the party.

The opening preliminaries were conducted in the dignified and rather perfunctory manner of great national conventions. The claims of contesting delegations were looked into, and everything passed off serenely until the adoption of the platform was reached. It was at the attempt of the gold standard men to introduce a plank committed to their doctrine that the premier sensation of the campaign of 1896 took shape. In the thick of the din and confusion which followed the reading of the gold resolution a sturdy figure elbowed its way to the platform, mounted it with a bound and stood resolutely in the turbulent assemblage.

"Who is he?" asked a member of the New York delegation of his right hand neighbor.

"Looks like Bill Bryan—Boy Orator of the Platte, you know."

"No, I don't know. Is he any good?"

"Well, yes—rather. Heard him once in Lincoln."

Now the babel ceased, and a voice rose strong and vibrant, a voice that from its first note penetrated to every part of the great hall and was heard distinctly by every one of the 15,000 persons present. The discordant rumble of speech which the gavel of the bewildered chairman was powerless to control was hushed instantly by the

magic of a voice. It was the most telling bit of political oratory heard since the "plumed knight" burst of eloquence from the gifted Robert Ingersoll. It was a brief and impassioned appeal for bimetalism and an exalted plea for the acceptance of the new Democratic financial teaching. There was not a man in the vast throng who did not feel a thrill when the man from Nebraska uttered his oft quoted "cross of gold and crown of thorns" metaphor. There was a wild whirlwind of applause from friend and foe, and the name of William Jennings Bryan was on every tongue.

No further thought of "Silver Dick!" No further chance for the insertion of a gold plank in the platform! Bryan and silver! This became at once the motive of the convention, and all else was deemed irrelevant. The jubilant majority hastened to announce him as its candidate, and in an incredibly short time the whole world was clamoring to be told all that was known about William Jennings Bryan.

It was a simple story, but well worth the telling. He was comparatively a young man, but one year older than the constitution of the United States demands that a chief magistrate shall be. Never before had either great political party chosen for its standard bearer so young a man, and never before had a man who lived west of the Mississippi river received the nomination. It was true that some of his speeches in the lower house of congress had given him something of a reputation as an orator, but his fame had been confined to the capitol and to the narrow limits of his own state. He was practically unknown to the great American public, and especially so to the eastern section of it. It was the first case on record of a nominee who had won the distinction by a single oratorical effort, and the entire country was on the qui vive to see how the young man from Nebraska was going to acquit himself.

He was a disappointment only to those who had failed to appreciate his capability. Those who had done so were amazed at the facility he developed. He entered into the campaign with a zest and thoroughness which were a revelation even to the most experienced campaigners. His political foes soon realized that there was pitted against them no tyro in the business of president making and that usual methods must be abandoned and new systems of defense planned. The opposition was compelled to call all its reserves into service at the very beginning of the campaign, so far-reaching had been the influence of the remarkable convention oratory of the Nebraska man.

Nor did Mr. Bryan do anything during that memorable campaign to dim the impression created by his famous speech. He realized acutely that the American public did not know him, and he resolved that he would do his part in bringing about a closer acquaintance. Since manifestly it was not possible for this more intimate relationship to be cultivated as long as he remained in his remote Nebraska home, he went out among the people and showed them what manner of

man he was. He injected into the campaign a personal quality that had lapsed since the days of the early presidents. It was spoken of as a whirlwind campaign, and such it was, but in spite of the velocity with which it was conducted and the immensity of the area covered Mr. Bryan succeeded in making a marvelous impression.

In that unique campaign the Democratic nominee traveled more than 18,000 miles and delivered upward of 2,000 speeches. As a political spellbinder he

and his greatest asset, he made the most of it. His invasion of what he termed jocosely "the enemy's country" was nothing less than a personal triumph for the Nebraska orator. The effort in itself was phenomenal. In a single day while he was making a whirlwind tour of New York state he delivered forty-nine addresses. Thirty-five speeches, big and little, were made by him on several consecutive days, and it was no unusual thing for him to address twenty different audiences,

fully a gainer and a winner in all respects save one. The Bryan who went down to defeat with Arthur Sewall of Maine and Thomas E. Watson of Georgia was a greater and more competent citizen than the young man whose oratory electrified the Chicago convention. He had proved himself to be a man of whom the American people well might be proud, and that, too, without the necessity of subscribing to a single tenet of his political creed. "Fanatic" and "visionary" are but the

suffered neither political eclipse nor loss of prestige. His leadership was indisputable that his opponents within the party did not think it worth while to interfere with his prospects at Kansas City. Later, however, a minority representing those who were not in sympathy with his financial views went to Indianapolis and formulated what is known in political history as the "gold ticket."

At the time of his second nomination Mr. Bryan was still an ardent

ka man that he declined absolutely to do violence to his honest convictions; that he refused to accept the nomination without a plain declaration that his faith in free silver was still unshaken.

Although new issues had appeared and the financial question had become less insistent, Mr. Bryan saw to it that the silver plank was made a prominent feature of the Kansas city platform. The war with Spain and the subsequent acquisition of the Philippines had made the money question less prominent, but Mr. Bryan did not take advantage of that fact to modify his theory. A single intimation, however slight, that he had readjusted his financial views would have united his party and made him its unchallenged leader, but as long as he was convinced of the truth of his contention he was ready to accept the consequences, even the defeat which came at the election.

Four years later Mr. Bryan did not seek the nomination. He made no secret of his intention to permit the disaffected wing of his party to make the ticket. He appeared at the convention as a delegate and had something to say as to the platform, but he was not active in the selection of the ticket.

And now, for the third time, this man who has preserved his fair reputation at all times and in all places is about to conduct a presidential campaign. Personal worth and personal endowment are potent indeed, but they are far from being everything that contributes to the making of an American president. If they were, with Bryan and Taft in the field, the problem would be a thousand times more difficult and the result would be even more problematical than it is.

C. B. SANDERSON.

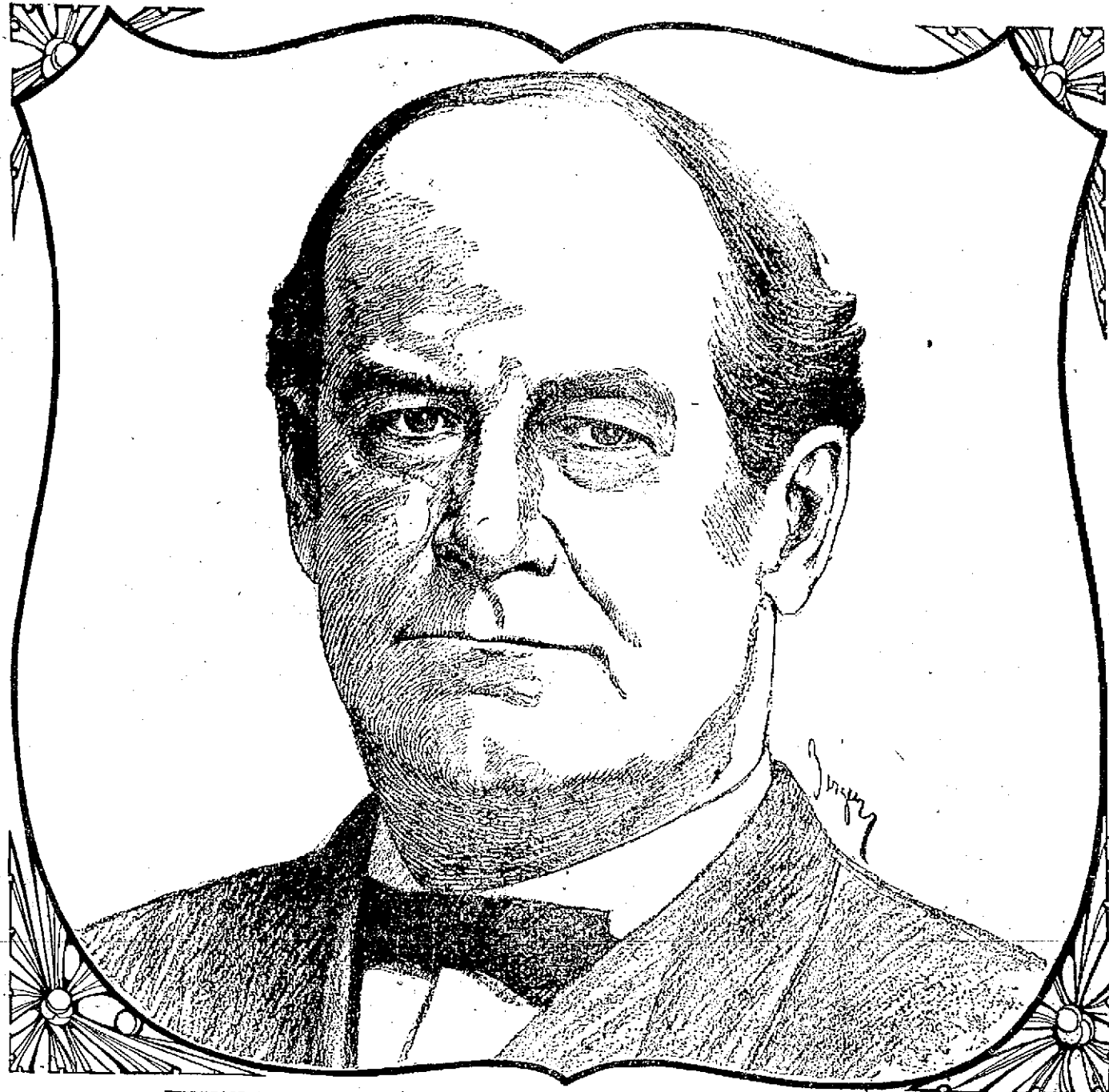
DIPLOMACY IN THE ORIENT.

To illustrate the unsuitability of European procedure in oriental affairs I will cite an incident in recent political history in Turkey," says a diplomatist. "A certain Kurdish chief had acquired notoriety by his ruthless oppression of the Armenians in his district. The consuls continually complained of his misdeeds to the ambassadors in Constantinople, and these gentlemen in their turn addressed their complaints to the Ottoman government. At last the scandal became so great that the sultan realized that some satisfaction must be given."

"The chief had many friends in the palace, and an ingenious suggestion was made by which he should be saved and the ambassadors at the same time satisfied. The ambassadors were informed that, to give them complete satisfaction, not only should the Kurd be brought to justice, but he should be tried at Constantinople in the presence of the representatives of the embassies."

"The trial was held, and the hostile witnesses, for the most part Armenians, were encouraged to speak with a freedom which they would not have ventured in the provinces, and as a result they witnessed to the commission of every kind of possible and impossible atrocity, contradicted one another on what purported to be statements of fact and obliged a court proceeding on western principles to discredit all their evidence."

"The chief was acquitted. His friends had known how to protect him. The ambassadors' complaints were silenced. And yet without the intervention of western procedure he could and would, if it had pleased the government, have been justly executed in the provinces without any further trial than a recitation of well known facts."



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN, DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

has never had an equal. His eloquence in that campaign was so far beyond the oratory of the political spellbinder that even those who were not in sympathy with his financial and economic views were fascinated by his personality and the music of his utterance. Realizing, as he must have done, that his gift of speech was gold-

at twenty different places, within twenty hours. It was the most heroic test of physical and mental endurance ever attempted by a candidate for the presidency.

Mr. Bryan did not win the presidency, but it would be wide of the mark to term him a loser. He was in-

shibboleth of political controversy. They have served their purpose and may now carefully be put away in lavender.

In 1900 the Democrats convened at Kansas City and once again made Mr. Bryan their candidate, this time by acclamation. In the four years which had passed the Nebraska man had

champion of free silver. Believing that his warm advocacy of that doctrine was the only thing that stood between him and the presidency, many of his admirers tried to persuade him to abandon it or at least to relegate it to a less conspicuous place in his affections. It is another evidence of the courageous uprightness of the Nebraska

The Twentieth Democratic National Convention

ON Tuesday at Denver, the twentieth national convention of the Democratic party will be called to order in the big new Auditorium built especially for the occasion. This great building, which will seat an audience of 14,000 persons, is reputed to be the most admirable structure of its class in the country. Its acoustic properties are declared to be wonderfully perfect, and all its arrangement has been with reference to the comfort of those who must pass the four or more days of the convention beneath its roof.

It is understood that this particular national convention is to be unlike its nineteenth predecessors. The Denver people have intimated as much, and all the preliminaries seem to confirm it. The inhabitants of the charming Colorado metropolis regard the occasion more in the light of a glad holiday than as a formal political function. National political conventions are something of a novelty west of the Mississippi river, Missouri having enjoyed a monopoly of them until now. As an evidence of the willingness of the citizens to make everybody happy it is announced that every resident will wear a button bearing the legend, "Ask Me," which may be construed into meaning an actual thirst to be of service to the visitor.

We have become so accustomed to the quadrennial gatherings which select candidates for president and vice president and incidentally settle on the political theories to be advanced that it is not easy to realize that it has not always been so; that it was almost half a century after the putting forth of the Declaration of Independence before the first national party convention was held. In the early days of this republic candidates were selected by the caucus method. Both the method and the word, it seems, are Yankee inventions, the word caucus being derived from an Indian expression meaning a meeting of big chiefs. Although the date of the birth of this word is uncertain, it was in common use before the Revolution. An entry in the diary of John Adams bearing date Feb. 12, 1783, tells of caucuses held in a Boston attic at which various town officials were nominated before they were voted for in regular town meeting. It is interesting, though immaterial, to know that Mr. Adams' diary also bears rec-

ord of the fact that at these meetings much flip and tobacco were consumed. The limited suffrage which existed in the colonies prior to the Revolution made the caucus a natural outcome, and the members of it were the legal voters of a community. After peace was established the practice was continued for the want of something better and was extended to the selection of state and national officers.

It is probable that the very first political convention ever called regularly for a stated purpose, with regularly elected delegates, met at Utica, N. Y., in September, 1824. That was within the lifetime of a number of voters now living, and if the statement is not correct let them come forward and correct it. At that Utica convention De Witt Clinton was nominated for governor of New York, with James Tallmadge for lieutenant governor, and they were elected. It was not a party convention, being a coalition movement.

The Utica convention proved to be so satisfactory that the question of calling a national convention was discussed. After a good deal of eloquence had been employed pro and con the matter was dropped with the opinion that such a scheme was "entirely impracticable from the immense extent of our country and from the great expense necessarily incident to an attendance from the extreme parts of the United States." This conclusion does not seem unreasonable when it is remembered that at that time there was not a mile of railroad in operation in the land and that it would have taken weeks for delegates from some points to reach the convention town. It was the development of American transportation facilities that made political conventions possible.

It is now agreed that the first national political convention ever held in America was called by the Anti-Masonic party in 1830 at Philadelphia. That party was organized by political reformers who were opposed to the existing order of things and especially to what were known as "Jacksonian methods." It had a rapid growth and at one time assumed formidable proportions. No nomination was made at Philadelphia, but the convention adjourned to reassemble at Baltimore the following year. That time it nominated William Wirt of Maryland

unanimously and with more enthusiasm than had ever been shown in an American gathering of any kind.

The Democrats at first did not take kindly to the convention idea. They had become accustomed to the caucus method, and they had also become proficient in the use of it. The first of the great national parties to adopt

the convention system was the National Republican, the precursor of the Whigs, which met in convention at Baltimore in the winter of 1831 and nominated Henry Clay. The first notification committee ever appointed was sent by that convention to give the "idiot" the official news of his nomination.

Thirteen years afterward a Democratic convention held at Baltimore

was the first to develop a "dark horse." It was also the first to have its proceedings reported by telegraph and to set the example of a stampede. When the convention was called to order it looked as if Martin Van Buren would have a walkover. So many states had instructed for him that a clear majority could be figured for him on the first ballot. There was nothing on the surface to indicate that the New

York man need feel the slightest anxiety as to the result. Probably, however, he did not feel as safe as appearances would seem to justify. He knew that about a month before the meeting of the convention, after most of the delegates had been instructed for him, he had written and sent out a letter which might cause him abundant trouble. In that unfortunate letter he had declared flatly against the annexation of Texas. When the vote was taken the trouble became visible. The southern delegates would not obey his instructions. The Virginia delegates even held a meeting to re-state their obligations to vote for Mr. Van Buren. On the first ballot he obtained a majority of only twenty-six. Under the leadership of the gifted Calhoun, who for a quarter of a century had been a presidential possibility, the southern delegates withdrew their support from the New York man and after seven ballots had been taken it began to look like "anybody's fight." Calhoun managed to have the two-thirds rule adopted, with at least two-thirds of the northern contingent opposing.

It was on the eighth ballot that the "dark horse" episode was sprung. Unkindest and most unexpected of all, it was New Hampshire that sprung it. It was revealed later that the sensation had been prepared before the convention, but at the time it came like a great shock. The Granite State cast its ballot for James K. Polk of Tennessee, who had not received a vote. When the ballot was counted Polk was found to have received forty-four votes. When this announcement was made cries of "Who is Polk?" came from all over the hall. Thereupon several friends of the Tennessee statesman felt it incumbent on them to answer the question in a flood of the most untamable oratory ever let loose in a convention hall. It is sufficient to state that one definition of the new candidate termed him "a pure, whole hogged Democrat."

Then the ninth ballot was begun. It went on unchanged until New York was reached. The delegation asked permission to withdraw for consultation, and when it returned the chairman announced that it was the wish of Mr. Van Buren that the vote should be given to Mr. Polk. At that there was intense excitement, and a

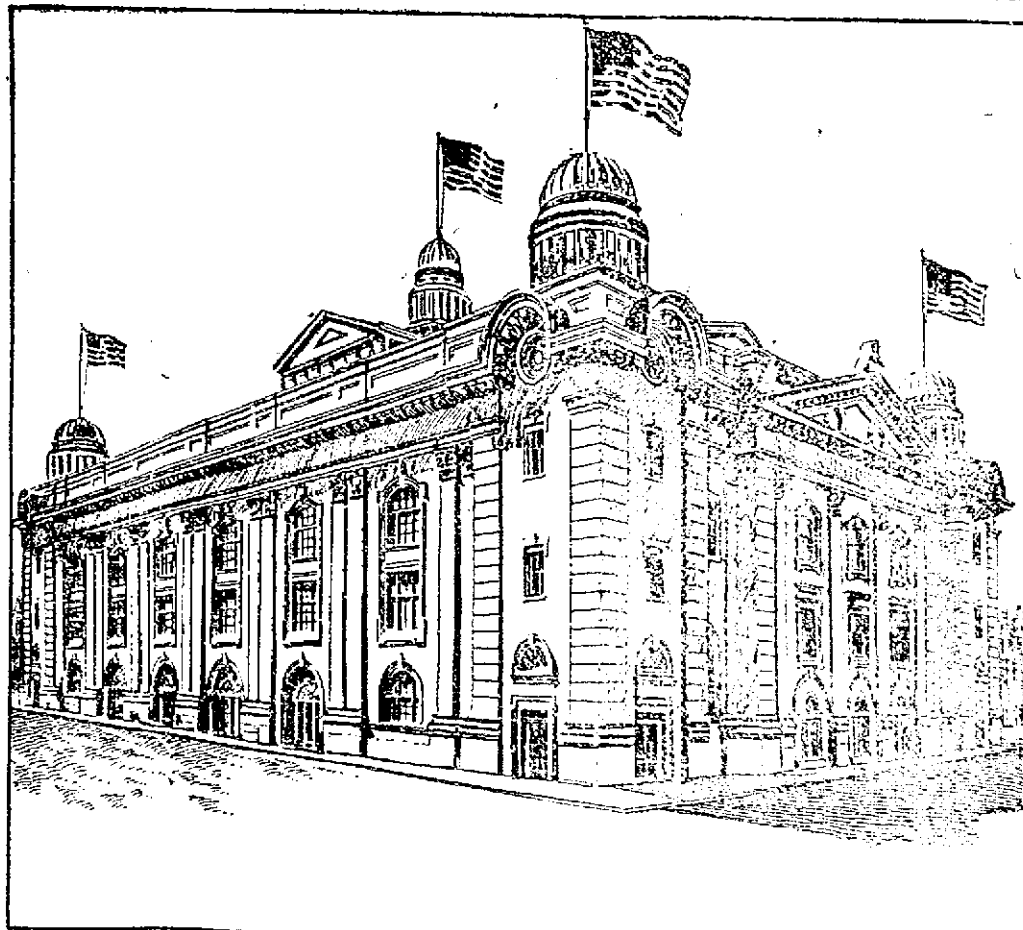
general stampede to Polk followed. When the ballot was concluded it was found that the Tennessee man was the unanimous choice of the convention, and the news was sent out by telegraph. So it was that Polk was the first "dark horse." Another Democrat, Mr. Bryan at the convention of 1896, was the last.

The convention which renominated Grover Cleveland in 1893 at Chicago was one of the most single minded and harmonious Democratic nominating meetings ever held. There was apparently no question of Mr. Cleveland's renomination, and William C. Whitney, who was in charge of the Cleveland canvass, found that he had practically nothing to do. When he reached Chicago he declared to a friend: "Why, I can't keep the votes back! They tumble in at the windows as well as at the doors." From the beginning it was evident that everything was going the Cleveland way. The committee on resolutions brought in a tariff plank that was so shifty and ambiguous that it was received with laughter and cries of derision as it was being read. By a great majority the plank was stricken out and a new one inserted, one that was decided enough to meet the views of Mr. Cleveland, radical though they were.

Next to General Baza's memorable words spoken in seconding the nomination—"We love him for the enemies he has made"—the effort of Tammany's silver tongued orator, Bourke Cockran, to prevent the favorite's renomination were most entertaining. Cockran began a dramatic appeal for harmony, declaring that it would never come from the big Democrat renominated. "I feel for him a personal friendship," he declared. "I oppose him in this convention only because he stands between the Democratic party and the light of victory. I believe Mr. Cleveland is a popular man" (applause), he continued—"a most popular man (increased applause)—a man of the most extraordinary popularity" (here he paused while the applause continued for three minutes—"on every day in the year except election day").

But the finest Irishman's eloquence was of no avail. On the first ballot Cleveland polled 617 votes, ten more than the necessary two-thirds.

ELLIS STEPHENSON.



THE NEW AUDITORIUM AT DENVER.

